

Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

**Rancho Santiago Community College
District**

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees
Rancho Santiago Community College District
Santa Ana, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities and fiduciary activities of Rancho Santiago Community College District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and fiduciary activities of Rancho Santiago Community College District as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Correction of Error

As discussed in Note 14 to the financial statements, an error resulting in an understatement of amounts previously reported for cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2023, were discovered during the current year. Accordingly, a restatement has been made to the business-type activities net position as of July 1, 2023, to correct the error. Our opinions are not modified with respect to that matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 14 and other required supplementary schedules as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and other supplementary information listed in the table of content are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated [REPORT DATE] on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

[REPORT DATE]

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The purpose of this annual report is to provide readers with information about the activities, programs and financial condition of Rancho Santiago Community College District (the District) as of June 30, 2024. The report consists of three basic financial statements: the Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and Statement of Cash Flows and provides information about the District as a whole. This section of the annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Rancho Santiago Community College District's financial statements are presented in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments and No. 35, Basic Financial Statements and Management Discussion and Analysis – for Public College and Universities. The statements allow for the presentation of financial activity and results of operations which focuses on the District as a whole. The entity-wide financial statements present the overall results of operations whereby all of the District's activities are consolidated into one total versus the traditional presentation by fund type. The focus of the Statement of Net Position is designed to be similar to the bottom-line results of the District. This statement combines and consolidates current financial resources with capital assets and long-term liabilities. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position focuses on the costs of the District's operational activities with revenues and expenses categorized as operating and nonoperating, and expenses are reported by natural classification. The Statement of Cash Flows provides an analysis of the sources and uses of cash within the operations of the District.

The California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office has recommended that all State community colleges follow the Business-Type Activity (BTA) model for financial statement reporting purposes.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Annual Report consists of three basic financial statements that provide information on the District as a whole and will be discussed below:

- The Statement of Net Position
- The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
- The Statement of Cash Flows

THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE**Statement of Net Position**

The Statement of Net Position presents the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position of the District as of the end of the fiscal year and is prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting method used by most private-sector organizations. The Statement of Net Position presents end-of-year data concerning assets (current and noncurrent), deferred outflows of resources, liabilities (current and noncurrent), deferred inflows of resources, and net position (assets minus liabilities), presenting the reader a fiscal snapshot of the District.

From the data presented, readers of the Statement of Net Position are able to determine the assets available to continue the operations of the District. Readers are also able to determine how much the District owes vendors and employees. Finally, the Statement of Net Position provides a picture of the net position and its availability for expenditure by the District.

The difference between total assets and total liabilities (net position) is one indicator of the current financial condition of the District; the change in net position is an indicator of whether the overall financial condition has improved or worsened during the year. Assets and liabilities are generally measured using current values. One notable exception is capital assets, which are stated at historical cost less an allocation for depreciation expense.

The net position (formerly called fund balance) is divided into three major categories. The first category, net investment in capital assets, provides the equity amount in property, plant, and equipment owned by the District. The second category is expendable restricted net position; this net position is available for expenditure by the District, but must be spent for purposes as determined by external entities and/or donors that have placed time or purpose restrictions on the use of the assets. The final category is unrestricted net position that is available to the District for any lawful purpose of the District.

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2024

The Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, is summarized below:

Table 1

	2024	2023, as restated	Change
Assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 417,764,029	\$ 396,740,623	\$ 21,023,406
Receivables	28,262,560	22,863,774	5,398,786
Other current assets	1,623,328	1,594,149	29,179
Lease receivables	32,105	92,401	(60,296)
Capital assets, net	537,431,288	541,443,290	(4,012,002)
Total assets	985,113,310	962,734,237	22,379,073
Deferred Outflows of Resources	95,937,275	90,667,684	5,269,591
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	112,056,943	131,509,277	(19,452,334)
Current portion of long-term liabilities	36,060,960	32,878,697	3,182,263
Noncurrent portion of long-term liabilities	613,003,864	665,391,307	(52,387,443)
Total liabilities	761,121,767	829,779,281	(68,657,514)
Deferred Inflows of Resources	62,527,730	64,058,849	(1,531,119)
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	221,334,358	198,391,162	22,943,196
Restricted	164,258,104	157,140,310	7,117,794
Unrestricted (deficit)	(128,191,374)	(195,967,681)	67,776,307
Total net position	\$ 257,401,088	\$ 159,563,791	\$ 97,837,297

Amounts reported for the year ended June 30, 2023 have been restated for a correction of error. See Note 14 to the financial statements for further detail.

