Financial Statements
June 30, 2025
Rancho Santiago Community College
District



Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Basic Financial Statements	
Primary Government Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. Statement of Cash Flows Fiduciary Funds Statement of Net Position Statement of Changes in Net Position	16 17
Notes to Financial Statements	21
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios  Schedule of OPEB Investment Returns  Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – MPP Program  Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability  Schedule of the District Contributions for Pensions  Notes to Required Supplementary Information	67 68 69
Supplementary Information	
District Organization Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards Schedule of Workload Measures for State General Apportionment Annual (Actual) Attendance Reconciliation of Education Code Section 84362 (50% Law) Calculation Proposition 30 Education Protection Account (EPA) Expenditure Report Reconciliation of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position Notes to Supplementary Information	75 78 82 83 86 87
Independent Auditor's Reports	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance  Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance	93
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	
Summary of Auditor's Results  Financial Statement Findings and Recommendations  Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs  State Compliance Findings and Questioned Costs  Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	100 101 102



# **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Trustees Rancho Santiago Community College District Santa Ana, California

# **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities and fiduciary activities of Rancho Santiago Community College District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and fiduciary activities of Rancho Santiago Community College District as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Adoption of New Accounting Standard**

As discussed in Note 2 and Note 14 to the financial statements, the District has adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, for the year ended June 30, 2025. Accordingly, a restatement has been made to the business-type activities net position as of July 1, 2024 to restate beginning net position. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

# Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
  in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
  accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
  financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 14 and other required supplementary schedules on pages 65 through 72 as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and other supplementary information listed in the table of content are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 16, 2025 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Esde Saelly LLP

December 16, 2025

# RANCHO SANTIAGO Community College District

# Building the future through quality education

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#### **USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT**

The purpose of this annual report is to provide readers with information about the activities, programs and financial condition of Rancho Santiago Community College District (the District) as of June 30, 2025. The report consists of three basic financial statements: the Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and Statement of Cash Flows and provides information about the District as a whole. This section of the annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2025. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Rancho Santiago Community College District's financial statements are presented in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments and No. 35, Basic Financial Statements and Management Discussion and Analysis – for Public College and Universities. The statements allow for the presentation of financial activity and results of operations which focuses on the District as a whole. The entity-wide financial statements present the overall results of operations whereby all of the District's activities are consolidated into one total versus the traditional presentation by fund type. The focus of the Statement of Net Position is designed to be similar to the bottom-line results of the District. This statement combines and consolidates current financial resources with capital assets and long-term liabilities. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position focuses on the costs of the District's operational activities with revenues and expenses categorized as operating and nonoperating, and expenses are reported by natural classification. The Statement of Cash Flows provides an analysis of the sources and uses of cash within the operations of the District.

The California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office has recommended that all State community colleges follow the Business-Type Activity (BTA) model for financial statement reporting purposes.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

The Annual Report consists of three basic financial statements that provide information on the District as a whole and will be discussed below:

- The Statement of Net Position
- The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
- The Statement of Cash Flows

#### **BOARD OF TRUSTEES:**

Tina Arias Miller, Ed.D. • David Crockett • John R. Hanna • Zeke Hernandez • Cecilia P. Iglesias • Daisy X. Tong • Phillip E. Yarbrough

CHANCELLOR:

Marvin Martinez

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2025

#### THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

#### **Statement of Net Position**

The Statement of Net Position presents the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position of the District as of the end of the fiscal year and is prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting method used by most private-sector organizations. The Statement of Net Position presents end-of-year data concerning assets (current and noncurrent), deferred outflows of resources, liabilities (current and noncurrent), deferred inflows of resources, and net position (assets minus liabilities), presenting the reader a fiscal snapshot of the District.

From the data presented, readers of the Statement of Net Position are able to determine the assets available to continue the operations of the District. Readers are also able to determine how much the District owes vendors and employees. Finally, the Statement of Net Position provides a picture of the net position and its availability for expenditure by the District.

The difference between total assets and total liabilities (net position) is one indicator of the current financial condition of the District; the change in net position is an indicator of whether the overall financial condition has improved or worsened during the year. Assets and liabilities are generally measured using current values. One notable exception is capital assets, which are stated at historical cost less an allocation for depreciation expense.

The net position (formerly called fund balance) is divided into three major categories. The first category, net investment in capital assets, provides the equity amount in property, plant, and equipment owned by the District. The second category is expendable restricted net position; this net position is available for expenditure by the District, but must be spent for purposes as determined by external entities and/or donors that have placed time or purpose restrictions on the use of the assets. The final category is unrestricted net position that is available to the District for any lawful purpose of the District.

The Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, is summarized below:

Table 1

	2025	2024*	Change
Assets			
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 419,699,482	\$ 417,764,029	\$ 1,935,453
Receivables	40,212,546	28,262,560	11,949,986
Other current assets	2,867,072	1,623,328	1,243,744
Lease receivables	96,247	32,105	64,142
Capital assets, net	533,087,362	537,431,288	(4,343,926)
Total assets	995,962,709	985,113,310	10,849,399
Deferred Outflows of Resources	93,484,974	95,937,275	(2,452,301)
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	103,376,460	112,056,943	(8,680,483)
Current portion of long-term liabilities	46,249,224	36,060,960	10,188,264
Noncurrent portion of long-term liabilities	589,088,597	613,003,864	(23,915,267)
Total liabilities	738,714,281	761,121,767	(22,407,486)
Deferred Inflows of Resources	53,329,700	62,527,730	(9,198,030)
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	246,209,480	221,334,358	24,875,122
Restricted	174,372,733	164,258,104	10,114,629
Unrestricted (deficit)	(123,178,511)	(128,191,374)	5,012,863
Total net position	\$ 297,403,702	\$ 257,401,088	\$ 40,002,614

<sup>\*</sup> Amounts have not been restated for the effects of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 101. See Note 14 for further information.

Fiscal year ended 2025 compared to 2024:

• Total assets increased approximately \$10.8 million, a 1.1% increase from the prior year. Cash and investments increased by \$1.9 million mostly due to increased state apportionments, property tax, and interest received from investments. Accounts receivable increased by \$11.9 million, primarily due to a \$9.4 million year-end accrual for state apportionment revenues, which was received earlier in July 2025 instead of the usual February distribution after Recalculation (R1). Student receivable also increased by \$1.8 million due to enrollment growth. Net capital assets decreased by approximately \$4.3 million due to current year depreciation and amortization expenses outpacing current year capital expenditure additions.

- Accounts payable and accrued liabilities decreased approximately \$8.7 million, a 7.7% decrease from the
  prior year. This was mostly due to reclassification of compensated absences payable of about \$7.3 million
  from Accounts payable and accrued liabilities to current portion of long-term liabilities.
- Long-term liabilities decreased by \$13.7 million, a 2.1% decrease from the prior year. Current portion of the long-term liabilities increased by \$10.2 million mainly due to reclassification of compensated absences payable from accounts payable and accrued liabilities as discussed above and the additional accrual of sick leave required by the newly implemented GASB No. 101. Noncurrent portion of long-term liabilities decreased by \$23.9 million mostly due to payments made on the District's outstanding general obligation bonds as well as decreases to District's OPEB and pension liabilities.
- Due to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, described in more detail in Note 11 of the financial statements, the District's net position is adjusted to reflect its "proportionate share" of CalPERS and CalSTRS net pension liabilities as a reduction to net position. Though this is an accounting requirement, districts cannot fund these pension liabilities more than required by CalPERS and CalSTRS. By backing out this accounting shift, the District's total net position would be reported as \$441,464,953 at June 30, 2025, an increase of \$26,792,462 over the previous year's adjusted total net position of \$414,672,491.

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Changes in total net position are presented on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. The purpose of this statement is to present the operating and nonoperating revenues earned whether received or not by the District, the operating and nonoperating expenses incurred whether paid or not by the District, and any other revenues, expenses, gains and/or losses earned or incurred by the District. Thus, this statement presents the District's results of operations.

Generally, operating revenues are earned for providing goods and services to the various customers and constituencies of the District. Operating expenses are those expenses incurred to acquire or produce the goods and services provided in return for the operating revenues and to fulfill the mission of the District. Nonoperating revenues are those received or pledged for which goods and services are not provided; for example, State appropriations while budgeted for operations, are considered nonoperating revenue according to generally accepted accounting principles because they are provided by the legislature to the District without the legislature directly receiving commensurate goods and services for those revenues.

# Operating Results for the Year

Table 2

	2025	2024*	Change
Operating Revenues			
Tuition and fees, net	\$ 14,441,741	\$ 13,819,568	\$ 622,173
Grants and contracts, noncapital	108,986,600	111,673,591	(2,686,991)
Other operating revenues	2,750,051	2,967,794	(217,743)
Total operating revenues	126,178,392	128,460,953	(2,282,561)
Operating Expenses			
Salaries and employee benefits	266,560,834	230,311,183	36,249,651
Supplies, services, equipment, and maintenance	76,470,196	77,683,607	(1,213,411)
Student financial aid	51,816,142	48,380,465	3,435,677
Depreciation and amortization	18,848,125	19,876,729	(1,028,604)
Total operating expenses	413,695,297	376,251,984	37,443,313
Operating loss	(287,516,905)	(247,791,031)	(39,725,874)
Nonoperating Revenues			
State apportionments	123,984,324	119,129,043	4,855,281
Property taxes	156,918,687	149,488,283	7,430,404
Student financial aid grants	50,213,475	46,718,268	3,495,207
Other state revenues	10,678,191	11,753,746	(1,075,555)
Net interest income	7,257,572	5,274,799	1,982,773
Other nonoperating revenues	4,035,593	7,007,414	(2,971,821)
Total nonoperating revenues	353,087,842	339,371,553	13,716,289
Other Revenues (Losses)			
State and local capital income	6,267,513	6,485,702	(218,189)
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(261,562)	(228,927)	(32,635)
Total other revenues (losses)	6,005,951	6,256,775	(250,824)
Change in net position	\$ 71,576,888	\$ 97,837,297	\$ (26,260,409)

<sup>\*</sup> Expenses for the year ended June 30, 2024 were not restated for the effects of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 101. See Note 14 for further information.

Fiscal year ended 2025 compared to 2024:

- Salaries and benefits expenses increased by \$36.2 million (15.7%) due to increased instructional salaries and related benefits due to enrollment growth, salary increases due to step increases and cost of living adjustment (COLA) and the implementation of GASB Statement No. 101 which required the District to accrue additional compensated absences due to sick leave.
- Supplies, services, equipment, and maintenance decreased by \$1.2 million (1.6%) largely due significant decrease in contracted services incurred in various Strong Workforce Programs.

- Revenues from State apportionment increased by \$4.9 million (4.1%) due to increases in funding rates per full time equivalent students and increase in enrollment, which boosted the District's revenues under the Student Centered Funding Formula.
- Revenues from grants and contracts, noncapital decreased by \$2.7 million (2.4%) mainly due to less revenues received from K-12 Strong Workforce Pathway Improvement Program.
- Property taxes increased by \$7.4 million (5.0%) due to an increase in taxable property values in the County
  of Orange and an increase in Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund (ERAF) revenues..
- Student financial aid grants revenues and expenses increased by \$3.4 million mainly due to increase in Pell Grant recipients .
- Net interest income increased by \$2.0 million (37.6%) due to higher average balances of Cash and Investments throughout the fiscal year 2024-25, as compared to 2023-24.

In accordance with requirements set forth by the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office, the District reports operating expenses by object code. Operating expenses by functional classification are as follows:

Table 3
Year ended June 30, 2025:

	Salaries and Employee Benefits	Supplies, Material, and Other Expenses and Services	Student Financial Aid	Equipment, Maintenance, and Repairs	Depreciation and Amortization	Total
Instructional activities	\$ 113,919,887	\$ 13,816,333	\$ -	\$ 3,024,474	\$ -	\$ 130,760,694
Instructional administration	22,657,595	1,235,883	-	392,475	-	24,285,953
Instructional support services	13,019,623	1,468,533	-	165,462	-	14,653,618
Student services	49,977,092	2,671,609	-	1,006,556	-	53,655,257
Plant operations and						
maintenance	7,243,547	7,026,424	-	272,180	-	14,542,151
Planning, policymaking, and						
coordinations	3,222,449	1,568,039	-	2,585	-	4,793,073
Institutional support services	35,237,814	20,413,622	-	1,234,243	-	56,885,679
Community services and						
economic development	1,800,075	9,969,531	-	2,356	-	11,771,962
Ancillary services and						
auxiliary operations	17,698,381	5,878,190	-	368,908	-	23,945,479
Student aid	-	-	51,816,142	-	-	51,816,142
Physical property and related						
acquisitions	1,784,371	1,435,537	-	4,517,256	-	7,737,164
Unallocated depreciation						
and amortization					18,848,125	18,848,125
Total	\$ 266,560,834	\$ 65,483,701	\$ 51,816,142	\$ 10,986,495	\$ 18,848,125	\$ 413,695,297

# **Changes in Cash Position**

The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about cash receipts and cash payments during the fiscal year. This statement also helps users assess the District's ability to generate positive cash flows, meet obligations as they come due, and the need for external financing.

The Statement of Cash Flows is divided into five parts. The first part reflects operating cash flows and shows the net cash used by operating activities of the District. The second part details cash received for nonoperating, noninvesting, and noncapital financing purposes. The third part shows cash flows from capital and related financing activities and deals with the cash used for the acquisition and construction of capital and related items. The fourth part provides information from investing activities and the amount of interest received. The last section reconciles the net change in cash and cash equivalents to the ending cash and cash equivalents balance reflected on the Statement of Net Position.

- Operating activities consist of cash receipts from enrollment fees, grants and contracts, and cash payments for salaries, benefits, supplies, utilities, and other items related to the instructional program.
- Noncapital financing activities are primarily State apportionment, financial aid grants, and property taxes.
- Capital financing activities consist of purchases of capital assets (land, buildings, and equipment) and bond
  interest payments and receipts from State grants for capital purposes, as well as property tax revenue for
  bond repayments.
- Cash from investing activities is interest earned on investments through the Orange County Educational Investment Pool and the State Investment Pool (LAIF).

Table 4

	2025	2024*	Change
Net Cash Flows from			
Operating activities	\$ (307,596,914)	\$ (265,005,200)	\$ (42,591,714)
Noncapital financing activities	298,196,362	297,246,209	950,153
Capital financing activities	(7,229,685)	(21,717,425)	14,487,740
Investing activities	18,557,660	15,792,368	2,765,292
Net Change in Cash	1,927,423	26,315,952	(24,388,529)
Cash and cash equivalents, Beginning of Year	417,591,580	391,275,628	26,315,952
Cash and cash equivalents, End of Year	\$ 419,519,003	\$ 417,591,580	\$ 1,927,423

<sup>\*</sup> Cash flows from operating activities for the year ended June 30, 2024 were not restated for the effects of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 101. See Note 14 for further information.

# **Capital Assets**

As of June 30, 2025, the District had approximately \$837.3 million invested in total capital assets, less \$304.2 million of accumulated depreciation and amortization for net capital assets of \$533.1 million. The District spent approximately \$14.8 million on capital assets in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the majority of which relate to state capital revenues. Depreciation and amortization charges totaled \$18.8 million in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

Note 7 in the financial statements provides additional information on capital assets. A summary of capital assets is presented below.

Table 5

	2025	2024	Net Change
Capital Assets			
Land and construction in progress	\$ 107,155,905	\$ 108,397,663	\$ (1,241,758)
Buildings and improvements, net	413,148,372	414,161,977	(1,013,605)
Furniture and equipment, net	8,364,057	8,607,791	(243,734)
Right-to-use leased assets, net	2,274,262	2,739,557	(465,295)
Right-to-use subscription IT assets, net	2,144,766	3,524,300	(1,379,534)
Total capital assets, net	\$ 533,087,362	\$ 537,431,288	\$ (4,343,926)

### **Long-Term Liabilities other than OPEB and Pensions**

At June 30, 2025, the District had \$403.7 million in outstanding long-term liabilities compared to \$402.6 million at June 30, 2024. The net increase of \$1.1 million includes payments of \$31.1 million on the District's outstanding general obligation bonds and an overall increase of \$33 million on the District's compensated absence liabilities due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 101. We present more detailed information regarding our long-term liabilities in Note 8 of the financial statements.