Fiscal year ended 2024 compared to 2023:

- Total assets increased approximately \$22.4 million, a 2.3% increase from the prior year. Cash and investments increased by \$21.0 million mostly due to cash flows from noncapital financing activities including property taxes and state apportionment, and interest received from investments. Accounts receivable increased by \$5.4 million largely due to an increase in the student receivable balance as the colleges strive to grow enrollment. Net capital assets decreased by approximately \$4.0 million due to current year depreciation and amortization expenses outpacing current year capital expenditure additions.
- Accounts payable and accrued liabilities decreased approximately \$19.5 million, a 14.8% decrease from the prior year. This was mostly due to decrease in unearned revenues arising from Apprenticeship and Scheduled Maintenance and Special Repairs Programs.

- Long-term liabilities decreased by \$52.4 million, a 7.9% decrease from the prior year. The decrease is mostly due to a significant decrease in the District's OPEB liability during the current year and payment of District's outstanding general obligation bonds.
- Due to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, described in more detail in Note 11 of the financial statements, the District's net position is adjusted to reflect its "proportionate share" of CalPERS and CalSTRS net pension liabilities as a reduction to net position. Though this is an accounting requirement, districts cannot fund these pension liabilities more than required by CalPERS and CalSTRS. By backing out this accounting shift, the District's total net position would be reported as \$414,672,491 at June 30, 2024, an increase of \$91,711,740 over the previous year's adjusted total net position of \$322,960,751.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Changes in total net position are presented on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. The purpose of this statement is to present the operating and nonoperating revenues earned whether received or not by the District, the operating and nonoperating expenses incurred whether paid or not by the District, and any other revenues, expenses, gains and/or losses earned or incurred by the District. Thus, this statement presents the District's results of operations.

Generally, operating revenues are earned for providing goods and services to the various customers and constituencies of the District. Operating expenses are those expenses incurred to acquire or produce the goods and services provided in return for the operating revenues and to fulfill the mission of the District. Nonoperating revenues are those received or pledged for which goods and services are not provided; for example, State appropriations while budgeted for operations, are considered nonoperating revenue according to generally accepted accounting principles because they are provided by the legislature to the District without the legislature directly receiving commensurate goods and services for those revenues.

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2024

Operating Results for the Year

Table 2

	2024	2023, as restated	Change
Operating Revenues			
Tuition and fees, net	\$ 13,819,568	\$ 13,771,103	\$ 48,465
Grants and contracts, noncapital	111,673,591	96,263,478	15,410,113
Other operating revenues	2,967,794	3,221,553	(253,759)
Total operating revenues	128,460,953	113,256,134	15,204,819
Operating Expenses			
Salaries and benefits	230,311,183	210,089,433	20,221,750
Supplies, services, equipment, and maintenance	77,683,607	75,725,132	1,958,475
Student financial aid	48,380,465	53,455,110	(5,074,645)
Depreciation and amortization	19,876,729	18,651,961	1,224,768
Total operating expenses	376,251,984	357,921,636	18,330,348
Operating loss	(247,791,031)	(244,665,502)	(3,125,529)
Nonoperating Revenues			
State apportionments	119,129,043	89,057,504	30,071,539
Property taxes	149,488,283	137,378,490	12,109,793
Student financial aid grants	46,718,268	49,208,464	(2,490,196)
Other state revenues	11,753,746	9,630,958	2,122,788
Net interest income	5,274,799	519,924	4,754,875
Other nonoperating revenues	7,007,414	10,687,858	(3,680,444)
Total nonoperating revenue	339,371,553	296,483,198	42,888,355
Other Revenues (Losses)			
State and local capital income	6,485,702	20,916,508	(14,430,806)
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(228,927)	-	(228,927)
Total other revenues (losses)	6,256,775	20,916,508	(14,659,733)
Change in net position	\$ 97,837,297	\$ 72,734,204	\$ 25,103,093

Amounts reported for the year ended June 30, 2023 have been restated for a correction of error. See Note 14 to the financial statements for further detail.

Fiscal year ended 2024 compared to 2023:

- Grants and contracts, noncapital increased by \$15.4 million (16%) largely due to significant increase in State revenues from Strong Workforce Programs.
- Salaries and benefits expenses increased by \$20.2 million (9.63%) due to increased instructional salaries due to enrollment growth, salary increases due to step increases and cost of living adjustment (COLA) and a slight increase in pension expenses related to increased employer contribution rate to retirement.