Table 6

	2025	2024*	Net Change
General obligation bonds	\$ 351,819,244	\$ 379,695,147	\$ (27,875,903)
Lease liability	2,160,129	2,499,565	(339,436)
Subscription-based IT arrangements	2,130,925	3,578,194	(1,447,269)
Other liabilities	47,633,442	16,819,741	30,813,701
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 403,743,740	\$ 402,592,647	1,151,093
Amount due within one year	\$ 46,249,224	\$ 36,060,960	\$ 10,188,264
Total long-term portion	\$ 357,494,516	\$ 366,531,687	\$ (9,037,171)

<sup>\*</sup> Amounts have not been restated for the effects of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 101. See Note 14 for further information.

#### **OPEB and Pension Liabilities**

At June 30, 2025, the District had an aggregate net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability of \$28.3 million, versus \$33.0 million last year, a decrease of \$4.7 million or 14.1%. The District had an aggregate net pension liability of \$203.3 million, versus \$213.5 million last year, a decrease of \$10.2 million or 4.8%.

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The 2025-2026 State Chancellor's Office Joint Analysis dated July 9, 2025, focuses on maintaining core educational funding for California Community Colleges despite slower state revenue growth. The Proposition 98 minimum funding guarantee is maintained but faces pressure from lower state revenues. The budget includes no core ongoing reductions to programs or services, with overall funding roughly flat compared to 2024-25. It includes about \$404 million in ongoing adjustments, including \$217.4 million for a 2.3% cost of living adjustment (COLA) to the Student Centered Funding Formula (SCFF) and \$26.8 million COLA for selected categorical programs. The State is projecting a higher deficit of \$42 billion by end of 2025-26, which reflects stock market volatility, the potential impact of federal tariffs, significant increases in state costs for certain programs and the potential for federal cuts. It plans to address deficits through a combination of use of reserves, special fund transfers, borrowing and deferrals.

At the time the District's 2025-26 budget was developed, the following key assumptions were made:

- The District's earned revenue is projected to be greater than hold harmless in 2024-25. Budgeting for 2025/26 will use the Student Centered Funding Formula (SCFF) at the full calculated revenue less estimated deficit factor.
- The District estimates 31,389 Full-Time Equivalent Students at 2.35% potential funded growth.
- Other revenue sources projected include \$4 million nonresident tuition, interest earnings of \$3 million, apprenticeship revenues estimated at \$6.4 million and other miscellaneous income estimated at \$0.4 million.
- The full-time faculty obligation (FON) for Fall 2025 is estimated to be 354. The Fall 2024 report indicated the District was 66.6 faculty over its FON and will meet its Fall 2025 obligation without the need to hire additional faculty.
- The District budgeted \$17 million in anticipation of salary schedule adjustments, \$2.35 million for step and column increases in unrestricted general fund and \$3.74 million for all other funds.
- The District Health and Welfare benefit premium cost increase as of 1/1/2026 is estimated at 4.0% for an additional cost of approximately \$843,181 for active employees and \$247,543 for retirees. The District continues to budget \$1 million for part-time faculty health benefits.
- The District will continue to budget \$1.5 million for capital outlay needs as a transfer from General Fund to Capital Outlay Fund and a transfer of \$2.2 million from General Fund to Debt Service Fund to repay Certificates of Participation.
- Property and Liability Insurance transfer is estimated at \$3,900,000 adding \$1M for expected annual cost due to AB218 assessments.

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS**

- Community colleges rely heavily on State general fund revenues governed by Proposition 98, which ties education funding to state income, sales, and corporate tax receipts. When state revenues decline, colleges face budget pressure despite the minimum funding guarantee.
- Since enrollment drives funding under the Student-Centered Funding Formula (SCFF), fluctuations in student headcount can either boost or reduce revenues. Slower population growth and demographic shifts have constrained enrollment recovery across the State, since the pandemic. Areas with aging populations may see lower college-age attendance, shifting demand toward noncredit or retraining programs.
- The rising cost of living in California—especially housing and food insecurity among students—drives
  demand for Student Basic Needs programs, diverting funds from other instructional priorities. Rising
  operational costs—such as utilities, supplies, and staff compensation—directly affect district budgets.
  Higher inflation erodes the real value of state funding unless adjusted accordingly by annual COLA (costof-living adjustment).
- Management continues to closely monitor the State budget information and operating costs of the District and will maintain a close watch over resources to ensure financial stability and retain reserve levels required by Board Policy and the State Chancellor's Office.

#### **CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact Rancho Santiago Community College District, attention Vice Chancellor, Business Services, 2323 North Broadway, Santa Ana, CA 92706, (714) 480-7340.

Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,615,303
Investments	403,084,179
Accounts receivable	31,774,837
Student receivables	8,437,709
Prepaid expenses	2,188,516
Inventories	678,556
Lease receivables	96,247
Capital assets not depreciated or amortized	107,155,905
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization	 425,931,457
Total assets	 995,962,709
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows of resources related to debt refunding	7,991,831
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	9,381,789
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	 76,111,354
Total deferred outflows of resources	 93,484,974
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	28,588,214
Accrued interest payable	2,582,298
Unearned revenue	72,205,948
Long-term liabilities	
Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions, due within one year	46,249,224
Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions, due in more than one year	357,494,516
Aggregate net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability	28,323,883
Aggregate net pension liability	 203,270,198
Total liabilities	 738,714,281
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	36,332,501
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	16,902,407
Deferred inflows of resources related to leases	 94,792
Total deferred inflows of resources	 53,329,700
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	246,209,480
Restricted for	
Debt service	36,312,424
Capital projects	120,085,996
Educational programs	7,263,389
Other activities	10,710,924
Unrestricted (deficit)	 (123,178,511)
Total net position	\$ 297,403,702

Tuition and fees   \$2,6,76,451     Less: Scholarship discounts and allowances   14,244,741     Federal   15,566,189     Federal   15,566,189     Federal   15,566,189     State   91,502,588     Local   1,917,823     Total grants and contracts, noncapital   1,917,823     Total grants and contracts, noncapital   1,917,823     Total operating revenues   2,750,051     Total operating revenues   2,750,051     Total operating revenues   201,741,498     Employee benefits   201,741,498     Employee benefits   201,741,498     Employee benefits   201,741,498     Employee benefits   24,819,336     Supplies, materials, and other operating expenses and services   56,83,701     Student financial aid   51,816,142     Equipment, maintenance, and repairs   18,848,125     Total operating expenses   413,695,297     Operating Loss   202,741,498     Employee benefits   24,825,297     Operating Loss   24,825,287     Operating Loss	Operating Revenues	
Grants and contracts, noncapital         15,566,189           Federal         15,506,189           State         91,502,588           Local         1,917,823           Total grants and contracts, noncapital         108,986,600           Other operating revenues         22,575,051           Total operating revenues         126,178,392           Operating Expenses         23aaries         201,741,498           Employee benefits         64,819,336           Supplies, materials, and other operating expenses and services         65,483,701           Student financial aid         51,816,142           Equipment, maintenance, and repairs         10,986,495           Depreciation and amortization         18,848,125           Total operating expenses         (287,516,905)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         123,984,324           State apportionments, noncapital         123,984,324           Local property taxes, levied for general purposes         119,354,284           Taxes levied for other specific purposes         37,564,403           Federal and state financial aid grants         50,213,475           State taxes and other revenues         10,678,191           Investment income, net         11,110,289           Interest expense on capital related debt		. , ,
Federal         15,566,189           State         91,502,588           Local         1,917,823           Total grants and contracts, noncapital         108,986,600           Other operating revenues         2,750,051           Total operating revenues         201,741,498           Salaries         201,741,498           Employee benefits         65,483,701           Student financial aid         51,816,142           Equipment, maintenance, and repairs         65,483,701           Student financial aid         51,816,142           Equipment, maintenance, and repairs         10,986,495           Depreciation and amortization         18,848,125           Total operating expenses         413,695,297           Operating Loss         (287,516,905)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         123,984,324           Local property taxes, levied for general purposes         119,354,284           Taxes levied for other specific purposes         119,354,284           Taxes levied for other specific purposes         119,354,284           Taxes levied for other revenues         10,678,191           Investment income, net         18,367,301           Interest expense on capital related debt         (12,220,018)           Investment income on	Net tuition and fees	14,441,741
Other operating revenues         2,750,051           Total operating revenues         126,178,392           Operating Expenses         201,741,498           Employee benefits         64,819,336           Supplies, materials, and other operating expenses and services         65,483,701           Student financial aid         51,816,142           Equipment, maintenance, and repairs         10,986,495           Depreciation and amortization         18,848,125           Total operating expenses         (287,516,905)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         (287,516,905)           State apportionments, noncapital         123,984,324           Local property taxes, levied for general purposes         37,564,403           Federal and state financial aid grants         50,213,475           State taxes and other revenues         10,678,191           Investment income, net         18,367,301           Interest expense on capital related debt         (12,220,018)           Investment income on capital asset-related debt, net         (11,10,289           Other nonoperating revenues (expenses)         353,087,842           Income Before Other Revenues (Losses)         65,570,937           Other Revenues, capital         4,889,268           Loss on disposal of capital assets         (261,562)	Federal State	91,502,588
Total operating revenues         126,178,392           Operating Expenses         201,741,498           Salaries         64,819,336           Employee benefits         64,819,336           Supplies, materials, and other operating expenses and services         65,483,701           Student financial aid         51,816,142           Equipment, maintenance, and repairs         10,986,495           Depreciation and amortization         18,848,125           Total operating expenses         413,695,297           Operating Loss         (287,516,905)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         123,984,324           State apportionments, noncapital         123,984,324           Local property taxes, levied for general purposes         119,354,284           Taxes levied for other specific purposes         37,564,403           Tederal and state financial aid grants         50,213,475           State taxes and other revenues         10,678,191           Investment income, net         11,110,289           Investment income on capital related debt         (12,220,018)           Investment income on capital asset-related debt, net         1,110,289           Other nonoperating revenues (losses)         65,570,937           Other Revenues (Losses)         65,570,937           O	Total grants and contracts, noncapital	108,986,600
Operating Expenses         201,741,498           Salaries         201,741,498           Employee benefits         64,819,336           Supplies, materials, and other operating expenses and services         65,483,701           Student financial aid         51,816,142           Equipment, maintenance, and repairs         10,986,495           Depreciation and amortization         18,848,125           Total operating expenses         413,695,297           Operating Loss         (287,516,905)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         123,984,324           Local property taxes, levied for general purposes         119,354,284           Taxes levied for other specific purposes         37,564,403           Federal and state financial aid grants         50,213,475           State taxes and other revenues         10,678,191           Investment income, net         18,367,301           Interest expense on capital related debt         (12,220,018)           Investment income on capital asset-related debt, net         1,110,289           Other nonoperating revenue         4,035,593           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         353,087,842           Income Before Other Revenues (Losses)         55,570,937           Other Revenues, capital         1,378,245	Other operating revenues	2,750,051
Salaries         201,741,498           Employee benefits         64,819,336           Supplies, materials, and other operating expenses and services         65,483,701           Student financial aid         51,816,142           Equipment, maintenance, and repairs         10,986,495           Depreciation and amortization         18,848,125           Total operating expenses         413,695,297           Operating Loss         (287,516,905)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         123,984,324           Local property taxes, levied for general purposes         119,354,284           Taxes levied for other specific purposes         37,564,403           Federal and state financial aid grants         50,213,475           State taxes and other revenues         10,678,191           Investment income, net         18,367,301           Interest expense on capital related debt         (12,220,018)           Investment income on capital asset-related debt, net         1,110,289           Other nonoperating revenues (expenses)         353,087,842           Income Before Other Revenues (Losses)         65,570,937           Other Revenues, capital         4,889,268           Losal revenues, capital         4,889,268           Losal or revenues, capital         4,889,268	Total operating revenues	126,178,392
Operating Loss(287,516,905)Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)123,984,324State apportionments, noncapital123,984,324Local property taxes, levied for general purposes119,354,284Taxes levied for other specific purposes37,564,403Federal and state financial aid grants50,213,475State taxes and other revenues10,678,191Investment income, net18,367,301Interest expense on capital related debt(12,220,018)Investment income on capital asset-related debt, net1,110,289Other nonoperating revenue4,035,593Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)353,087,842Income Before Other Revenues (Losses)65,570,937Other Revenues, capital1,378,245Local revenues, capital1,378,245Local revenues, capital assets(261,562)Total other revenues (losses)6,005,951Change In Net Position71,576,888Net Position - Beginning of Year, as previously reported257,401,088Adjustment (Note 14)(31,574,274)Net Position, Beginning of Year, as restated225,826,814	Salaries Employee benefits Supplies, materials, and other operating expenses and services Student financial aid Equipment, maintenance, and repairs	64,819,336 65,483,701 51,816,142 10,986,495
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) State apportionments, noncapital 123,984,324 Local property taxes, levied for general purposes 119,354,284 Taxes levied for other specific purposes 37,564,403 Federal and state financial aid grants 50,213,475 State taxes and other revenues 10,678,191 Investment income, net 18,367,301 Interest expense on capital related debt (12,220,018) Investment income on capital asset-related debt, net 1,110,289 Other nonoperating revenue 4,035,593 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 353,087,842 Income Before Other Revenues (Losses) 65,570,937 Other Revenues (Losses) State revenues, capital 1,378,245 Local revenues, capital 4,889,268 Loss on disposal of capital assets (261,562) Total other revenues (losses) 6,005,951 Change In Net Position 71,576,888 Net Position - Beginning of Year, as previously reported 257,401,088 Adjustment (Note 14) (31,574,274) Net Position, Beginning of Year, as restated 225,826,814	Total operating expenses	413,695,297
State apportionments, noncapital Local property taxes, levied for general purposes Taxes levied for other specific purposes Federal and state financial aid grants State taxes and other revenues Investment income, net Investment income, net Interest expense on capital related debt Investment income on capital asset-related debt, net Other nonoperating revenues (expenses)  Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)  Other Revenues (Losses) State revenues, capital Local revenues, capital Loss on disposal of capital assets  Capital Control of the revenues (losses)  Change In Net Position  Net Position - Beginning of Year, as previously reported  Adjustment (Note 14)  Net Position, Beginning of Year, as restated	Operating Loss	(287,516,905)
Income Before Other Revenues (Losses)  Other Revenues (Losses) State revenues, capital Local revenues, capital Loss on disposal of capital assets (261,562) Total other revenues (losses)  Change In Net Position Net Position - Beginning of Year, as previously reported Adjustment (Note 14)  Net Position, Beginning of Year, as restated  65,570,937  1,378,245 4,889,268 (261,562) 6,005,951  71,576,888  (31,574,274) (31,574,274)	State apportionments, noncapital Local property taxes, levied for general purposes Taxes levied for other specific purposes Federal and state financial aid grants State taxes and other revenues Investment income, net Interest expense on capital related debt Investment income on capital asset-related debt, net	119,354,284 37,564,403 50,213,475 10,678,191 18,367,301 (12,220,018) 1,110,289
Other Revenues (Losses) State revenues, capital Local revenues, capital Loss on disposal of capital assets (261,562) Total other revenues (losses)  Change In Net Position Net Position - Beginning of Year, as previously reported Adjustment (Note 14)  Net Position, Beginning of Year, as restated  1,378,245 4,889,268 (261,562) 6,005,951 71,576,888 (31,574,274) (31,574,274)	Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	353,087,842
State revenues, capital1,378,245Local revenues, capital4,889,268Loss on disposal of capital assets(261,562)Total other revenues (losses)6,005,951Change In Net Position71,576,888Net Position - Beginning of Year, as previously reported257,401,088Adjustment (Note 14)(31,574,274)Net Position, Beginning of Year, as restated225,826,814	Income Before Other Revenues (Losses)	65,570,937
Change In Net Position71,576,888Net Position - Beginning of Year, as previously reported257,401,088Adjustment (Note 14)(31,574,274)Net Position, Beginning of Year, as restated225,826,814	State revenues, capital Local revenues, capital Loss on disposal of capital assets	4,889,268 (261,562)
Net Position - Beginning of Year, as previously reported257,401,088Adjustment (Note 14)(31,574,274)Net Position, Beginning of Year, as restated225,826,814		
Adjustment (Note 14) (31,574,274)  Net Position, Beginning of Year, as restated 225,826,814	-	
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as restated 225,826,814		, ,