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2024

- Supplies, services, equipment, and maintenance increased by \$2.0 million (2.6%) largely due to an increase in non-capital expenditures related to contracted services for building improvements.
- Revenues from State apportionment increased by \$30.1 million (3.38%) due to increases in funding rates per full time equivalent students and increase in enrollment, which boosted the District's revenues under the Student Centered Funding Formula. The State also apportioned a higher COLA at 8.22%.
- Property taxes increased by \$12.1 million (8.8%) due to an increase in taxable property values in the County of Orange and an increase in Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund (ERAF) revenues.
- Net interest revenue increased by \$4.8 million (914.5%) due to higher interest rates and a lower unrealized loss on the fair market value of deposits held by the Orange County Treasury compared to prior year.
- State and local capital income decreased by \$14.4 million (69.0%) due to a decrease in Scheduled Maintenance and Special Repairs Program revenues and Community College Construction Act revenues.

In accordance with requirements set forth by the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office, the District reports operating expenses by object code. Operating expenses by functional classification are as follows:

Table 3

Year ended June 30, 2024:

	Salaries and Employee Benefits	Supplies, Material, and Other Expenses and Services	Student Financial Aid	Equipment, Maintenance, and Repairs	Depreciation and Amortization	Total
Instructional activities	\$ 100,127,336	\$ 9,880,902	\$ -	\$ 2,950,436	\$ -	\$ 112,958,674
Instructional administration	19,652,349	1,072,072	-	270,174	-	20,994,595
Instructional support services	10,790,902	742,387	-	166,267	-	11,699,556
Student services	42,375,120	1,958,496	-	204,766	-	44,538,382
Plant operations and maintenance	6,362,717	6,997,274	-	118,298	-	13,478,289
Planning, policymaking, and coordinations	3,265,634	823,086	-	3,046	-	4,091,766
Institutional support services	29,401,873	29,498,137	-	1,366,010	-	60,266,020
Community services and economic development	1,716,227	10,312,997	-	6,614	-	12,035,838
Ancillary services and auxiliary operations	15,053,565	5,980,342	-	335,161	-	21,369,068
Student aid	-	-	48,380,465	-	-	48,380,465
Physical property and related acquisitions	1,565,460	1,247,274	-	3,749,868	-	6,562,602
Unallocated depreciation and amortization	-	-	-	-	19,876,729	19,876,729
Total	\$ 230,311,183	\$ 68,512,967	\$ 48,380,465	\$ 9,170,640	\$ 19,876,729	\$ 376,251,984

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2024

Changes in Cash Position

The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about cash receipts and cash payments during the fiscal year. This statement also helps users assess the District's ability to generate positive cash flows, meet obligations as they come due, and the need for external financing.

The Statement of Cash Flows is divided into five parts. The first part reflects operating cash flows and shows the net cash used by operating activities of the District. The second part details cash received for nonoperating, noninvesting, and noncapital financing purposes. The third part shows cash flows from capital and related financing activities and deals with the cash used for the acquisition and construction of capital and related items. The fourth part provides information from investing activities and the amount of interest received. The last section reconciles the net change in cash and cash equivalents to the ending cash and cash equivalents balance reflected on the Statement of Net Position.

- Operating activities consist of cash receipts from enrollment fees, grants and contracts, and cash payments for salaries, benefits, supplies, utilities, and other items related to the instructional program.
- Noncapital financing activities are primarily State apportionment and property taxes.
- Capital financing activities consist of purchases of capital assets (land, buildings, and equipment) and bond interest payments and receipts from Federal and State grants for capital purposes, as well as property tax revenue for bond repayments.
- Cash from investing activities is interest earned on investments through the Orange County Investment Pool and the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF).

Table 4

	2024	2023, as restated	Change
Net Cash Flows from			
Operating activities	\$ (265,005,200)	\$ (242,607,886)	\$ (22,397,314)
Noncapital financing activities	297,246,209	249,660,821	47,585,388
Capital financing activities	(21,717,425)	1,607,992	(23,325,417)
Investing activities	15,792,368	8,983,447	6,808,921
Net Increase in Cash	26,315,952	17,644,374	8,671,578
Cash and cash equivalents, Beginning of Year	391,275,628	373,631,254	17,644,374
Cash and cash equivalents, End of Year	<u>\$ 417,591,580</u>	<u>\$ 391,275,628</u>	<u>\$ 26,315,952</u>

Amounts reported for the year ended June 30, 2023 have been restated for a correction of error. See Note 14 to the financial statements for further detail.

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2024

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2024, the District had approximately \$825.2 million invested in total capital assets, less \$287.8 million of accumulated depreciation and amortization for net capital assets of \$537.4 million. The District spent approximately \$16.2 million on capital assets in 2023-2024, the majority of which relate to state capital revenues. Depreciation and amortization charges totaled \$19.9 million in 2023-2024.

Note 7 in the financial statements provides additional information on capital assets. A summary of capital assets is presented below.