Operating Activities	
Tuition and fees	\$ 12,319,662
Federal, state, and local grants and contracts, noncapital	108,658,304
Auxiliary sales	2,750,051
Payments to or on behalf of employees	(289,683,731)
Payments to vendors for supplies and services	(89,825,058)
Payments to students for scholarships and grants	(51,816,142)
Net cash flows from operating activities	(307,596,914)
Noncapital Financing Activities	
State apportionments	114,072,688
Federal and state financial aid grants	50,213,475
Property taxes - nondebt related	117,842,913
State taxes and other apportionments	10,272,653
Other nonoperating	5,794,633
Net cash flows from noncapital financing activities	298,196,362
Capital Financing Activities	
Purchase of capital assets	(12,852,625)
State revenue, capital projects	2,719,000
Local revenue, capital projects	4,889,268
Property taxes - related to capital debt	37,564,403
Principal paid on capital debt	(33,530,197)
Interest paid on capital debt	(7,129,823)
Interest received on capital asset-related debt	1,110,289
Net cash flows from capital financing activities	(7,229,685)
Investing Activities	
Change in fair market value of cash in county treasury	2,586,889
Interest received from investments	15,970,771
Net cash flows from investing activities	18,557,660
Change In Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,927,423
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	417,591,580
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 419,519,003

Reconciliation of Net Operating Loss to Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Operating Loss	\$	(287,516,905)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash flows from		
operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization expense		18,848,125
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities,		
and deferred inflows of resources		
Accounts receivable		(1,659,469)
Student receivables		(1,760,156)
Inventories		257,369
Prepaid expenses		(1,501,113)
Lease receivables		(64,142)
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		4,443,370
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		(3,946,574)
Accounts payable		(10,863,309)
Unearned revenue		968,770
Compensated absences		1,038,527
Early retirement incentive		(1,765,281)
Aggregate net OPEB liability		(4,667,630)
Aggregate net pension liability		(10,210,466)
Deferred inflows of resources related to leases		(46,447,249)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		36,302,331
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		946,888
Total adjustments		(20,080,009)
Net each flavor from an austing activities	<b>,</b>	(207 506 014)
Net cash flows from operating activities	<u> </u>	(307,596,914)
Cash and Cash Equivalents Consist of the Following		
Cash in banks	\$	16,505,303
Cash with fiscal agent		110,000
Cash in county treasury		402,903,700
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	419,519,003
Noncash Transactions		
Amortization of deferred outflows of resources related to debt refunding	\$	1,955,505
Amortization of debt premiums	¢	1,188,345
Accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds	\$ \$	4,437,442
Recognition of lease liabilities arising from obtaining	Y	1, 137,7772
right-to-use leased assets	\$	301,114
Recognition of subscription based IT arrangement liabilities	ب	301,114
arising from obtaining right-to-use subscription IT assets	\$	283,559
מוואוון וויטווו טטנמווווון ווקוונ־נט־עאב אעאטווףנוטוו וו מאפנא	Ą	203,339

# Rancho Santiago Community College District

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Net Position June 30, 2025

	Retiree OPEB Trust	Custodial Funds
Assets		
Investments	\$ 73,318,225	\$ 416,648,272
Accounts receivable	-	1,419,868
Total assets	73,318,225	418,068,140
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	-	6,222,044
Net Position Restricted for postemployment		
benefits other than pensions	73,318,225	-
Restricted for other local governments	-	411,846,096
Total net position	\$ 73,318,225	\$ 411,846,096

# Rancho Santiago Community College District

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Retiree OPEB Trust	Custodial Funds
Additions		
State revenues	\$ -	\$ 178,886,773
District contributions	5,407,018	-
Interest and investment income, net of fees	8,218,150	22,338,015
Total additions	13,625,168	201,224,788
Deductions		
Services and operating expenditures	-	2,838,970
Payments to other local governments	-	219,985,582
Benefit payments	5,407,018	-
Administrative expenses	155,706	-
Total deductions	5,562,724	222,824,552
Change in Net Position	8,062,444	(21,599,764)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	65,255,781	433,445,860
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 73,318,225	\$ 411,846,096

# Note 1 - Organization

Rancho Santiago Community College District (the District) was established in 1971 as a political subdivision of the State of California and is a comprehensive, public, two-year institution offering educational services to residents of the surrounding area. The District operates under a locally elected seven-member Board of Trustees form of government, which establishes the policies and procedures by which the District operates. The Board must approve the annual budgets for the General Fund, special revenue funds, and capital project funds, but these budgets are managed at the department level. Currently, the District operates two colleges and six campuses/centers located within Orange County. While the District is a political subdivision of the State of California, it is legally separate and is independent of other State and local governments, and it is not a component unit of the State in accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61. The District is classified as a Public Educational Institution under Internal Revenue Code Section 115 and is, therefore, exempt from Federal taxes.

# Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

# **Financial Reporting Entity**

The District has adopted accounting policies to determine whether certain organizations, for which the District is not financially accountable, should be reported as component units based on the nature and significance of their relationship with the District, as defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The District has identified no component units.

### **Basis of Accounting**

For financial reporting purposes, the District is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities as defined by GASB. This presentation provides a comprehensive perspective of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, activities, and cash flows and replaces the fund group perspective previously required. Fiduciary activities are excluded from the primary government financial statements. The District's financial statements have been presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The significant accounting policies followed by the District in preparing these financial statements are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by GASB. Additionally, the District's policies comply with the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Budget and Accounting Manual*. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred. All material intra-agency and intra-fund transactions have been eliminated.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. For the District, operating revenues consist primarily of student fees and noncapital grants and contracts.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include State apportionments, property taxes, Federal and State grants, entitlements, and donations. Property tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year attributed to. State apportionment revenue is earned based upon criteria set forth from the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office and includes reporting of full-time equivalent students (FTES) attendance. The corresponding apportionment revenue is recognized in the period the FTES are generated. Revenue from Federal and State grants and entitlements are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements may include time and/or purpose requirements.

Expenses are recorded on the accrual basis as they are incurred, when goods are received, or services are rendered.

# **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury for purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows.

#### Investments

Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value, including money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts with original maturities greater than one year, are stated at cost or amortized cost.

The District's investments in the County treasury and the state Investment pool (LAIF) is measured at fair value on a recurring basis, which is determined by the fair value per share of the underlying portfolio determined by the program sponsor. Positions in these investment pools are not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy.

#### **Accounts Receivable**

Accounts receivable include amounts due from the Federal, State and/or local governments, or private sources, in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to the District's grants and contracts. Accounts receivable also consist of tuition and fee charges to students and auxiliary enterprise services provided to students, faculty, and staff. The District does not record an allowance for uncollectable accounts because collectability of the receivables from such sources is probable. When receivables are determined to be uncollectable, a direct write-off is recorded. Management has analyzed these accounts and believes all amounts are fully collectable.

# **Prepaid Expenses**

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as an expense when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories consist primarily of bookstore merchandise and supplies held for resale to the students and faculty of the colleges. Inventories are stated at lower of cost or market. The cost is recorded as an expense as the inventory is consumed rather than when purchased.

#### **Lease Receivables**

The District recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the ide financial statements. At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

# **Capital Assets, Depreciation, and Amortization**

Capital assets are long-lived assets of the District as a whole and include land, construction in progress, buildings, building and land improvements, and equipment. The District maintains an initial unit cost capitalization threshold of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life greater than one year. Assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost, when purchased or constructed. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Improvements to buildings and land that significantly increase the value or extend the useful life of the asset are capitalized; the costs of routine maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are charged as an operating expense in the year in which the expense was incurred. Major outlays for capital improvements are capitalized as construction in progress as the projects are constructed.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 50 years; improvements, 10 to 15 years; equipment, 3 to 8 years; and vehicles, 3 years.

Right-to-use leased assets are recognized at the lease commencement date and represent the District's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term. Right-to-use leased assets are measured at the initial value of the lease liability plus any payments made to the lessor before commencement of the lease term, less any lease incentives received from the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term, plus any initial direct costs necessary to place the leased asset into service. Right-to-use leased assets are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset using the straight-line method.

Right-to-use subscription IT assets are recognized at the subscription commencement date and represent the District's right to use the underlying IT asset for the subscription term. Right-to-use subscription IT assets are measured at the initial value of the subscription liability plus any payments made to the vendor at the commencement of the subscription term, less any subscription incentives from the vendor at or before the commencement of the subscription term, plus any capitalizable initial implementation costs necessary to place the subscription asset into service. Right-to-use subscription IT assets are amortized over the shorter of the subscription term or useful life of the underlying asset using the straight-line method.

The District records impairments of capital assets when it becomes probable that the carrying value of the assets will not be fully recovered over their estimated useful life. Impairments are recorded to reduce the carrying value of the assets to their net realizable value based on facts and circumstances in existence at the time of the determination. No impairments were recorded during the year ended June 30, 2025.

# **Compensated Absences**

Compensated absences are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned for leave balances that are more likely than not to be used for compensated leave or settled through cash or noncash means. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the Statement of Net Position. Compensated absences include vacation leave, load banking leave, and sick leave. The District offers load banking leave to eligible academic employees whereby the employee may teach extra courses in one period in exchange for time off in another period.

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee based upon negotiated contracts. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are not paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or at any other time. Therefore, only the portion of accumulated sick leave that is more likely than not to be used by the employee for paid leave is recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. Retirement credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified members who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive 0.004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave. Retirement credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all academic employees and is determined by dividing the number of unused sick days by the number of base service days required to complete the last school year, if employed full time. The portion of sick leave that is more likely than not to be settled through conversion to service credit for employee retirement plans is not included in the District's liability for compensated absences.

# **Debt Premiums**

Debt premiums are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. All other bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

#### **Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position also reports deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources related to debt refunding, for OPEB related items, and for pension related items. The deferred outflows of resources related to debt refunding resulted from the difference between the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. The amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred amounts for OPEB and pension related items are associated with differences between expected and actual earnings on plan investments, changes of assumptions, and other OPEB and pension related changes.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The District reports deferred inflows of resources for leases, OPEB, and pension related items.

### **Lease Liabilities**

Lease liabilities represent the District's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Lease liabilities are recognized at the lease commencement date based on the present value of future lease payments expected to be made during the lease term. The present value of lease payments is discounted based on a borrowing rate determined by the District.

# **Subscription-based IT Arrangement (SBITA) Liabilities**

SBITA liabilities represent the District's obligation to make subscription payments arising from the subscription contract. Subscription liabilities are recognized at the subscription commencement date based on the present value of future subscription payments expected to be made during the subscription term. The present value of the subscription payments is discounted based on a borrowing rate determined by the District.

### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the aggregate net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan for schools and miscellaneous risk plan (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value. The aggregate net pension liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid by the fund in which the employee worked.

# **Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)**

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District Plan and the CalSTRS Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the District Plan and the MPP. For this purpose, the District Plan and the MPP recognize benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost. The total OPEB liability will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

#### **Unearned Revenue**

Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, such as when certain grants are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenses. In the subsequent periods, when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the financial statements and the revenue is recognized. Unearned revenue is primarily composed of (1) amounts received for tuition and fees prior to the end of the fiscal year that are related to the subsequent fiscal year and (2) amounts received from Federal and State grants received before the eligibility requirements are met.

#### **Noncurrent Liabilities**

Noncurrent liabilities include bonds payable, compensated absences, early retirement incentive, claims liability, financed purchases, lease liability, and SBITA liabilities with maturities greater than one year.

#### **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position related to net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. The financial statements report \$174,372,733 of restricted net position, and the fiduciary funds financial statements report \$485,164,321 of restricted net position.

# **Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses**

**Classification of Revenues** – The District has classified its revenues as either operating or nonoperating. Certain significant revenue streams relied upon for operation are classified as nonoperating as defined by GASB. Classifications are as follows:

- Operating revenues Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions such as tuition and fees, net of scholarship discounts and allowances, non-capital Federal, State, and local grants and contracts, and sales and services of auxiliary enterprises.
- Nonoperating revenues Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of
  nonexchange transactions such as State apportionments, property taxes, investment income, and other
  revenue sources defined by GASB.

**Classification of Expenses** – Nearly all of the District's expenses are from exchange transactions and are classified as either operating or nonoperating according to the following criteria:

- **Operating expenses** Operating expenses are necessary costs to provide the services of the District and include employee salaries and benefits, supplies, operating expenses, and student financial aid.
- **Nonoperating expenses** Nonoperating expenses include interest expense and other expenses not directly related to the services of the District.

# **State Apportionments**

Certain current year apportionments from the state are based on financial and statistical information of the previous year. Any corrections due to the recalculation of the apportionment are made in February of the subsequent year and are recorded in the District's financial records when received. When known and measurable, these recalculations and corrections are accrued in the year in which the FTES are generated.

# **Property Taxes**

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. The County Assessor is responsible for assessment of all taxable real property. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Orange bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded in the fiscal year attributed to.

The voters of the District passed General Obligation Bonds in 2002 and 2012 for the acquisition, construction, and remodeling of certain District property. As a result of the passage of the Bond, property taxes are assessed on the property within the District specifically for the repayment of the debt incurred. The taxes are assessed, billed, and collected by the County of Orange and remitted to the District.

### **Scholarship Discounts and Allowances**

Tuition and fee revenue is reported net of scholarship discounts and allowances. Fee waivers approved by the California Community College Board of Governors are included within the scholarship discounts and allowances in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. Scholarship discounts and allowances represent the difference between stated charges for enrollment fees and the amount that is paid by students or third parties making payments on the students' behalf.

### **Financial Assistance Programs**

The District participates in federally funded Pell Grants, Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (SEOG), and Federal Work-Study programs, as well as other programs funded by the Federal government and State of California. Financial aid provided to the student in the form of cash is reported as an operating expense in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. Federal financial assistance programs are audited in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates, and those differences could be material.

# **Interfund Activity**

Interfund receivable and payable balances arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. Interfund activity within the primary government and fiduciary funds has been eliminated respectively in the consolidation process of the basic financial statements. Balances owing between the primary government and the fiduciary funds are not eliminated in the consolidation process.

Operating transfers between funds of the District are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use restricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Operating transfers within the primary government and fiduciary funds has been eliminated respectively in the consolidation process of the basic financial statements. Balances transferred between the primary government and the fiduciary funds are not eliminated in the consolidation process.

### **Adoption of New Accounting Standard**

# Implementation of GASB Statement No. 101

As of June 30, 2025, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The provisions of this standard modernize the types of leave that are considered a compensated absence and provides guidance for a consistent recognition and measurement of the compensated absence liability. The effect of the implementation of this standard on beginning net position is disclosed in Note 14.

### Implementation of GASB Statement No. 102

As of June 30, 2025, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*, which requires management to evaluate whether there are risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints that require disclosure. There was not a significant effect on the District's financial statements as a result of the implementation of the standard.

# Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

#### **Policies and Practices**

The District is authorized under California *Government Code* to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

**Investment in County Treasury** – In accordance with the *Budget and Accounting Manual*, the District deposits substantially all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

**Investment in the State Investment Pool** – The District is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California *Government Code* Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

### **General Authorizations**

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

# **Authorized Under Debt Agreements**

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements rather than the general provisions of the California *Government Code*. These provisions allow for the acquisition of investment agreements with maturities of up to 30 years.

# **Summary of Deposits and Investments**

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2025, consist of the following:

	Primary Government	Fiduciary Funds	
Cash on hand and in banks	\$ 16,384,083	\$ -	
Cash in revolving	121,220	-	
Cash with fiscal agent	110,000	-	
Investments	403,084,179	489,966,497	
Total deposits and investments	\$ 419,699,482	\$ 489,966,497	

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by primarily investing in the Orange County Educational Investment Pool, mutual funds, and LAIF.

# **Specific Identification**

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to interest rate risk and credit risk is provided by the following schedule that shows the distribution of the District's investment by maturity and credit rating:

Investment Type		Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity in Days	Credit Rating	
Mutual funds Orange County educational investment pool State investment pool (LAIF)	\$	73,318,225 819,551,972 180,479	No maturity 273 248	Not rated AAAf/S1 Not rated	
Total	\$	893,050,676			

# **Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The District's investment in LAIF and mutual funds are not required to be rated, nor have they been rated as of June 30, 2025.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

# **Deposits**

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. District policy requires that funds that are not required for the immediate use need of the District may be invested in the County Educational Investment Pool, State's Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), or in other investments as permitted by *Government Code* Sections 53601, 53635, 53534, and 53648. The California *Government Code* requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agency. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105% of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2025, the District's bank balance of \$14,299,914 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the name of the District.

#### **Investments**

This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2025, the District's investment balance of \$72,818,225 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured, unregistered and held by the brokerage firm which is also the counterparty for these securities. The District manages these investments according to the Board authorized irrevocable trust for OPEB.

## Note 4 - Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the District has the ability to access at
  the measurement date. Level 1 assets may include debt and equity securities that are traded in an active
  exchange market and that are highly liquid and are actively traded in over-the-counter markets.
- Level 2 Observable inputs, other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, such as interest rates and curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, implied volatilities, and credit spreads. For financial reporting purposes, if an asset has a specified term, a Level 2 input is required to be observable for substantially the full term of the asset.

• Level 3 – Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonably available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

The District's fair value measurements are as follows at June 30, 2025:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Level 1 Inputs		
Mutual funds	\$ 73,318,225	\$ 73,318,225		

All assets have been valued using a market approach, which uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or group of assets.

### Note 5 - Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable as of June 30, 2025 consisted of the following:

	Primary Government	Fiduciary Funds	
Federal Government			
Categorical aid	\$ 5,191,909	\$ -	
State Government			
Apportionment	14,265,573	-	
Categorical aid	1,588,573	-	
Lottery	2,333,862	-	
Local Sources			
Property taxes	3,205,224	-	
Interest	2,018,059	1,419,868	
Other local sources	3,171,637		
Total	\$ 31,774,837	\$ 1,419,868	
Student receivables	\$ 8,437,709		

# Note 6 - Lease Receivables

The lease receivable is summarized below:

Lease Receivable	Balance July 1, 2024		Additions		De	Deductions		Balance June 30, 2025	
District Office Lease	\$	32,105	\$	126,389	\$	(62,247)	\$	96,247	

# District Office Lease - 118th Congress

The District leases a portion of its District Office Building located in Santa Ana, California to the 118<sup>th</sup> Congress of the United States of America. This lease term extends until January 2, 2026. Monthly lease payments are due at the end of each month. As of June 30, 2025, the District recorded \$96,247 in lease receivables and \$94,792 of deferred inflows of resources related to the lease. During the fiscal year, the District recognized \$62,247 in lease revenue and \$4,142 in interest revenue related to this agreement. An interest rate of 6.22% was applied to the lease.

# Note 7 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, was as follows:

	Balance, July 1, 2024	Additions	Deductions	Balance, June 30, 2025
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
or Amortized				
Land	\$ 89,964,360	Ş -	\$ -	\$ 89,964,360
Construction in progress	18,433,303	11,904,143	(13,145,901)	17,191,545
Total capital assets not being				
depreciated or amortized	108,397,663	11,904,143	(13,145,901)	107,155,905
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
and Amortized				
Site improvements	93,613,177	2,227,871	_	95,841,048
Buildings and improvements	536,200,729	10,918,030	-	547,118,759
Furniture and equipment	76,967,654	2,276,945	(2,011,732)	77,232,867
Right-to-use leased buildings and improvements	3,261,199	-	-	3,261,199
Right-to-use leased furniture and equipment	771,723	301,114	-	1,072,837
Right-to-use subscription IT assets	6,006,744	283,559	(674,881)	5,615,422
Total capital assets being				
depreciated or amortized	716,821,226	16,007,519	(2,686,613)	730,142,132
Less Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization				
Site improvements	(83,993,328)	(3,251,240)	_	(87,244,568)
Buildings and improvements	(131,658,601)	(10,908,266)	_	(142,566,867)
Furniture and equipment	(68,359,863)	(2,259,117)	1,750,170	(68,868,810)
Right-to-use leased buildings and improvements	(1,132,570)	(612,212)	-	(1,744,782)
Right-to-use leased furniture and equipment	(160,795)	(154,197)	-	(314,992)
Right-to-use subscription IT assets	(2,482,444)	(1,663,093)	674,881	(3,470,656)
Total accumulated depreciation				
and amortization	(287,787,601)	(18,848,125)	2,425,051	(304,210,675)
Total capital assets, net	\$ 537,431,288	\$ 9,063,537	\$ (13,407,463)	\$ 533,087,362

# Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities other than OPEB and Pensions

#### Summary

The changes in the District's long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions during the year ended June 30, 2025 consisted of the following:

	Balance, July 1, 2024,			Balance,	Due in
	as Restated	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2025	One Year
General obligation bonds	\$ 366,213,468	\$ 4,437,442	\$ (31,125,000)	\$ 339,525,910	\$ 32,680,000
Bond premium	13,481,679	-	(1,188,345)	12,293,334	-
Compensated absences	45,585,676	1,038,527	-	46,624,203	10,964,836
Early retirement incentive	2,369,952	-	(1,765,281)	604,671	604,671
Financed purchases	38,387	-	(33,819)	4,568	4,568
Lease liability	2,499,565	301,114	(640,550)	2,160,129	724,273
Subscription-based IT					
arrangements	3,578,194	283,559	(1,730,828)	2,130,925	1,270,876
Claims liability	400,000	-		400,000	
Total	\$ 434,166,921	\$ 6,060,642	\$ (36,483,823)	\$ 403,743,740	\$ 46,249,224

The change in compensated absences is presented as a net change.

# **Description of Long-Term Liabilities**

Payments on the general obligation bonds are to be made by the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund with local property tax collections. The early retirement incentive will be paid out of the General Fund. Payments for the financed purchases, lease liability and subscription-based IT arrangements will be made by the fund for which the sites and equipment were intended for. The Internal Service fund makes payments for the claims liability.

## **General Obligation Bonds**

## 2002 General Obligation Bonds

On November 5, 2002, the District voters authorized the issuance and sale of general obligation bonds totaling \$337,000,000. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to finance the construction, acquisition, and modernization of certain property and District facilities.

## 2012 General Obligation Bonds

On November 6, 2012, the District voters authorized the issuance and sale of general obligation bonds totaling \$198,000,000. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to finance the construction, acquisition, and modernization of certain property and District facilities.

# General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2020 Series A-1 and A-2

On September 2, 2020, the District issued \$94,490,000 and \$48,325,000 in 2020 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series A-1 and A-2, respectively. Interest rates range from 0.235% to 2.040% payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 for the A-1 Bonds and February 1 and August 1 for the A-2 Bonds. The Bonds mature though August 1, 2035. The net proceeds from the issuance provided for the partial refunding of the District's outstanding 2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2013 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, and 2012 Election General Obligation Bonds, Series 2014A.

#### **Debt Maturity**

## **General Obligation Bonds**

Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Bonds Outstanding July 1, 2024	lss	ued	Accreted Interest	Redeemed	Bonds Outstanding June 30, 2025	_
2/23/2005	9/1/2029	3.00-5.13%	\$ 119,999,867	\$ 39,984,698	\$	-	\$ 151,796	\$ (1,990,000)	\$ 38,146,494	
9/21/2006	9/1/2031	3.38-5.00%	120,874,329	91,753,770		-	4,285,646	(2,620,000)	93,419,416	
10/16/2014	8/1/2034	3.00-5.00%	70,585,000	8,040,000		-	-	(635,000)	7,405,000	
12/28/2017	8/1/2041	2.00-5.00%	70,600,000	50,710,000		-	-	(1,155,000)	49,555,000	
8/21/2019	8/1/2039	1.25-4.00%	56,815,000	49,220,000		-	-	(1,605,000)	47,615,000	
9/2/2020	9/1/2027	0.235-1.106%	94,490,000	82,305,000		-	-	(20,480,000)	61,825,000	
9/2/2020	8/1/2035	0.255-2.040%	48,325,000	44,200,000		-	-	(2,640,000)	41,560,000	
				\$ 366,213,468	\$	-	\$ 4,437,442	\$ (31,125,000)	\$ 339,525,910	_

# The Bonds mature through 2042 as follows:

Fiscal Year	•	Principal luding accreted erest to date)	-	Accreted Interest	Current Interest to Maturity	Total
2026	\$	32,626,495	\$	53,505	\$ 6,522,548	\$ 39,202,548
2027		34,395,000		-	6,143,447	40,538,447
2028		35,114,350		2,070,650	5,756,573	42,941,573
2029		37,861,509		2,178,491	5,042,029	45,082,029
2030		39,828,031		2,866,969	3,903,464	46,598,464
2031-2035		104,800,525	:	16,474,475	1,295,294	122,570,294
2036-2040		45,375,000		-	5,466,163	50,841,163
2041-2042		9,525,000			 387,700	 9,912,700
Total	\$	339,525,910	\$ 2	23,644,090	\$ 34,517,218	\$ 397,687,218

#### **Early Retirement Incentive**

The District has entered into various agreements with the Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) to provide certain benefits to employees participating in early retirement incentive programs. The District will pay \$604,671 on behalf of the retirees through 2026 in accordance with the following schedule:

	Fiscal Year	_		
2026			Ś	604,671
2026			\$	

#### **Financed Purchases**

The District has entered into various agreements for the financed purchase of copiers and other equipment. The District will pay a total of \$4,603 through 2026, with interest rates ranging from 2.59% - 2.88%, in accordance with the following schedule:

			Inter	est to	
Fiscal Year	<u>Pr</u>	incipal	Mat	urity	 Total
2026	\$	4,568	\$	35	\$ 4,603

#### **Lease Liability**

The District has entered into agreements to lease various facilities and equipment. The District's liability for lease agreements is summarized below:

Leases	Balance, July 1, 2024	Additions	Deductions	Balance, June 30, 2025
Building and Sites Equipment	\$ 2,002,124 497,441	\$ - 301,114	\$ (496,741) (143,809)	\$ 1,505,383 654,746
Total	\$ 2,499,565	\$ 301,114	\$ (640,550)	\$ 2,160,129

The District has entered into agreements to lease office space, beginning July 2021 and terminating in January 2028. Under the terms of the leases, the District makes monthly payments, which increase based on a set schedule in the lease agreement, which amounted to total principal and interest costs of \$596,003, for the year ending June 30, 2025. At June 30, 2025, the District has recognized a right-to-use leased assets of \$3,261,199 and lease liabilities of \$1,505,383 related to these agreements. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$612,212 in amortization expense and \$99,262 in interest expense for the leased office space. The District used a discount rate of 5.58% based on the estimated incremental borrowing rate for financing over a similar time period.

The District has entered into various agreements to lease copiers and equipment for periods of five years. Under the terms of the leases, the District pays monthly payments ranging from \$120 to \$6,621, which amounted to total principal and interest costs of \$178,106 for the year ending June 30, 2025. At June 30, 2025, the District has recognized right-to-use leased assets of \$1,072,837 and lease liabilities of \$654,746 related to these agreements. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$154,197 in amortization expense and \$34,297 in interest expense for the leased copiers and equipment. The District used discount rates of 2.88%-6.58% based on the estimated incremental borrowing rate for financing over a similar time period.

The District will pay a total of \$2,351,087 through 2030 in accordance with the following schedule:

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest	 Total
2026	\$ 724,27	'3 \$	105,093	\$ 829,366
2027	779,71	.2	61,173	840,885
2028	553,58	30	19,291	572,871
2029	65,91	.4	4,672	70,586
2030	36,65	<u> </u>	729	 37,379
Total	\$ 2,160,12	9 \$	190,958	\$ 2,351,087

#### **Subscriptions-Based IT Arrangements (SBITAs)**

The District entered into various SBITAs for the use of various instructional and noninstructional needs. At June 30, 2025, the District has recognized right-to-use subscriptions IT assets of \$5,615,422 and SBITA liabilities of \$2,130,925 related to these agreements. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$1,663,093 in amortization expense. The District is required to make annual principal and interest payments totaling \$2,259,044 through March 2029. The subscriptions have an interest rates of 4.84%-6.88%.

The remaining principal and interest payment requirements for the SBITA obligation debt as of June 30, 2025, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2026 2027 2028 2029	\$ 1,270,876 605,545 184,720 69,784	\$ 86,609 29,752 10,023 1,735	\$ 1,357,485 635,297 194,743 71,519
Total	\$ 2,130,925	\$ 128,119	\$ 2,259,044

# Note 9 - Aggregate Net Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Liability

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the District reported an aggregate net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense for the following plans:

OPEB Plan	_	ggregate Net PEB Liability	 rred Outflows Resources	_	ferred Inflows f Resources	OPEB Expense
District Plan	\$	27,809,364	\$ 9,381,789	\$	36,332,501	\$ (10,377,797)
Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program		514,519	_			(56,003)
Total	\$	28,323,883	\$ 9,381,789	\$	36,332,501	\$ (10,433,800)

The details of each plan are as follows:

#### **District Plan**

#### **Plan Administration**

The District's governing board administers the Postemployment Benefits Plan (the Plan). The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for eligible retirees and their spouses. The Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) administers Rancho Santiago Community College's Postemployment Benefits Plan (the Plan).

## **Plan Membership**

At June 30, 2023, the valuation date, the Plan membership consisted of the following:

Active employees	906	
<del></del>	900	
Total		

#### **Retiree Health Benefit OPEB Trust**

The Retiree Health Benefit OPEB Trust (the Trust) is an irrevocable governmental trust pursuant to Section 115 of the IRC for the purpose of funding certain postemployment benefits other than pensions. The Trust is administered by the Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) as directed by the investment alternative choice selected by the District. The District retains the responsibility to oversee the management of the Trust, including the requirement that investments and assets held within the Trust continually adhere to the requirements of the California *Government Code* Section 53600.5 which specifies that the trustee's primary role is to preserve capital, to maintain investment liquidity, and to protect investment yield. As such, the District acts as the fiduciary of the Trust. The financial activity of the Trust has been discretely presented. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the Trust. Financial information for PARS can be found on the PARS website at: https://www.pars.org.

#### **Benefits Provided**

The Plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of benefits is covered by the Plan. The District's governing board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms as contained within the negotiated labor agreements.

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirements of Plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District, the Faculty Association (FARSCCD), the local California School Employees Association (CSEA), and unrepresented groups. The voluntary contributions are based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, and any additional amounts to prefund benefits with the District, FARSCCD, CSEA and unrepresented groups are based on the availability of funds. For the measurement period of June 30, 2024, the District contributed \$5,575,791 to the Plan, all of which was used for current premiums.

#### Investment

#### **Investment Policy**

The Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the governing board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the District to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risks through the prudent diversification for the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The Plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocation over short time spans. The following was the governing board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2024:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
All Equities	60%
Long-Term Corporate Bonds	5%
Intermediate-Term Government Bonds	30%
Short-Term Government Fixed	5%

#### Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense was 11.92%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

# June 30, 2025

## **Net OPEB Liability of the District**

The District's net OPEB liability of \$27,809,364 was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023. The components of the net OPEB liability of the District at June 30, 2024, were as follows:

Total OPEB liability
Plan fiduciary net position

Net OPEB liability

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability

70.12%

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2024 was determined by applying updated procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023 and rolling forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2024. The following assumptions were applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50% per annum
Salary increases 2.75%, average, including inflation
Discount rate 6.25% per annum
Investment rate of return 6.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense
Healthcare cost trend rate 4.00% per annum

The discount rate was based on historic 17-year real rates of return for each asset class along with assumed long-term inflation assumption to set the discount rate. The expected investment return by investment expenses of 50 basis points.

Mortality rates were based on the 2020 CalSTRS Mortality Table for certificated employees and the 2021 CalPERS Active Mortality for Miscellaneous and Employees Table for classified employees. Mortality rates vary by age and sex. (Unisex mortality rates are not often used as individual OPEB benefits do not depend on the mortality table used.) If employees die prior to retirement, past contributions are available to fund benefits for employees who live to retirement. After retirement, death results in benefit termination or reduction. Although higher mortality rates reduce service costs, the mortality assumption is not likely to vary from employer to employer.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actual experience study for the period July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2024, (see the discussion of the Plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
All Equities	7.545%
Long-Term Corporate Bonds	5.045%
Intermediate-Term Government Bonds	4.250%
Short-Term Government Fixed	3.000%

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the District contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

## **Changes in the Net OPEB Liability**

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)		
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$ 90,727,697	\$ 58,306,706	\$ 32,420,991		
Service cost	2,461,690	-	2,461,690		
Interest	5,569,480	-	5,569,480		
Difference between expected and					
actual experience	(117,931)	-	(117,931)		
Contributions - employer	-	5,575,791	(5,575,791)		
Net investment income	-	7,082,889	(7,082,889)		
Benefit payments	(5,575,791)	(5,575,791)	-		
Administrative expense		(133,814)	133,814		
Net change in total OPEB liability	2,337,448	6,949,075	(4,611,627)		
Balance, June 30, 2024	\$ 93,065,145	\$ 65,255,781	\$ 27,809,364		

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation. There were no changes of assumptions since the previous valuation.

# Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net OPEB Liability
1% decrease (5.25%) Current discount rate (6.25%)	\$ 34,908,598 27,809,364
1% increase (7.25%)	21,414,314

## Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	Net OPEB Liability
1% decrease (3.00%) Current healthcare cost trend rate (4.00%)	\$ 18,943,777 27,809,364
1% increase (5.00%)	38,036,836

#### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB**

At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB for the following:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources		
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$	5,407,018 189,027 3,785,744	\$	- 20,937,857 14,869,301		
earnings on OPEB plan investments				525,343		
Total	\$	9,381,789	\$	36,332,501		

The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2026 2027 2028 2029	\$ (256,848) 1,340,827 (920,744) (688,578)
Total	\$ (525,343)

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total OPEB liability and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is 8.3 years. The deferred outflows/(inflows) will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources			
2026	\$ (8,560,903)			
2027	(8,801,115)			
2028	(4,640,835)			
2029	(4,640,835)			
2030	(2,741,513)			
Thereafter	 (2,447,186)			
Total	\$ (31,832,387)			

#### **Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program**

#### **Plan Description**

The Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program is administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). The MPP Program is a cost-sharing multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) established pursuant to Chapter 1032, Statutes 2000 (SB 1435). CalSTRS administers the MPP Program through the Teachers' Health Benefits Fund (THBF).

A full description of the MPP Program regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2023 annual actuarial valuation report, Medicare Premium Payment Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: https://www.calstrs.com/forms-publications.

June 30, 2025

#### **Benefits Provided**

The MPP Program pays Medicare Part A premiums and Medicare Parts A and B late enrollment surcharges for eligible members of the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) Defined Benefit (DB) Program who were retired or began receiving a disability allowance prior to July 1, 2012 and were not eligible for premium free Medicare Part A. The payments are made directly to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) on a monthly basis.

The MPP Program is closed to new entrants as members who retire after July 1, 2012, are not eligible for coverage under the MPP Program.

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you go basis from a portion of monthly District benefit payments. In accordance with California *Education Code* Section 25930, contributions that would otherwise be credited to the DB Program each month are instead credited to the MPP Program to fund monthly program and administrative costs. Total redirections to the MPP Program are monitored to ensure that total incurred costs do not exceed the amount initially identified as the cost of the program.

#### **Net OPEB Liability and OPEB Expense**

At June 30, 2025, the District reported a liability of \$514,519 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for the MPP Program. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB Plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, was 0.1930%, and 0.1880%, respectively, resulting in a net increase in the proportionate share of 0.0050%.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(56,003).

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

The June 30, 2024 total OPEB liability was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023 and rolling forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2024, using the assumptions listed in the following table:

Measurement Date Valuation Date Experience Study

Actuarial Cost Method Investment Rate of Return Medicare Part A Premium Cost Trend Rate Medicare Part B Premium Cost Trend Rate June 30, 2024 June 30, 2023 July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2022 Entry age normal 3.93% 5.00%

6.50%

June 30, 2025

For the valuation as of June 30, 2023, CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which is based off generational mortality tables that reflect expected future improvements in mortality and includes a base table and a projection table. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among members. The projection table reflects the expected annual reduction in mortality rates at

each age. The current mortality assumption uses a base year of 2023, and projected improvement is based on

Assumptions were made about future participation (enrollment) into the MPP Program because CalSTRS is unable to determine which members not currently participating meet all eligibility criteria for enrollment in the future. Assumed enrollment rates were derived based on past experience and are stratified by age with the probability of enrollment diminishing as the members' age increases. This estimated enrollment rate was then applied to the population of members who may meet criteria necessary for eligibility and are not currently enrolled in the MPP Program. Based on this, the estimated number of future enrollments used in the financial reporting valuation was 154 or an average of 0.12% of the potentially eligible population (132,333).

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis with contributions generally being made at the same time and in the same amount as benefit payments and expenses coming due. Any funds within the MPP Program as of June 30, 2024, were to manage differences between estimated and actual amounts to be paid and were invested in the Surplus Money Investment Fund, which is a pooled investment program administered by the State Treasurer.

#### **Discount Rate**

the MP-2021 Ultimate Projection Scale.

As the MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make projected future benefit payments. Therefore, the MPP Program used the Bond Buyer's 20-Bond GO Index from Bondbuyer.com as of June 30, 2024, as the discount rate, which was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability. The discount rate as of June 30, 2024, was 3.93%, which is an increase of 0.28% from 3.65% as of June 30, 2023.

#### Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	let OPEB Liability
1% decrease (2.93%) Current discount rate (3.93%) 1% increase (4.93%)	\$ 555,153 514,519 478,788

# Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Medicare Costs Trend Rates

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the current Medicare costs trend rates, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using Medicare costs trend rates that are one percent lower or higher than the current rates:

<b>&gt;</b>	476,647 514,519 556,802
	\$

# Note 10 - Risk Management

#### **Property and Liability Insurance Coverages**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; medical claims; and natural disasters. During the fiscal year, the District maintained an Internal Service Fund to account for and finance its uninsured risk of loss. The Self-Insurance Fund provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$25,000 for each general liability claim and \$10,000 for each property damage claim. The self-insurance fund would also pay for costs that are excluded from our excess insurance coverage such as lost wages or punitive damages. Prior to August 1, 2017, workers' compensation was 100% insured coverage. Effective August 1, 2017 through June 30, 2021, the District became self-insured for its workers' compensation liability for the first \$150,000 of each claim and the remainder continues to be insured through a Joint Powers Authority Risk Pool (JPA). On July 1, 2021, the District returned to a 100% insured workers' compensation plan through the Protected Insurance Program for Schools and Community Colleges (PIPS) JPA. The District participates in a JPA to provide excess insurance coverage above the self-insured retention level for workers' compensation, property, and liability claims. Settled claims have not exceeded the coverage provided by the JPA in any of the past three fiscal years.

Funding of the Internal Service Fund is based on estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims. Workers' compensation claims are charged to the respective funds which generated the liability and the property and liability claims are paid by the General Fund.

#### **Claims Liabilities**

The District establishes a \$400,000 liability for both reported and unreported events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses.

#### **Joint Powers Authority Risk Pools**

Prior to July 1, 2021 the District participated in two Joint Powers Agreement (JPA) entities: the Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs (ASCIP) and the Schools Excess Liability Fund (SELF). On July 1, 2021, the District switched to the Statewide Association of Community Colleges (SWACC) JPA and the Schools Association for Excess Risk (SAFER) JPA for excess liability coverage.

ASCIP and SWACC arrange for and provide property, liability, and workers' compensation insurance for its member districts. The District pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested.

SELF and SAFER arrange for and provide a self-funded or additional insurance for excess liability for numerous public educational agencies. Each is governed by a board of 16 elected voting members, elected alternates, and two ex-officio members. Each board controls their operations, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by the members beyond their representation on the board. Each member pays an annual contribution based upon that calculated by the JPA's board of directors and shares surpluses and deficits proportionately to its participation in the JPA.

ASCIP and SWACC are both governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member district. The governing board controls the operations of its JPA, independent of any influence by Rancho Santiago Community College District beyond the District's representation on the governing boards.

Each JPA is independently accountable for its fiscal matters. Budgets are not subject to any approval other than that of the respective governing boards. Member districts share surpluses and deficits proportionately to their participation in the JPA.

The relationships between Rancho Santiago Community College District and the JPAs are such that none of the JPAs is a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

Separate financial statements for each JPA may be obtained from the respective entity.

## Note 11 - Employee Retirement Systems

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Academic employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the District reported its proportionate share of the aggregate net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each of the above plans as follows:

Pension Plan	ggregate Net ension Liability	erred Outflows f Resources	 ferred Inflows f Resources	Pe	nsion Expense
CalSTRS CalPERS - SEP CalPERS - Misc. Plan	\$ 88,870,745 113,990,392 409,061	\$ 40,064,584 35,803,338 243,432	\$ 13,272,678 3,628,349 1,380	\$	9,321,664 17,160,074 (16,072)
Total	\$ 203,270,198	\$ 76,111,354	\$ 16,902,407	\$	26,465,666

The details of each plan are as follows:

## California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

## **Plan Description**

The District contributes to the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by CalSTRS. STRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2023, annual actuarial valuation report, Defined Benefit Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: https://www.calstrs.com/forms-publications.

#### **Benefits Provided**

The STRP provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' final compensation, age, and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation for each year of credited service.

The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program, Defined Benefit Supplement Program, Cash Balance Benefit Program, and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the State is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the State is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP.

The District contributes exclusively to the STRP Defined Benefit Program; thus, disclosures are not included for the other plans.

The STRP Defined Benefit Program provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2025, are summarized as follows:

	On or before	On or after
Hire date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% at 60	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	60	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	2.0% - 2.4%	2.0% - 2.4%
Required employee contribution rate	10.25%	10.205%
Required employer contribution rate	19.10%	19.10%
Required State contribution rate	10.828%	10.828%

#### **Contributions**

Required member, District, and State of California contribution rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and are detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. The contribution rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial method. In accordance with California Assembly Bill 1469, employer contributions into the CalSTRS will be increasing to a total of 19.1% of applicable member earnings phased over a seven-year period. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2025, are presented above and the District's total contributions were \$20,376,348.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2025, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total net pension liability, including State share:

District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 88,870,745
State's proportionate share of net pension liability associated with the District	 40,774,203
Total	\$ 129,644,948

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating member districts and the State, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement periods of June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, was 0.1323% and 0.1271%, respectively, resulting in a net increase in the proportionate share of 0.0052%.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized pension expense of \$9,321,664. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$3,712,014 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 erred Outflows f Resources	 ferred Inflows f Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date Change in proportion and differences between contributions	\$ 20,376,348	\$ -
made and District's proportionate share of contributions	9,246,786	2,958,257
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	358,590
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	10,052,426	3,886,267
Changes of assumptions	 389,024	 6,069,564
Total	\$ 40,064,584	\$ 13,272,678

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earning on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2026 2027 2028 2029	\$ (5,957,643) 7,175,215 (585,410) (990,752)
Total	\$ (358,590)

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and the District's proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is seven years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflow of Resources	Outflows/(Inflows)		
2026	\$ 1,140,20	1		
2027	737,562	2		
2028	565,888	8		
2029	1,565,444	4		
2030	2,349,592	2		
Thereafter	415,463	1_		
Total	\$ 6,774,148	8_		

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Total pension liability for STRP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2024. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2023
Measurement date	June 30, 2024
Experience study	July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2022
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.10%
Investment rate of return	7.10%
Consumer price inflation	2.75%
Wage growth	3.50%

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which is based off generational mortality tables that reflect expected future improvements in mortality and includes a base table and a projection table. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among our members. The projection table reflects the expected annual reduction in mortality rates at each age. The current mortality assumption uses a base year of 2023, and projected improvement is based on the MP–2021 Ultimate Projection Scale.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2024 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. The assumed asset allocation and best estimates of the expected rates of return for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2024, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public equity	38%	5.25%
Real estate	15%	4.05%
Private equity	14%	6.75%
Fixed income	14%	2.45%
Risk mitigating strategies	10%	2.25%
Inflation sensitive	7%	3.65%
Cash/liquidity	2%	0.05%

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return of 7.10% and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occurred midyear. Based on these assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

	Net Pension
Discount Rate	 Liability
1% decrease (6.10%)	\$ 158,071,974
Current discount rate (7.10%)	88,870,745
1% increase (8.10%)	31,084,846

#### California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) - SEP

#### **Plan Description**

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the School Employer Pool (SEP) under CalPERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2023, annual actuarial valuation report, and the Schools Pool Actuarial Valuation. These reports and CalPERS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications at: https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications.

#### **Benefits Provided**

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor, and the member's final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee's eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or age 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013), and has at least five years of credited service. The cost-of-living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The CalPERS SEP provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2025, are summarized as follows:

Hire date	On or before December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	55	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%
Required employee contribution rate	7.00%	8.00%
Required employer contribution rate	27.05%	27.05%

#### Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2025, are presented above and the total District contributions were \$19,299,470.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2025, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability totaling \$113,990,392. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating college districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement periods of June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, was 0.3190% and 0.3209%, respectively, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0019%.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized pension expense of \$17,160,074. At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 erred Outflows f Resources	 erred Inflows Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date Change in proportion and differences between contributions	\$ 19,299,470	\$ -
made and District's proportionate share of contributions	-	2,812,524
Differences between projected and actual earnings on		
pension plan investments Differences between expected and actual experience in	4,427,868	-
the measurement of the total pension liability	9,556,427	815,825
Changes of assumptions	 2,519,573	 
Total	\$ 35,803,338	\$ 3,628,349

The deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2026 2027 2028 2029	\$ (38,171) 6,884,328 (1,017,244) (1,401,045)
Total	\$ 4,427,868

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is 3.9 years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Outflows/(Inflows)  of Resources		
2026 2027 2028	\$	3,427,161 3,005,331 2,015,159	
Total	\$	8,447,651	

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Total pension liability for the SEP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2024. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2023
Measurement date	June 30, 2024
Experience study	July 1, 1997 through June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	6.90%
Investment rate of return	6.90%
Consumer price inflation	2.30%
Wage growth	Varies by entry age and service

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The rates incorporate Generational Mortality to capture ongoing mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated and, combined with risk estimates, are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Assumed Asset	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Nate of Neturn
Global equity - cap-weighted	30%	4.54%
Global equity non-cap-weighted	12%	3.84%
Private equity	13%	7.28%
Treasury	5%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed securities	5%	0.50%
Investment grade corporates	10%	1.56%
High yield	5%	2.27%
Emerging market debt	5%	2.48%
Private debt	5%	3.57%
Real assets	15%	3.21%
Leverage	(5%)	(0.59%)

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the SEP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the SEP investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (5.90%)	\$ 169,333,679
Current discount rate (6.90%)	113,990,392
1% increase (7.90%)	68,272,432

#### California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) – Misc. Plan

#### **Plan Description**

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the Miscellaneous Risk Pool Plan under CalPERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2023, annual actuarial valuation report, the Miscellaneous Risk Pool Actuarial Valuation. The report and CalPERS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications at: https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications.

#### **Benefits Provided**

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor, and the member's final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee's eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or age 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013), and has at least five years of credited service. The cost-of-living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law. The CalPERS Miscellaneous Risk Pool is closed to new entrants and no current employees are covered by the plan.

The CalPERS Miscellaneous Risk Pool provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2025, are summarized as follows:

	On or betore	On or after
Hire date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	60	60
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%
Required unfunded liability payment to CalPERS	\$ 88,908	\$ -

#### Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2025, are presented above, and the total District contributions for CalPERS was \$88,908.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2025, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the CalPERS Miscellaneous Risk Pool net pension liability totaling \$409,061. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating college districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement periods of June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, was 0.0085% and 0.0098%, respectively, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0013%.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized pension expense of \$(16,072) for CalPERS Miscellaneous Risk Pool. At June 30, 2025 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	88,908	\$	-	
Change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions		86,862		-	
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		21,781		-	
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability Changes of assumptions		35,367 10,514		1,380	
Total	\$	243,432	\$	1,380	

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows of Resources	s)
2026 2027 2028 2029	\$ (1,098 37,643 (6,694 (8,070	
Total	\$ 21,781	•

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the net change in proportionate share of net pension liability, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is 3.8 years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Outflows/(I	ows/(Inflows) Resources		
2026 2027 2028		57,508 14,187 19,668		
Total	\$ 13	31,363		

## **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Total pension liability for the Miscellaneous Risk Pool was determined by applying updated procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2024. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2023
Measurement date	June 30, 2024
Experience study	July 1, 2000 through June 30, 2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	6.90%
Investment rate of return	6.90%
Consumer price inflation	2.30%
Wage growth	Varies by entry age and service

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The rates incorporate Generational Mortality to capture ongoing mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations, as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated and, combined with risk estimates, are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global equity - cap-weighted	30%	4.54%
Global equity non-cap-weighted	12%	3.84%
Private equity	13%	7.28%
Treasury	5%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed securities	5%	0.50%
Investment grade corporates	10%	1.56%
High Yield	5%	2.27%
Emerging market debt	5%	2.48%
Private debt	5%	3.57%
Real assets	15%	3.21%
Leverage	(5%)	(0.59%)

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the SEP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the SEP investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	N	let Pension Liability
1% decrease (5.90%) Current discount rate (6.90%) 1% increase (7.90%)	\$	683,855 409,061 182,865

#### **Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about CalPERS School Employer plan and Miscellaneous Risk Pool plan fiduciary net positions are available in a separate comprehensive annual financial report. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95814.