Table 5

	2024	2023	Net Change
Capital Assets			
Land and construction in progress	\$ 108,397,663	\$ 148,715,644	\$ (40,317,981)
Buildings and improvements, net	414,161,977	378,302,160	35,859,817
Furniture and equipment, net	8,607,791	7,859,373	748,418
Right-to-use leased assets, net	2,739,557	2,955,244	(215,687)
Right-to-use subscription IT assets, net	3,524,300	3,610,869	(86,569)
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 537,431,288</u>	<u>\$ 541,443,290</u>	<u>\$ (4,012,002)</u>

Long-Term Liabilities other than OPEB and Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the District had \$402.6 million in outstanding long-term liabilities compared to \$429.4 million at June 30, 2023. The net decrease of \$26.9 million includes payments of \$28.5 million on the District's outstanding general obligation bonds. We present more detailed information regarding our long-term liabilities in Note 8 of the financial statements.

Table 6

	2024	2023	Net Change
General obligation bonds	\$ 379,695,147	\$ 405,527,604	\$ (25,832,457)
Lease liability	2,499,565	2,543,798	(44,233)
Subscription-based IT arrangements	3,578,194	3,561,920	16,274
Other liabilities	16,819,741	17,816,151	(996,410)
Total long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 402,592,647</u>	<u>\$ 429,449,473</u>	<u>\$ (26,856,826)</u>
Amount due within one year	<u>\$ 36,060,960</u>	<u>\$ 32,878,697</u>	<u>\$ 3,182,263</u>
Total long-term portion	<u>\$ 366,531,687</u>	<u>\$ 396,570,776</u>	<u>\$ (30,039,089)</u>

OPEB and Pension Liabilities

At June 30, 2024, the District had an aggregate net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability of \$33.0 million, versus \$69.4 million last year, a decrease of \$36.4 million or 52.4%. The District had an aggregate net pension liability of \$213.5 million, versus \$199.4 million last year, an increase of \$14.1 million or 7.1%.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Based on the State Chancellor's Office Joint Analysis dated July 3, 2024, the State is projecting a multi-year deficit of about \$45 billion in fiscal year 2024-2025 and \$30 million in fiscal year 2025-2026 due to revenue shortfalls in the technology sector and delays in tax payments. The State intends to address this deficit thru reserve withdrawals, spending reductions, revenue increases and cost shifts. Despite the projected deficit, there are no major reductions to core Community College programs and services. The State budget includes \$28 million to fund 0.5% enrollment growth and \$100.2 million to support 1.07% COLA and another \$13.1 million to support 1.07% COLA for certain categorical programs and the Adult Education program.

At the time the 2024-2025 budget was developed, the following assumptions were made:

- Apportionment revenue for 2024-2025 was budgeted using the Student Centered Funding Formula at the full calculated revenue less estimated deficit factor, the 2024-2025 COLA of 1.07%, and a statewide growth funding of 0.5%.
- The District's health and welfare benefit premium cost as of January 2025 is estimated to increase by 3.0%. The District continues to budget \$1 million for part-time faculty health benefits.
- The District's contribution to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) will remain at 19.10%. The District's contribution to the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) will increase in 2024-2025 from 26.68% to 27.05%.
- The District estimates 29,233 Full-Time Equivalent Students at 0.5% potential funded growth.
- The full-time faculty obligation (FON) for Fall 2024 is estimated to be 354. The Fall 2023 report indicated the District was 52.6 over its FON and will meet the Fall 2024 obligation without the need to hire additional full time faculty.
- The District's 2023-2024 unrestricted ending balance increased by \$38.93 million. The 2023-2024 ending fund balance is \$108.93 million.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

- The financial position of the District is closely tied to that of the State of California. The District receives over 90% of its unrestricted general fund revenues through State apportionments, local property taxes including redevelopment agency allocations, the Education Protection Account (EPA) and student paid enrollment fees which make up the District's general apportionment, the main funding support for California community colleges.
- Trends affecting California community colleges include the decline in California's population, the decline in median home prices below the pandemic peak in April 2022, the decline of income tax withholdings in 2023, and the state's ongoing housing shortage which continues to be a primary constraint to growth. These factors and the Student Centered Funding Formula adding additional volatility to the District's future funding necessitates a cautious approach to budget forecasts.
- Management continues to closely monitor the State budget information and operating costs of the District and will maintain a close watch over resources to ensure financial stability and retain reserve levels required by Board Policy and the State Chancellor's Office.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact Rancho Santiago Community College District, attention Vice Chancellor, Business Services, 2323 North Broadway, Santa Ana, CA 92706, (714) 480-7340.

Rancho Santiago Community College District

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2024

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 28,011,604
Investments	389,752,425
Accounts receivable	21,585,007
Student receivables	6,677,553
Prepaid expenses	687,403
Inventories	935,925
Lease receivables	32,105
Capital assets not depreciated or amortized	108,397,663
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization	429,033,625

Total assets	<u>985,113,310</u>
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Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources related to debt refunding	9,947,336
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	13,825,159
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	72,164,780

Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>95,937,275</u>
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Liabilities

Accounts payable	38,123,060
Accrued interest payable	2,696,705
Unearned revenue	71,237,178
Long-term liabilities	
Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions, due within one year	36,060,960
Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions, due in more than one year	366,531,687
Aggregate net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability	32,991,513
Aggregate net pension liability	213,480,664

Total liabilities	<u>761,121,767</u>
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Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	46,542,041
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	15,955,519
Deferred inflows of resources related to leases	30,170

Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>62,527,730</u>
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Net Position

Net investment in capital assets	221,334,358
Restricted for	
Debt service	35,346,912
Capital projects	104,005,302
Educational programs	7,055,845
Other activities	17,850,045
Unrestricted (deficit)	(128,191,374)

Total net position	<u>\$ 257,401,088</u>
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Rancho Santiago Community College District
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
Year Ended June 30, 2024

Operating Revenues	
Tuition and fees	\$ 31,531,671
Less: Scholarship discounts and allowances	<u>(17,712,103)</u>
Net tuition and fees	<u>13,819,568</u>
Grants and contracts, noncapital	
Federal	12,701,662
State	97,462,257
Local	<u>1,509,672</u>
Total grants and contracts, noncapital	<u>111,673,591</u>
Other operating revenues	<u>2,967,794</u>
Total operating revenues	<u>128,460,953</u>
Operating Expenses	
Salaries	182,116,829
Employee benefits	48,194,354
Supplies, materials, and other operating expenses and services	68,512,967
Student financial aid	48,380,465
Equipment, maintenance, and repairs	9,170,640
Depreciation and amortization	<u>19,876,729</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>376,251,984</u>
Operating Loss	<u>(247,791,031)</u>
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	
State apportionments, noncapital	119,129,043
Local property taxes, levied for general purposes	112,007,366
Taxes levied for other specific purposes	37,480,917
Federal and state financial aid grants	46,718,268
State taxes and other revenues	11,753,746
Investment income	16,494,585
Interest expense on capital related debt	(12,265,526)
Investment income on capital asset-related debt, net	1,045,740
Other nonoperating revenue	<u>7,007,414</u>
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	<u>339,371,553</u>
Income Before Other Revenues (Losses)	<u>91,580,522</u>
Other Revenues (Losses)	
State revenues, capital	1,529,764
Local revenues, capital	4,955,938
Loss on disposal of capital assets	<u>(228,927)</u>
Total other revenues (losses)	<u>6,256,775</u>
Change In Net Position	97,837,297
Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported	154,264,863
Adjustment (Note 14)	<u>5,298,928</u>
Net Position, Beginning, as restated	<u>159,563,791</u>
Net Position, End of Year	<u><u>\$ 257,401,088</u></u>

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Statement of Cash Flows
Year Ended June 30, 2024

Operating Activities	
Tuition and fees	\$ 11,330,967
Federal, state, and local grants and contracts, noncapital	105,277,622
Auxiliary sales	2,967,794
Payments to or on behalf of employees	(260,971,332)
Payments to vendors for supplies and services	(75,229,786)
Payments to students for scholarships and grants	<u>(48,380,465)</u>
Net cash flows from operating activities	<u>(265,005,200)</u>
Noncapital Financing Activities	
State apportionments	114,854,506
Federal and state financial aid grants	46,718,268
Property taxes - nondebt related	113,417,948
State taxes and other apportionments	11,399,690
Other nonoperating	<u>10,855,797</u>
Net cash flows from noncapital financing activities	<u>297,246,209</u>
Capital Financing Activities	
Purchase of capital assets	(27,046,060)
State revenue, capital projects	189,009
Local revenue, capital projects	4,955,938
Property taxes - related to capital debt	37,480,917
Principal paid on capital debt	(30,624,689)
Interest paid on capital debt	(7,718,280)
Interest received on capital asset-related debt	<u>1,045,740</u>
Net cash flows from capital financing activities	<u>(21,717,425)</u>
Investing Activities	
Change in fair market value of cash in county treasury	1,396,489
Interest received from investments	<u>14,395,879</u>
Net cash flows from investing activities	<u>15,792,368</u>
Change In Cash and Cash Equivalents	26,315,952
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	<u>391,275,628</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	<u><u>\$ 417,591,580</u></u>