#### **Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS)**

# **Plan Description**

The Public Agency Retirement Services is a defined contribution plan qualifying under Section 401(a) and Section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code. The plan covers part-time, seasonal and temporary employees, and employees not covered by Section 3121(b)(7)(F) of the Internal Revenue Code. The benefit provisions and contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the PARS Board of Trustees.

#### On Behalf Payments

The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State General Fund contributions to CalSTRS in the amount of \$8,233,170 (10.828% of annual payroll). Contributions are no longer appropriated in the annual *Budget Act* for the legislatively mandated benefits to CalPERS. Therefore, there is no on behalf contribution rate for CalPERS. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements.

## Note 12 - Commitments and Contingencies

#### **Grants**

The District receives financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2025.

#### Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2025.

#### **Construction Commitments**

As of June 30, 2025, the District had approximately \$17.8 million in commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects. The projects are funded through capital project apportionments from the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office.

## Note 13 - Related Party Transactions

Office space and other expenses were provided by the District on behalf of the Santa Ana College Foundation, Santiago Canyon Foundation, and the Rancho Santiago Community College District Foundation (the Foundations). This donated facilities usage and expense were valued at \$73,566 for the year ending June 30, 2025.

The District also provides donated services as part of its master agreements with the Foundations, including employee salaries and benefits, supplies, and other services. The services were valued at \$1,350,062 for the year ending June 30, 2025.

#### Note 14 - Restatement

#### **Change in Accounting Principle**

As of June 30, 2025, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The provisions of this standard modernize the types of leave that are considered a compensated absence and provides guidance for a consistent recognition and measurement of the compensated absence liability. Therefore, the current and noncurrent portions of compensated absences were increased by \$7,429,750 and \$24,144,524, respectively, as of July 1, 2024. The effect of this change in accounting principle is described in the following table.

Primary Government	
Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported on July 1, 2024 Change in accounting principle - adoption of GASB Statement No. 101	\$ 257,401,088 (31,574,274)
Net Position - Beginning, as restated on July 1, 2024	\$ 225,826,814

Required Supplementary Information
June 30, 2025
Rancho Santiago Community College
District

		2025		2024		2023		2022
Total OPEB Liability						_		_
Service cost	\$	2,461,690	\$	2,526,010	\$	2,458,404	\$	3,074,590
Interest	·	5,569,480	·	7,290,680	·	7,239,863	·	9,778,080
Changes of benefit terms		-		(14,697,373)		-		(15,448,386)
Difference between expected and actual								
experience		(117,931)		(17,763,730)		(604,250)		(10,244,662)
Changes of assumptions		- (5 575 704)		2,487,408		- (0.227.272)		(12,275,743)
Benefit payments		(5,575,791)		(9,006,353)		(8,227,373)		(9,508,350)
Net change in total OPEB liability		2,337,448		(29,163,358)		866,644		(34,624,471)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		90,727,697		119,891,055		119,024,411		153,648,882
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	\$	93,065,145	\$	90,727,697	\$	119,891,055	\$	119,024,411
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions - employer	\$	5,575,791	Ś	11,943,411	\$	10,220,219	\$	13,498,871
Net investment income	Y	7,082,889	Y	4,439,659	Y	(7,694,362)	Y	10,854,240
Benefit payments		(5,575,791)		(9,006,353)		(8,227,373)		(9,508,350)
Administrative expense		(133,814)		(125,573)		(125,641)		(113,180)
		_						
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		6,949,075		7,251,144		/F 927 1F7\		14 721 501
position		6,949,075		7,251,144		(5,827,157)		14,731,581
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		58,306,706		51,055,562		56,882,719		42,151,138
Dien Fiduciem Met Decition - Foding (h)	۸.	CE 255 701	۲.	E0 206 706	۲.	E4 0FE E63	۲.	FC 002 740
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	<u>ې</u>	65,255,781	\$	58,306,706	\$	51,055,562	\$	56,882,719
Net OPEB Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	27,809,364	\$	32,420,991	\$	68,835,493	\$	62,141,692
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		70.12%		64.27%		42.58%		47.79%
the local OPEB LIABILITY		70.12%		04.27%		42.36%		47.79%
Covered Payroll	\$	161,341,339	\$	141,059,473	\$	132,487,448	\$	125,706,430
·		·		-		-		
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered								
Employee Payroll		17.24%		22.98%	_	51.96%		49.43%
Measurement Date	Ju	ine 30, 2024	Jı	une 30, 2023	J	une 30, 2022	J	une 30, 2021

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The District's OPEB Plan was not administered through a trust until 2020, and contributions were not made based on a measure of pay. Therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

		2021		2020		2019		2018
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms	\$	2,985,039 9,610,437 -	\$	7,981,036 8,993,120 -	\$	7,767,432 10,522,057 -	\$	7,559,545 5,660,197 -
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments		661,597 - (8,813,301)		(11,602,517) 13,284,002 (8,434,870)		- (38,293,105) (8,290,199)		- - (7,971,345)
Net change in total OPEB liability		4,443,772		10,220,771		(28,293,815)		5,248,397
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	_	149,205,110		138,984,339		167,278,154		162,029,757
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	\$	153,648,882	\$	149,205,110	\$	138,984,339	\$	167,278,154
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expense	\$	8,813,301 2,105,695 (8,813,301) (73,632)	\$	48,434,870 119,075 (8,434,870)	\$	8,290,199 - (8,290,199) -	\$	7,971,345 - (7,971,345) -
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		2,032,063		40,119,075		-		-
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		40,119,075						-
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	42,151,138	\$	40,119,075	\$		\$	-
Net OPEB Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	111,497,744	\$	109,086,035	\$	138,984,339	\$	167,278,154
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	e	27.43%		26.89%		0.00%		0.00%
Covered Payroll	\$	105,994,431	\$	102,907,215		N/A <sup>1</sup>		N/A <sup>1</sup>
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		105.19%		106.00%		N/A <sup>1</sup>		N/A <sup>1</sup>
Measurement Date	J	une 30, 2020	J	une 30, 2019	J	une 30, 2018	Jı	une 30, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The District's OPEB Plan was not administered through a trust until 2020, and contributions were not made based on a measure of pay. Therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

# Rancho Santiago Community College District Schedule of OPEB Investment Returns Year Ended June 30, 2025

	2025	2024	2022
	2025	2024	2023
Annual money-weighted rate of return,			
net of investment expense	11.92%	8.03%	(13.32%)
Measurement Date	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
	2022	2021	2020
Annual money-weighted rate of return,			
net of investment expense	23.46%	5.07%	0.30%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019

# Rancho Santiago Community College District

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – MPP Program Year Ended June 30, 2025

Year ended June 30,	2025	2024	2023	2022
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.1930%	0.1880%	0.1855%	0.1925%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 514,519	\$ 570,522	\$ 611,155	\$ 767,989
Covered payroll	N/A <sup>1</sup>	N/A <sup>1</sup> N/A <sup>1</sup>		N/A <sup>1</sup>
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	N/A¹	N/A¹	N/A¹	N/A¹
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	(1.02%)	(0.96%)	(0.94%)	(0.80%)
Measurement Date	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Year ended June 30,	2021	2020	2019	2018
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.2264%	0.2285%	0.2227%	0.2292%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 959,334	\$ 851,015	\$ 852,269	\$ 964,112
Covered payroll	N/A <sup>1</sup>	N/A <sup>1</sup>	N/A <sup>1</sup>	N/A <sup>1</sup>
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	N/A¹	N/A¹	N/A¹	N/A¹
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	(0.71%)	(0.81%)	(0.40%)	0.01%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> As of June 30, 2012, active members are no longer eligible for future enrollment in the MPP Program; therefore, the covered payroll disclosure is not applicable.

# Rancho Santiago Community College District

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Year Ended June 30, 2025

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
CalSTRS					
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.1323%	0.1271%	0.1236%	0.1281%	0.1299%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net	\$ 88,870,745	\$ 96,812,320	\$ 85,899,118	\$ 58,292,407	\$ 125,901,477
pension liability associated with the District	40,774,203	46,385,505	43,017,943	29,330,478	64,902,227
Total	\$ 129,644,948	\$ 143,197,825	\$ 128,917,061	\$ 87,622,885	\$ 190,803,704
Covered payroll	\$ 98,097,471	\$ 85,295,681	\$ 82,661,359	\$ 75,575,647	\$ 77,188,719
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	90.59%	113.50%	103.92%	77.13%	163.11%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	84%	81%	81%	87%	72%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
CalPERS - SEP					
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.3190%	0.3209%	0.3283%	0.3502%	0.3537%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 113,990,392	\$ 116,179,850	\$ 112,949,325	\$ 71,218,714	\$ 108,537,434
Covered payroll	\$ 63,243,868	\$ 55,763,792	\$ 49,826,089	\$ 50,130,783	\$ 51,078,125
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	180.24%	208.34%	226.69%	142.07%	212.49%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	72%	70%	70%	81%	70%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
CalPERS - Misc.					
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.0085%	0.0098%	0.0112%	0.0180%	0.0133%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 409,061	\$ 488,494	\$ 525,440	\$ 342,712	\$ 560,624
Covered payroll*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	80%	78%	78%	91%	78%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{^{*}}$  This plan has no active members and, therefore, no covered payroll.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Year Ended June 30, 2025

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
CalSTRS					
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.1292%	0.1241%	0.1266%	0.1280%	0.1367%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net	\$ 116,671,499	\$ 114,011,608	\$ 117,449,600	\$ 103,527,680	\$ 92,009,654
pension liability associated with the District	63,652,092	65,276,978	69,482,757	58,945,139	48,662,964
Total	\$ 180,323,591	\$ 179,288,586	\$ 186,932,357	\$ 162,472,819	\$ 140,672,618
Covered payroll	\$ 75,802,082	\$ 71,577,651	\$ 68,831,638	\$ 66,264,977	\$ 63,390,631
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	153.92%	159.28%	170.63%	156.23%	145.15%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	73%	71%	69%	70%	74%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
CalPERS - SEP					
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.3475%	0.3309%	0.3292%	0.3293%	0.3469%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 101,278,658	\$ 88,231,274	\$ 78,588,729	\$ 65,036,954	\$ 51,129,735
Covered payroll	\$ 48,579,637	\$ 43,613,412	\$ 41,959,850	\$ 39,539,715	\$ 38,369,484
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	208.48%	202.30%	187.30%	164.49%	133.26%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70%	71%	72%	74%	79%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
CalPERS - Misc.					
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.0140%	0.0155%	0.0150%	0.0131%	0.0110%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 602,717	\$ 582,930	\$ 589,281	\$ 521,364	\$ 405,612
Covered payroll*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A _ N/A _ N/A		N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	75%	78%	75%	78%	78%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{^{*}}$  This plan has no active members and, therefore, no covered payroll.

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
CalSTRS					
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 20,376,348	\$ 18,736,617	\$ 16,291,475	\$ 13,986,302	\$ 12,205,467
contractually required contribution	(20,376,348)	(18,736,617)	(16,291,475)	(13,986,302)	(12,205,467)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 106,682,450	\$ 98,097,471	\$ 85,295,681	\$ 82,661,359	\$ 75,575,647
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.10%	19.10%	19.10%	16.92%	16.15%
CalPERS - SEP					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 19,299,470	\$ 16,873,464	\$ 14,147,274	\$ 11,415,157	\$ 10,377,072
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(19,299,470)	(16,873,464)	(14,147,274)	(11,415,157)	(10,377,072)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 71,347,394	\$ 63,243,868	\$ 55,763,792	\$ 49,826,089	\$ 50,130,783
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	27.050%	26.680%	25.370%	22.910%	20.700%
CalPERS - Misc.					
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$ - 
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

<sup>\*</sup> This plan has no active members and, therefore, no covered payroll.

	2020	2019	2018	2017			2016
CalSTRS							
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 13,199,271	\$ 12,340,579	\$ 10,328,655	\$	8,659,020	\$	7,110,232
contributions in relation to the contribution	 (13,199,271)	 (12,340,579)	 (10,328,655)		(8,659,020)		(7,110,232)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$	
Covered payroll	\$ 77,188,719	\$ 75,802,082	\$ 71,577,651	\$	68,831,638	\$	66,264,977
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.10%	 16.28%	 14.43%		12.58%		10.73%
CalPERS - SEP							
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 10,073,117	\$ 8,774,454	\$ 6,773,599	\$	5,827,384	\$	4,684,270
contributions in relation to the contribution	 (10,073,117)	(8,774,454)	(6,773,599)		(5,827,384)		(4,684,270)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$	
Covered payroll	\$ 51,078,125	\$ 48,579,637	\$ 43,613,412	\$	41,959,850	\$	39,539,715
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.721%	18.062%	 15.531%		13.888%	11.847%	
CalPERS - Misc.							
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$	- -	\$	- -
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$	
Covered payroll*	 N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A	 N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A

<sup>\*</sup> This plan has no active members and, therefore, no covered payroll.

### Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

### Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This schedule presents information on the District's changes in the net OPEB liability, including beginning and ending balances, the Plan's fiduciary net position, and the net OPEB liability. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- Changes in Benefit Terms There were no changes in the benefit terms since the previous valuation .
- Changes of Assumptions There were no changes of assumptions since the previous valuation.

### **Schedule of OPEB Investment Returns**

This schedule presents information on the annual money-weighted rate of return on OPEB plan investments. In future years, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

### Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - MPP Program

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB Liability – MPP Program and the plans' fiduciary net position. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- Changes in Benefit Terms There were no changes in the benefit terms since the previous valuation.
- Changes of Assumptions The plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 3.65% to 3.93% since the previous valuation. The Medicare Part A premium cost trend rate assumption was changed from 4.50% to 5.00%, while the Medicare Part B premium cost trend rate assumption was changed from 5.40% to 6.50% since the previous valuation.

### Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL), the Plans' fiduciary net positions and, when applicable, the State's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the District.

- Changes in Benefit Terms There were no changes in benefit terms for the CalSTRS or CalPERS plans since the previous valuations.
- Changes of Assumptions There were no changes in economic assumptions for the CalSTRS or CalPERS plans since the previous valuation.

### **Schedule of District Contributions for Pensions**

This schedule presents information on the District's required contribution, the amounts actually contributed, and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution.

Supplementary Information
June 30, 2025
Rancho Santiago Community College
District

Rancho Santiago Community College District was established in 1971 and is comprised of an area of approximately 193 square miles located in Orange County. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year. The District currently operates two colleges: Santa Ana College and Santiago Canyon College, as well as the Orange County Regional Sheriff's Training Academy, the Digital Media Center, and two continuing education centers: Orange Education Center and Centennial Education Center. The District's colleges are accredited by the Accrediting Commission for Community and Junior Colleges, Western Association of Schools and Colleges, which is one of six regional associations that accredit public and private schools, colleges, and universities in the United States.

### Board of Trustees as of June 30, 2025

Member	Office	Term Expires				
Daisy Tong	President	2026				
Phillip E. Yarbrough	Vice President	2026				
Zeke Hernandez	Clerk	2028				
Tina Arias Miller, Ed.D.	Member	2028				
David Crockett	Member	2028				
John R. Hanna	Member	2026				
Cecilia Iglesias	Member	2028				
Cecilia Lorenzo	Student Trustee	2026				

### Administration as of June 30, 2025

Marvin Martinez

Annebelle Nery, Ph.D.