Rancho Santiago Community College District

Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Reconciliation of Net Operating Loss to Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Operating Loss	\$ (247,791,031)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash flows from operating activities	
Depreciation and amortization expense	19,876,729
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources	
Accounts receivable	4,402,323
Student receivables	(2,994,076)
Inventories	(1,872)
Prepaid expenses	(27,307)
Lease receivables	60,296
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	4,425,786
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	(11,836,435)
Accounts payable	4,006,577
Unearned revenue	(10,292,772)
Compensated absences	423,434
Load banking	387,902
Early retirement incentive	(1,765,281)
Aggregate net OPEB liability	(36,455,135)
Aggregate net pension liability	14,106,781
Deferred inflows of resources related to leases	(60,341)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	6,925,125
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(8,395,903)
Total adjustments	(17,214,169)
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$ (265,005,200)

Cash and Cash Equivalents Consist of the Following

Cash in banks	\$ 27,876,604
Cash with fiscal agent	135,000
Cash in county treasury	389,579,976
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 417,591,580

Noncash Transactions

Amortization of deferred outflows of resources related to debt refunding	\$ 2,141,058
Amortization of debt premiums	\$ 1,707,987
Accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds	\$ 4,385,530
Recognition of lease liabilities arising from obtaining right-to-use leased assets	\$ 555,901
Recognition of subscription based IT arrangement liabilities arising from obtaining right-to-use subscription IT assets	\$ 1,488,364

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Fiduciary Funds
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2024

	Retiree OPEB Trust	Custodial Funds
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 749,088
Investments	65,255,781	436,233,667
Accounts receivable	<u>-</u>	<u>1,702,741</u>
Total assets	<u>65,255,781</u>	<u>438,685,496</u>
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	<u>-</u>	<u>5,239,636</u>
Net Position		
Restricted for postemployment benefits other than pensions	65,255,781	-
Restricted for other local governments	<u>-</u>	<u>433,445,860</u>
Total net position	<u><u>\$ 65,255,781</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 433,445,860</u></u>

Rancho Santiago Community College District

Fiduciary Funds

Statement of Changes in Net Position

Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Retiree OPEB Trust	Custodial Funds
Additions		
State revenues	\$ -	\$ 296,958,455
District contributions	4,997,701	-
Interest and investment income, net of fees	7,082,889	23,153,355
Total additions	12,080,590	320,111,810
Deductions		
Services and operating expenditures	-	1,800,000
Payments to other local governments	-	355,677,541
Benefit payments	4,997,701	-
Administrative expenses	133,814	-
Total deductions	5,131,515	357,477,541
Change in Net Position	6,949,075	(37,365,731)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	58,306,706	470,811,591
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 65,255,781	\$ 433,445,860

Note 1 - Organization

Rancho Santiago Community College District (the District) was established in 1971 as a political subdivision of the State of California and is a comprehensive, public, two-year institution offering educational services to residents of the surrounding area. The District operates under a locally elected seven-member Board of Trustees form of government, which establishes the policies and procedures by which the District operates. The Board must approve the annual budgets for the General Fund, special revenue funds, and capital project funds, but these budgets are managed at the department level. Currently, the District operates two colleges and six campuses/centers located within Orange County. While the District is a political subdivision of the State of California, it is legally separate and is independent of other State and local governments, and it is not a component unit of the State in accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61. The District is classified as a Public Educational Institution under Internal Revenue Code Section 115 and is, therefore, exempt from Federal taxes.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**Financial Reporting Entity**

The District has adopted accounting policies to determine whether certain organizations, for which the District is not financially accountable, should be reported as component units based on the nature and significance of their relationship with the District, as defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The District has identified no component units.

Basis of Accounting

For financial reporting purposes, the District is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities as defined by GASB. This presentation provides a comprehensive government-wide perspective of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, activities, and cash flows and replaces the fund group perspective previously required. Fiduciary activities are excluded from the primary government financial statements. The District's financial statements have been presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The significant accounting policies followed by the District in preparing these financial statements are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by GASB. Additionally, the District's policies comply with the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Budget and Accounting Manual*. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred. All material intra-agency and intra-fund transactions have been eliminated.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. For the District, operating revenues consist primarily of student fees and noncapital grants and contracts.

Rancho Santiago Community College District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include State apportionments, property taxes, Federal and State financial aid grants, entitlements, and donations. Property tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year attributed to. State apportionment revenue is earned based upon criteria set forth from the Community Colleges Chancellor's Office and includes reporting of full-time equivalent students (FTES) attendance. The corresponding apportionment revenue is recognized in the period the FTES are generated. Revenue from Federal and State financial aid grants are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements may include time and/or purpose requirements.