Jeannie Kim, Ph.D.

Kristin Olson, Esq.

Iris Ingram

Enrique Perez, J.D.

Chancellor

President of Santa Ana College

President of Santiago Canyon College

Vice Chancellor, Human Resources

Vice Chancellor, Business Services

Vice Chancellor, Educational Services

### **Auxiliary Organizations in Good Standing**

Rancho Santiago Community College District Foundation, established 1998 Master Agreement signed 2016, updated 2021 Enrique Perez, Executive Director

> Santa Ana College Foundation, established 1968 Master Agreement signed 2019, updated 2024 Christina Romero, Executive Director

Santiago Canyon Foundation, established 1998 Master Agreement signed 1998, updated 2021 Kathleen Jennison, Executive Director

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Amounts Passed through to Subrecipients	
U.S. Department of Education					
Student Financial Assistance Cluster					
Federal Pell Grant Program	84.063		\$ 32,477,600	\$ -	
Federal Pell Grant Program Administrative Allowance	84.063		610	-	
Federal Direct Student Loans	84.268		782,673	-	
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (FSEOG)	84.007		669,489	-	
FSEOG Administrative Allowance	84.007		2,801	-	
Federal Work-Study Program	84.033		1,920,119		
Subtotal Student Financial Assistance Cluster			35,853,292		
TRIO Cluster					
TRIO Student Support Services	84.042A		1,550,779	-	
TRIO Talent Search	84.044A		421,662	-	
TRIO Upward Bound	84.047A		340,583	-	
TRIO Upward Bound - Math and Science	84.047M		355,917	-	
TRIO Upward Bound - Veterans	84.047V		280,260		
Subtotal TRIO Cluster			2,949,201		
Systemetic Design for STEM Grant	84.031C		656,802	-	
Launching an Asian American Pacific Islander Center	84.031L		381,972	_	
Title V - Developing Hispanic-Serving Institutions (DHSI)	0110022		301,372		
Program - Establishing Nuestro Lugar	84.0315		314,475	120,000	
Subtotal			1,353,249	120,000	
Migrant Education - College Assistance Program	84.149A		711,150		
CTE Pathways to Certificate and Degree Programs:	04.143A		711,130	-	
"Access to Good Jobs: Building Career Pathways					
in Adult Education"	84.215K		530,384		
Passed through California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office	04.ZI3K		330,364	-	
Career and Technical Education Act (CTEA), Title I, Part C	84.048A	24-C01-870	1,203,739		
Regional Collaboration and Coordination	84.048A	G0195	245,353	-	
Subtotal			1,449,092	_	
Deced through California Department of Education					
Passed through California Department of Education	84.002	PCA13978	711 242		
Adult Education: Adult Secondary Education Adult Education: Adult Basic Education and ELA	84.002 84.002A	PCA13978 PCA14508	711,242 1,839,291	-	
Adult Education: Adult Basic Education and EEA  Adult Education: English Literacy and Civics Education	84.002A	PCA14109	375,684	-	
· ·	84.002A 84.002	PCA14109 PCA13971	·	-	
Adult Education: Institutionalized Adults	84.002	PCA13971	104,964		
Subtotal			3,031,181		
Total U.S. Department of Education			45,877,549	120,000	
Research and Development Cluster National Science Foundation					
Cybersecurity First Responder Grant	47.076		77,853	=	
Paleo Perspective on Present and Projected Climate	47.050		16,533	_	
i alco rerspective on rresent and Projected Climate	47.030		10,333	-	

<sup>[1]</sup> Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number not available.

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Amounts Passed through to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Education Passed through California State University Fullerton Auxiliary Services Corporation RAISER: Regional Alliance in STEM Education Refined	84.031C	S-7709-SCC, S-7709-SAC	\$ 34,774	\$ -
Subtotal Research and Development Cluster			129,160	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Head Start Cluster Early Head Start	93.600		2,390,503	
Subtotal Head Start Cluster			2,390,503	
Passed through California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558	[1]	144,278	-
Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) Cluster Passed through California Department of Social Services Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.596 93.575	PCA24568 PCA25136	37,495 761,567	<u>.</u>
Passed through California Department of Social Services COVID-19: Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	[1]	33,663	-
Passed through Yosemite Community College District Child Development Training Consortium	93.575	[1]	5,444	-
Subtotal CCDF Cluster		.,	838,169	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			3,372,950	
U.S. Small Business Administration Passed through California State University Fullerton Auxiliary Services Corporation Small Business Development Centers	59.037	S-8090-RSCCD	178,485	
Total U.S. Small Business Administration			178,485	-
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Congressionally Funded Community Project - Digital Divide	14.251		881,327	
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			881,327	
U.S. Department of the Treasury Passed through California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office COVID-19: Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	[1]	1,000	
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury			1,000	

[1] Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number not available.

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Amounts Passed through to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Homeland Security, U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Passed through World Relief Corporation of National Association of Evangelicals The Citizenship and Integration Grant Program: Citizenship Instruction and Naturalization Application Services (CINAS)	97.010	WRRP22002	\$ 14,512	\$ -
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security, U.S. Citizenship and Immigration			14,512	
U.S. Department of Agriculture SNAP Cluster Passed through Chico State Enterprise CalFresh Outreach Program Subtotal SNAP Cluster	10.561	A25-008-S032, A22-0055-S037	60,936 60,936	<u>-</u>
Passed through California Department of Social Services Child and Adult Care Food Program COVID-19: Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558 10.558	04369-CACFP-30-CC-CS 15559.000	224,903 7,748	<u>-</u>
Subtotal  Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			232,651 293,587	
U.S. Department of Labor Passed through City of Santa Ana Technology Access Center - Job Tech Lab Strengthening Community Colleges Training Grant	17.261 17.261	A-2010-171 [1]	15,070 106,836	- -
Subtotal			121,906	
Total U.S. Department of Labor  Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 50,870,476	\$ 120,000

<sup>[1]</sup> Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number not available.

	Program Revenues										
Program		Cash Received		Accounts Receivable		Unearned Revenue/ Accounts Payable		Total Revenue		Program Expenditures	
AB 1725 - Faculty and Staff Diversity	\$	332,009	\$	-	\$	264,398	\$	67,611	\$	67,611	
AB110 CSPP Rate Supplement - Prop 98 Fund		1,450,852		-		1,450,852		-		-	
AB77 Handicapped (DSPS)		3,653,135		-		1,466,281		2,186,854		2,186,854	
Adult Education Block Grant		4,466,024		-		1,018,339		3,447,685		3,447,685	
Adult Learner-Focused Strategic Enrollment Management (SEM) Grant Initiative		59,598		-		39,422		20,175		20,175	
Amazon Web Services Cloud Skills Pilot Program		120,630		-		97,543		23,086		23,086	
Apprenticeship Pathways Demonstration Project - Technical Assistance Provider		345,193		-		61,244		283,948		283,948	
Apprenticeship Pathways Demonstration Project Grants		217,101		-		58,994		158,107		158,107	
Asian American, Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander (AANHPI) Program		132,529		-		94,307		38,222		38,222	
Basic Needs Center Ongoing		2,590,848		-		1,822,137		768,711		768,711	
Board Financial Assistance Program - SFA Admin (BFAP-SFAA)		2,090,692		-		22,557		2,068,135		2,068,135	
CA Education Learning Lab - Closing Equity Gaps in Calculus		34,379		-		-		34,379		34,379	
CAL Grants		4,197,961		523,017		-		4,720,978		4,720,978	
California Apprenticeship Initiative Implementation Grant -											
Bilingual Education Teacher Assistant		374,853		-		96,029		278,824		278,824	
California Apprenticeship Initiative Implementation Grant -											
Preschool Teacher Apprenticeship Program		67,419		481,002		-		548,420		548,420	
California Apprenticeship Initiative Planning Grant -											
Bookkeeping, Accounting, Auditing Clerk		96,000		23,992		-		119,992		119,992	
California Apprenticeship Initiative Planning Grant -											
Automotive Service and Technician and Mechanic		96,000		-		95,737		263		263	
California Apprenticeship Initiative Planning Grant - Biological Technician		96,000		-		48,094		47,906		47,906	
California Apprenticeship Initiative Planning Grant -											
Certified Nursing Assistant Pre-Apprenticeship Program		96,000		-		95,891		109		109	
California Apprenticeship Initiative Planning Grant - Computer User Support Specialist		96,000		-		96,000		-		-	
California Apprenticeship Initiative Planning Grant - Dietetic Technician		96,000		-		91,550		4,450		4,450	
California Apprenticeship Initiative Planning Grant -											
Forensic Science Technician - Crime Lab Training		96,000		-		96,000		-		-	
California Apprenticeship Initiative Planning Grant -											
Human Resources Assistant Apprenticeship Program		69,045		21,722		-		90,767		90,767	
California Apprenticeship Initiative Planning Grant - Legal Interpreter and Translator		96,000		-		40,883		55,117		55,117	
California Apprenticeship Initiative Planning Grant -											
Licensed Vocational Nursing Apprenticeship Program		96,000		-		47,744		48,256		48,256	

## Rancho Santiago Community College District Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards Year Ended June 30, 2025

Program	Cash Received	Accounts Receivable	Unearned Revenue/ Accounts Payable	Total Revenue	Program Expenditures
California Apprenticeship Initiative Planning Grant -					
Medical Assistant Pre-Apprenticeship Program	\$ 96,000	\$ -	\$ 34,939	\$ 61,061	\$ 61,061
California College Promise	2,537,813	-	612,238	1,925,575	1,925,575
California Education Learning Lab (CELL)	24,465	-	-	24,465	24,465
CalOptima Health Workforce Development Fund	775,219	-	761,898	13,321	13,321
CalWORKs	1,373,586	-	358,111	1,015,475	1,015,475
Campus Safety and Sexual Assault	1,325	-	-	1,325	1,325
CCAP Instructional Materials for Dual Enrollment	50,793	-	43,608	7,185	7,185
CDE Center-Based Reserve - CSPP	956,401	-	956,401	-	-
CDSS Center-Based Reserve - CCTR	558,761	-	558,761	-	-
Child Development: California State Preschool Program	5,225,469	277,147	336,560	5,166,057	4,890,347
Child Development: General Child Care and Development	2,516,426	161,199	-	2,677,625	2,678,792
Common Course Numbering	1,826,086	-	1,663,683	162,403	162,403
Community College Pathway to Law School	57,204	9,992	-	67,196	67,196
Cooperative Agencies Resources for Education (CARE)	404,998	-	70,077	334,921	334,921
COVID Recovery Block Grant	5,805,315	-	758,198	5,047,118	5,047,118
CSAC: Golden State Education and Training Grant Program (GSETGP)	875	-	300	575	575
CSUF/SBDC GO-Biz TAP	158,604	52,677	-	211,282	211,282
CTE Data Unlocked	65,580	-	-	65,580	65,580
CTE SWP - Local Share	8,768,108	-	4,106,339	4,661,768	4,661,768
CTE SWP - Regional Share	21,287,836	-	8,704,856	12,582,980	12,582,980
Culturally Competent Faculty PD	57,380	-	79	57,301	57,301
Dreamer Resource Liaison Support	513,681	-	222,406	291,275	291,275
Econ Dev DSN - Retail Hospitality Boot Camp	48,075	-	48,075	-	-
Emergency Financial Aid (Supplemental)	19,281	-	-	19,281	19,281
English Language Learner (ELL) Healthcare Pathways Grant	1,745,289	-	1,317,174	428,115	428,115
English Language Learner Healthcare Pathways Grant	682,440	-	-	682,440	682,440
Equal Employment Opportunities Innovative Best Practices	210,058	-	-	210,058	210,058
Equal Employment Opportunity Best Practices	145,290	-	110,738	34,552	34,552
Equitable Placement, Support and Completion	966,826	-	491,796	475,030	475,030
EWD/Employer Engagement - Regional Collaboration and Coordination	1,982,007	-	805,095	1,176,912	1,176,912
Extended Opportunities Program and Services (EOPS)	3,584,977	-	523,673	3,061,304	3,061,304

### Rancho Santiago Community College District Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards Year Ended June 30, 2025

Program	Cash Received		Accounts Receivable		Unearned Revenue/ Accounts Payable		Total Revenue		Program Expenditures	
Family PACT	\$	6,720	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,720	\$	27
Financial Aid Technology		493,440		-		308,880		184,560		184,560
Guided Pathway		660,274		-		240,071		420,203		420,203
Improving Online CTE Pathways		669		-		-		669		669
Innovation and Effectiveness Grant		299,403		-		85,500		213,903		213,903
K-12 Strong Workforce	2	1,455,841		-		15,028,776		6,427,065		6,427,065
K-12 SWP Pathway and K-14 TAP		192,500		-		192,500		-		-
Learning-Aligned Employment Program (LAEP)		12,733		-		-		12,733		12,733
LGBTQ+ Program		845,018		-		769,588		75 <i>,</i> 430		75,430
Library Services Platform		16,106		-		6,394		9,712		9,712
Local and Systemwide Technology Data Security Funding		345,159		-		207,471		137,689		137,689
Mental Health Services Support		2,480,889		-		1,463,573		1,017,316		1,017,316
MESA CCCP		1,988,327		-		1,728,850		259,477		259,477
Middle Class Scholarship (MCS) for BA Program		107,464		-		-		107,464		107,464
NextUp Foster Youth Support Program		1,494,350		-		812,120		682,231		682,231
Nursing Program Enrollment Growth and Retention Grant		287,816		-		101,273		186,543		186,543
OC Pathways: K-16 Collaborative Grant		479,601		-		57,347		422,254		422,254
Puente Community College Programs		150,994		-		105,305		45,689		45,689
QRIS Block Grant		706,466		-		653,166		53,300		53,300
Regional Center of Excellence (COE) Grant		1,554,160		-		1,116,594		437,566		437,566
Regional Equity and Recovery Partnership (RERP) Grant		70,630		-		7,996		62,635		62,635
Retention and Enrollment Outreach		1,044,911		-		443,532		601,379		601,379
Rising Scholars Network - Juvenile Justice Impacted Students Grant		920,454		-		784,274		136,180		136,180
Rising Scholars Network Grant		626,136		-		148,517		477,619		477,619
SB140 CCTR - Cost of Care Plus Rate Payment		375,700		-		375,700		-		-
SB140 CSPP - Cost of Care Plus Rate		820,120		-		820,120		-		-
Seamless Transfer of Ethnic Studies		54,040		-		27,016		27,025		27,025
Song Brown Act - Registered Nurse Education		294,927		37,739		-		332,666		332,666
Staff Development - One time		121,290		-		119,768		1,522		1,522
Student Equity and Achievement (SEAP)	1	8,786,869		-		2,968,977		15,817,892		15,817,892
Student Food and Housing Support		1,735,676		-		1,230,550		505,126		505,126
Student Success Completion Grant (SSCG)		4,441,426		-		598,886		3,842,540		3,842,540

## Rancho Santiago Community College District Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards Year Ended June 30, 2025

	 Program Revenues									
Program	 Cash Received		Accounts Receivable			Total Revenue		E:	Program xpenditures	
Student Transfer Achievement Reform	\$ 1,125,695	\$	-	\$	962,053	\$	163,642	\$	163,642	
Systemwide Tech and Data Security	350,000		-		87,568		262,432		262,432	
Telecommunication Technology Infrastructure (TTIP)	2,342		-		2,342		-		-	
The IMPACT Legacy Program	66,667		-		-		66,667		66,667	
UMOJA Campus Programs	522,244		-		452,699		69,545		69,545	
Veteran Resource Center - One-time Fund	8,918		-		-		8,917		8,917	
Veteran Resource Center Ongoing Funding	432,769		-		160,299		272,470		272,470	
Wellness Vending Machine Pilot Program	15,000		-		2,983		12,017		12,017	
Youth Empowerment Strategies for Success (YESS)	22,413		86		-		22,499		22,499	
Zero Textbook Cost (ZTC) Program - Acceleration Grant	409,731		-		384,665		25,066		25,066	
Zero Textbook Cost (ZTC) Program - Impact Grants	640,000		-		634,000		6,000		6,000	
Zero Textbook Cost (ZTC) Program - Implementation Grants	351,493		-		320,513		30,980		30,980	
Zero Textbook Cost (ZTC) Program - Planning Grants	 19,293		-		12,473		6,820		6,820	
Total state programs	\$ 150,349,110	\$	1,588,573	\$	63,011,346	\$	88,926,338	\$	88,645,102	

		**Revised Reported Data	Audit Adjustments	Audited Data
CA	TEGORIES			_
A.	Summer Intersession (Summer 2024 only)			
	1. Noncredit*	2,127.59	-	2,127.59
	2. Credit	1,955.17	-	1,955.17
В.	Summer Intersession (Summer 2025 - Prior to July 1, 2025)			
	1. Noncredit*	45.23	-	45.23
	2. Credit	28.56	-	28.56
c.	Primary Terms (Exclusive of Summer Intersession)  1. Census Procedure Courses			
	(a) Weekly Census Contact Hours	6,010.04	-	6,010.04
	(b) Daily Census Contact Hours	447.63	-	447.63
	2. Actual Hours of Attendance Procedure Courses			
	(a) Noncredit*	3,253.16	_	3,253.16
	(b) Credit	3,009.74	-	3,009.74
	Alternative Accounting Procedures Census			
	(a) Weekly Census Procedure Courses	4,015.18	_	4,015.18
	(b) Daily Census Procedure Courses	5,158.93	_	5,158.93
	(c) Noncredit Independent Study/Distance Education Courses	4,969.12	_	4,969.12
D.	Total FTES	31,020.35		31,020.35
SU	PPLEMENTAL INFORMATION (Subset of Above Information)			
E.	In-Service Training Courses (FTES)	1,833.09	-	1,833.09
F.	Basic Skills Courses and Immigrant Education			
	1. Noncredit*	6,997.79	-	6,997.79
	2. Credit	28.64	-	28.64
cc	FS-320 Addendum			
	CDCP Noncredit FTES	8,028.48	-	8,028.48
Ce	nters FTES			
	1. Noncredit*	9,665.56	-	9,665.56
	2. Credit	1,135.78	-	1,135.78

<sup>\*</sup>Including Career Development and College Preparation (CDCP) FTES.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Annual report revised as of October 16, 2025.

Reconciliation of *Education Code* Section 84362 (50% Law) Calculation Year Ended June 30, 2025

		ECS 84362 A			ECS 84362 B			
		Instructional Salary Cost				Total CEE		
		AC 010	00 - 5900 and A	C 6110		AC 0100 - 6799	)	
	Object/TOP	Reported	Audit	Revised	Reported	Audit	Revised	
	Codes	Data	Adjustments	Data	Data	Adjustments	Data	
Academic Salaries								
Instructional Salaries								
Contract or Regular	1100	\$ 35,743,282	\$ -	\$ 35,743,282	\$ 35,743,282	\$ -	\$ 35,743,282	
Other	1300	49,360,599	-	49,360,599	49,360,599	-	49,360,599	
Total Instructional Salaries		85,103,881	-	85,103,881	85,103,881	-	85,103,881	
Noninstructional Salaries								
Contract or Regular	1200	-	-	-	19,730,413	-	19,730,413	
Other	1400	-	-	-	2,830,427	-	2,830,427	
Total Noninstructional Salaries		-	-	-	22,560,840	-	22,560,840	
Total Academic Salaries		85,103,881	-	85,103,881	107,664,721	-	107,664,721	
<u>Classified Salaries</u>								
Noninstructional Salaries								
Regular Status	2100	-	-	-	38,980,659	-	38,980,659	
Other	2300	-	-	-	2,141,255	-	2,141,255	
Total Noninstructional Salaries		-	-	-	41,121,914	-	41,121,914	
Instructional Aides								
Regular Status	2200	884,327	-	884,327	884,327	-	884,327	
Other	2400	1,460,425	-	1,460,425	1,460,425	-	1,460,425	
Total Instructional Aides		2,344,752	-	2,344,752	2,344,752	-	2,344,752	
Total Classified Salaries		2,344,752	-	2,344,752	43,466,666	-	43,466,666	
Employee Benefits	3000	35,728,523	-	35,728,523	74,288,748	-	74,288,748	
Supplies and Material	4000	-	-	-	1,498,058	-	1,498,058	
Other Operating Expenses	5000	9,563,377	-	9,563,377	27,098,398	-	27,098,398	
Equipment Replacement	6420		-					
Total Expenditures								
Prior to Exclusions		132,740,533	-	132,740,533	254,016,591	-	254,016,591	

Reconciliation of *Education Code* Section 84362 (50% Law) Calculation Year Ended June 30, 2025

			ECS 84362 A		۱Г		ECS 84362 B		
		Instructional Salary Cost				Total CEE			
			00 - 5900 and A		I L	AC 0100 - 6799			
	Object/TOP	Reported	Audit	Revised		Reported	Audit	Revised	
	Codes	Data	Adjustments	Data		Data	Adjustments	Data	
<u>Exclusions</u>									
Activities to Exclude									
Instructional Staff - Retirees' Benefits and									
Retirement Incentives	5900	\$ 3,040,346	\$ -	\$ 3,040,346	Ш	\$ 3,040,346	\$ -	\$ 3,040,346	
Student Health Services Above Amount									
Collected	6441	-	-	-		-	-	-	
Student Transportation Noninstructional Staff - Retirees' Benefits	6491	-	-	-		4,000	-	4,000	
and Retirement Incentives						4 2 4 2 0 0 4		4 2 4 2 0 2 4	
and Retirement incentives	6740	-	-	-		4,242,901	-	4,242,901	
Objects to Exclude									
Rents and Leases	5060	-	-	-		855,719	-	855,719	
Lottery Expenditures								-	
Academic Salaries	1000	-	-	-		=	-	-	
Classified Salaries	2000	-	-	-		=	-	-	
Employee Benefits	3000	-	-	-		-	-	-	
Supplies and Materials	4000	-	-	-		-	-	-	
Software	4100	-	-	-		-	-	-	
Books, Magazines, and Periodicals	4200	-	-	-		-	-	-	
Instructional Supplies and Materials	4300	-	-	-		-	-	-	
Noninstructional Supplies and Materials	4400	-	-	-	ΙL	-	-	-	
Total Supplies and Materials		-	-	=		-	-	-	

Reconciliation of *Education Code* Section 84362 (50% Law) Calculation Year Ended June 30, 2025

			ECS 84362 A uctional Salary 00 - 5900 and A			ECS 84362 B Total CEE AC 0100 - 6799	1
	Object/TOP	Reported	Audit	Revised	Reported	Audit	Revised
	Codes	Data	Adjustments	Data	Data	Adjustments	Data
Other Operating Expenses and Services	5000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,161,435	\$ -	\$ 6,161,435
Capital Outlay	6000						
Library Books	6300	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment	6400	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment - Additional	6410	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment - Replacement	6420	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Equipment		-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Capital Outlay							
Other Outgo	7000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Exclusions		3,040,346	-	3,040,346	14,304,401	-	14,304,401
Total for ECS 84362,		ī					
50% Law		\$ 129,700,187	\$ -	\$ 129,700,187	\$ 239,712,190	\$ -	\$ 239,712,190
Percent of CEE (Instructional Salary							
Cost/Total CEE)		54.11%		54.11%	100.00%		100.00%
50% of Current Expense of Education					\$ 119,856,095		\$ 119,856,095

Proposition 30 Education Protection Account (EPA) Expenditure Report Year Ended June 30, 2025

Activity Classification	Object Code			Unres	tricte	d
				•		
EPA Revenue:	8630				\$	35,170,223
		Salaries	Operating			
	Activity	and Benefits	Expenses	Capital Outlay		
Activity Classification	Code	(Obj 1000-3000)	(Obj 4000-5000)	(Obj 6000)		Total
Instructional Activities	1000-5900	\$ 35,170,223	\$ -	\$ -	\$	35,170,223
Total Expenditures for EPA		\$ 35,170,223	\$ -	\$ -	\$	35,170,223
Revenues Less Expenditures					\$	-

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because

Total fund balance General Funds Special Revenue Funds Capital Project Funds Debt Service Funds Internal Service Funds Fiduciary Funds	\$	122,758,248 14,766,651 120,085,996 38,894,722 (19,612,247) 485,164,321	
Total fund balance - all District funds			\$ 762,057,691
Amounts held in trust on behalf of others (OPEB Trust and Custodial Fund	s)		(485,164,321)
The District's investment in the Orange County Educational Investment Pool is reported at fair market value in the Statement of Net Position.			615,869
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.  The cost of capital assets is  Accumulated depreciation and amortization is		837,298,037 (304,210,675)	
Total capital assets, net			533,087,362
Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position in a future period and is not reported in the District's funds. Deferred outflows of resources at year-end consist of:  Deferred outflows of resources related to debt refunding Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		7,991,831 9,381,789 76,111,354	
Total deferred outflows of resources			93,484,974
Lease receivables are reported in the Statement of Net Position, but were not reported in the District's CCFS-311 report.			96,247
In governmental funds, unmatured interest on long-term liabilities is recognized in the period when it is due. On the government-wide statements, unmatured interest on long-term liabilities is recognized when it is incurred.			(2,582,298)
WHEH IL IS HICUITED.			(2,302,290)

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.

Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:		
General obligation bonds	\$ (290,574,091)	
Lease liability	(2,160,129)	
Subscription-based IT arrangements	(2,130,925)	
Compensated absences	(46,624,203)	
Less amount reported as a liability in the funds	2,641,119	
Financed purchases	(4,568)	
Early retirement incentive	(604,671)	
Aggregate net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability	(28,323,883)	
Less amount reported as a liability in the funds	81,434,580	
Aggregate net pension liability	(203,270,198)	
In addition, the District has issued 'capital appreciation'		
general obligation bonds. The accretion of interest		
unmatured on the general obligation bonds to date is	(61,245,153)	
Total long-term liabilities		\$ (550,862,122)
Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net		
position in a future period and is not reported in the District's funds.		
Deferred inflows of resources amount to and related to:		
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(36,332,501)	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(16,902,407)	
Deferred inflows of resources related to leases	(94,792)	
Total deferred inflows of resources		(53,329,700)
Total net position		\$ 297,403,702

### Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

### **District Organization**

This schedule provides information about the District's governing board members, administration members, and auxiliary organizations in good standing as of June 30, 2025.

### **Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards**

### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the SEFA) includes the federal award activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2025. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the SEFA presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting, except for subrecipient expenditures, which are recorded on the cash basis. When applicable, such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

### **Indirect Cost Rate**

The District has not elected to use the 10% de minimis cost rate.

### **Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards includes the State grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented to comply with reporting requirements of the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office.

### Schedule of Workload Measures for State General Apportionment Annual (Actual) Attendance

FTES is a measurement of the number of students attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of State funds to community college districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students based on various methods of accumulating attendance data.

### Reconciliation of Education Code Section 84362 (50% Law) Calculation

California *Education Code* section 84362 requires the District to expend a minimum of 50% of the unrestricted General Fund monies on salaries of classroom instructors. This is reported annually to the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office. This schedule provides a reconciliation of the amount reported to the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office and the impact of any audit adjustments and/or corrections noted during the audit.

### Proposition 30 Education Protection Account (EPA) Expenditure Report

This schedule provides information about the District's EPA revenues and summarizes the expenditures of EPA revenues.

### **Reconciliation of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position**

This schedule provides a reconciliation of the adjustments necessary to bring the District's internal fund financial statements, prepared on a modified accrual basis, to the full accrual basis financial statements required under GASB Statements No. 34 and No. 35 business-type activities reporting model.

Independent Auditor's Reports
June 30, 2025
Rancho Santiago Community College
District



# Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Trustees Rancho Santiago Community College District Santa Ana, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the business-type activities and fiduciary activities of Rancho Santiago Community College District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 16, 2025.

### **Adoption of New Accounting Standard**

As discussed in Note 2 and Note 14 to the financial statements, the District has adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, for the year ended June 30, 2025. Accordingly, a restatement has been made to the business-type activities net position as of July 1, 2024 to restate beginning net position. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Ede Sailly LLP

December 16, 2025



# Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Board of Trustees Rancho Santiago Community College District Santa Ana, California

### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Rancho Santiago Community College District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2025. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Rancho Santiago Community College District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2025.

### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
  design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance
  requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
  necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
  in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
  report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not
  for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control
  over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Esde Saelly LLP

December 16, 2025



### **Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance**

To the Board of Trustees Rancho Santiago Community College District Santa Ana, California

### **Report on State Compliance**

### **Opinion on State Compliance**

We have audited Rancho Santiago Community College District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2024-2025 California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Contracted District Audit Manual* applicable to the state laws and regulations identified below for the year ended June 30, 2025.

In our opinion, Rancho Santiago Community College District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the state laws and regulations identified below that were audited for the year ended June 30, 2025.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), and the 2024-2025 California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Contracted District Audit Manual*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's compliance with the requirements identified below.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements listed in the table below has occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the 2024-2025 California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Contracted District Audit Manual* will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements listed in the table below.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the 2024-2025 California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Contracted District Audit Manual*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
  test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred
  to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any material noncompliance that we identify during the audit.

### **Compliance Requirements Tested**

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with state laws and regulations applicable to the following:

Section 411	SCFF Data Management Control Environment
Section 412	SCFF Supplemental Allocation Metrics
Section 413	SCFF Success Allocation Metrics
Section 421	Salaries of Classroom Instructors (50% Law)
Section 423	Apportionment for Activities Funded From Other Sources
Section 424	Student Centered Funding Formula Base Allocation: FTES
Section 425	Residency Determination for Credit Courses
Section 426	Students Actively Enrolled
Section 427	Dual Enrollment (CCAP)
Section 430	Scheduled Maintenance Program
Section 431	Gann Limit Calculation
Section 444	Apprenticeship Related and Supplemental Instruction (RSI) Funds
Section 475	Disabled Student Programs and Services (DSPS)
Section 490	Proposition 1D and 51 State Bond Funded Projects
Section 491	Education Protection Account Funds
Section 492	Student Representation Fee
Section 494	State Fiscal Recovery Fund
Section 498	COVID-19 Recovery Block Grant Expenditures

The purpose of this report on state compliance is solely to describe the results of our testing based on the requirements of the 2024-2025 California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Contracted District Audit Manual*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Esde Bailly LLP

December 16, 2025

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
June 30, 2025
Rancho Santiago Community College
District

**Financial Statements** 

Type of auditor's report issued Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses identified No

Significant deficiencies identified not considered

to be material weaknesses None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No

**Federal Awards** 

Internal control over major programs:

Material weaknesses identified No

Significant deficiencies identified not considered

to be material weaknesses None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported

in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a): No

Identification of major programs

Name of Federal Program or Cluster Federal Financial Assistance Listing Number

Student Financial Assistance Cluster 84.007, 84.033, 84.063, 84.268

TRIO Cluster 84.042A, 84.044A, 84.047A, 84.047M, 84.047V

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A

and type B programs: \$1,526,114

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

**State Compliance** 

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for State programs: Unmodified

# Rancho Santiago Community College District Financial Statement Findings and Recommendations Year Ended June 30, 2025

# Rancho Santiago Community College District Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2025

# Rancho Santiago Community College District State Compliance Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2025

Year Ended June 30, 2025

Except as specified in previous sections of this report, summarized below is the current status of all audit findings report in the prior year's Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

### **Financial Statement Findings**

### 2024-001 Financial Reporting and Closing Process

### Criteria

California Community Colleges are required to present their financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

### Condition

Material Weakness - District management determined a correction to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 financial statements to disclose the Risk Management Deposit Fund held by the District's risk management JPA. As a result a restatement has been made to the business-type activities net position as of July 1, 2023, to correct the error. See Note 14 for additional information on the restatement.

### Context

The prior year balance associated with the above mentioned account required a restatement in order for the District's financial statements to be in accordance with GAAP.

### Cause

The oversight and monitoring controls over the closing process were not effective in preventing or detecting errors.

### **Effect**

A restatement to beginning net position as noted in Note 14 to the financial statements was recorded as of July 1, 2023 to ensure the financial statements were presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

### Repeat Finding: (Yes or No)

No.

### Recommendation

We recommend that the District implement more comprehensive review process and controls to ensure that all account balances are properly included on the District's general ledger and accounting records.

### **Current Status**

Implemented.

## Rancho Santiago Community College District Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2025

**Federal Awards Findings** 

None reported.

**State Compliance Findings**