Expenses are recorded on the accrual basis as they are incurred, when goods are received, or services are rendered.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury for purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value, including money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts with original maturities greater than one year, are stated at cost or amortized cost.

The District's investment in the County treasury and LAIF is measured at fair value on a recurring basis, which is determined by the fair value per share of the underlying portfolio determined by the program sponsor. Positions in these investment pools are not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable include amounts due from the Federal, State and/or local governments, or private sources, in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to the District's grants and contracts. Accounts receivable also consist of tuition and fee charges to students and auxiliary enterprise services provided to students, faculty, and staff. The District does not record an allowance for uncollectable accounts because collectability of the receivables from such sources is probable. When receivables are determined to be uncollectable, a direct write-off is recorded. Management has analyzed these accounts and believes all amounts are fully collectable.

Prepaid Expenses

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as an expense when consumed rather than when purchased.

Inventories

Inventories consist primarily of bookstore merchandise and supplies held for resale to the students and faculty of the colleges. Inventories are stated at lower of cost or market. The cost is recorded as an expense as the inventory is consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets, Depreciation, and Amortization

Capital assets are long-lived assets of the District as a whole and include land, construction in progress, buildings, building and land improvements, and equipment. The District maintains an initial unit cost capitalization threshold of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life greater than one year. Assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost, when purchased or constructed. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Improvements to buildings and land that significantly increase the value or extend the useful life of the asset are capitalized; the costs of routine maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are charged as an operating expense in the year in which the expense was incurred. Major outlays for capital improvements are capitalized as construction in progress as the projects are constructed.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded utilizing the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 50 years; improvements, 10 to 15 years; equipment, 3 to 8 years; and vehicles, 3 years.

The District records the value of intangible right-to-use assets based on the underlying leased asset in accordance with GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The right-to-use intangible asset is amortized each year for the term of the contract or useful life of the underlying asset.

The District records the value of right-to-use subscription IT assets based on the underlying subscription asset in accordance with GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)*. The right-to-use subscription IT asset is amortized each year for the term of the contract or useful life of the underlying asset.

The District records impairments of capital assets when it becomes probable that the carrying value of the assets will not be fully recovered over their estimated useful life. Impairments are recorded to reduce the carrying value of the assets to their net realizable value based on facts and circumstances in existence at the time of the determination. No impairments were recorded during the year ended June 30, 2024.

Compensated Absences and Load Banking

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. The current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignation and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid within the fund from which the employees who have accumulated the leave are paid. The District also participates in "load banking" with eligible academic employees whereby the employee may teach extra courses in one period in exchange for time off in another period. The liability for this benefit is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee based upon negotiated contracts. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, the value of accumulated sick leave is not recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. However, retirement credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified members who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive 0.004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave. Retirement credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all academic employees and is determined by dividing the number of unused sick days by the number of base service days required to complete the last school year, if employed full time.

Debt Premiums

Debt premiums are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. All other bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position also reports deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources related to debt refunding, for OPEB related items, and for pension related items. The deferred outflows of resources related to debt refunding resulted from the difference between the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. The amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred amounts related to OPEB and pension related items are associated with differences between expected and actual earnings on plan investments, changes of assumptions, and other OPEB and pension related changes.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The District reports deferred inflows of resources for leases, OPEB, and pension related items.

Leases

The District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use leased asset in the government-wide financial statements. The District measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The right-to-use leased asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the right-to-use leased asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

The District recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Subscription-based IT Arrangements

The District recognizes a subscription-based IT arrangement liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription IT asset (subscription IT asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The District measures the subscription-based IT arrangement liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Subsequently, the subscription-based IT arrangement liability is reduced by the principal portion of subscription payments made. The right-to-use subscription IT asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription-based IT arrangement liability, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the right-to-use subscription IT asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the subscription term or useful life of the underlying asset.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan for schools and miscellaneous risk plan (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value. The aggregate net pension liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid by the fund in which the employee worked.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District Plan and the CalSTRS Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program and additions to/deductions from the District Plan and the MPP's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the District Plan and the MPP. For this purpose, the District Plan and the MPP recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost. The total OPEB liability will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

Rancho Santiago Community College District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, such as when certain grants are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In the subsequent periods, when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and the revenue is recognized. Unearned revenue is primarily composed of (1) amounts received for tuition and fees prior to the end of the fiscal year that are related to the subsequent fiscal year and (2) amounts received from Federal and State grants received before the eligibility requirements are met.

Noncurrent Liabilities

Noncurrent liabilities include bonds payable, lease payables, SBITA payables, financed purchases, early retirement incentives, claims liability, compensated absences and load banking with maturities greater than one year.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position related to net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. The government-wide financial statements report \$164,258,104 of restricted net position, and the fiduciary funds financial statements report \$498,701,641 of restricted net position.

Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Classification of Revenues – The District has classified its revenues as either operating or nonoperating. Certain significant revenue streams relied upon for operation are classified as nonoperating as defined by GASB. Classifications are as follows:

- **Operating revenues** – Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions such as tuition and fees, net of scholarship discounts and allowances, Federal, State, and local grants and contracts, and sales and services of auxiliary enterprises.
- **Nonoperating revenues** – Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions such as State apportionments, property taxes, investment income, and other revenue sources defined by GASB.

Rancho Santiago Community College District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

Classification of Expenses – Nearly all of the District’s expenses are from exchange transactions and are classified as either operating or nonoperating according to the following criteria:

- **Operating expenses** – Operating expenses are necessary costs to provide the services of the District and include employee salaries and benefits, supplies, operating expenses, and student financial aid.
- **Nonoperating expenses** – Nonoperating expenses include interest expense and other expenses not directly related to the services of the District.

State Apportionments

Certain current year apportionments from the state are based on financial and statistical information of the previous year. Any corrections due to the recalculation of the apportionment are made in February of the subsequent year. When known and measurable, these recalculations and corrections are accrued in the year in which the FTES are generated.

Property Taxes

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. The County Assessor is responsible for assessment of all taxable real property. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Orange bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded in the fiscal year attributed to.

The voters of the District passed General Obligation Bonds in 2002 and 2012 for the acquisition, construction, and remodeling of certain District property. As a result of the passage of the Bond, property taxes are assessed on the property within the District specifically for the repayment of the debt incurred. The taxes are assessed, billed, and collected as noted above and remitted to the District when collected.

Scholarship Discounts and Allowances

Tuition and fee revenue is reported net of scholarship discounts and allowances. Fee waivers approved by the California Community College Board of Governors are included within the scholarship discounts and allowances in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. Scholarship discounts and allowances represent the difference between stated charges for enrollment fees and the amount that is paid by students or third parties making payments on the students’ behalf.

Financial Assistance Programs

The District participates in federally funded Pell Grants, Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (SEOG), and Federal Work-Study programs, as well as other programs funded by the Federal government and State of California. Financial aid provided to the student in the form of cash is reported as an operating expense in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. Federal financial assistance programs are audited in accordance with Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates, and those differences could be material.

Interfund Activity

Interfund receivable and payable balances arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. Interfund activity within the primary government and fiduciary funds has been eliminated respectively in the consolidation process of the basic financial statements. Balances owing between the primary government and the fiduciary funds are not eliminated in the consolidation process.

Operating transfers between funds of the District are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use restricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Operating transfers within the primary government and fiduciary funds has been eliminated respectively in the consolidation process of the basic financial statements. Balances transferred between the primary government and the fiduciary funds are not eliminated in the consolidation process.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard**Implementation of GASB Statement No. 100**

As of July 1, 2023, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*. The implementation of this standard requires additional presentation and disclosure requirements for accounting changes and error corrections. There was not a significant effect on the District's financial statements as a result of the implementation of the standard.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments**Policies and Practices**

The District is authorized under California *Government Code* to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

Rancho Santiago Community College District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

Investment in County Treasury – In accordance with the *Budget and Accounting Manual*, the District deposits substantially all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

Investment in the State Investment Pool – The District is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California *Government Code* Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

General Authorizations

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

Authorized Under Debt Agreements

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements rather than the general provisions of the California *Government Code*. These provisions allow for the acquisition of investment agreements with maturities of up to 30 years.

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2024, consist of the following:

	Primary Government	Fiduciary Funds
Cash on hand and in banks	\$ 27,768,060	\$ 749,088
Cash in revolving	108,544	-
Cash with fiscal agent	135,000	-
Investments	389,752,425	501,489,448
Total deposits and investments	<u>\$ 417,764,029</u>	<u>\$ 502,238,536</u>

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by primarily investing in the Orange County Educational Investment Pool, mutual funds, and LAIF.

Specific Identification

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to interest rate risk and credit risk is provided by the following schedule that shows the distribution of the District's investment by maturity and credit rating:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity in Days	Credit Rating
Mutual funds	\$ 65,255,781	N/A	Not rated
Orange County educational investment pool	825,813,643	407	AAAf
State investment pool (LAIF)	172,449	217	Not rated
Total	<u>\$ 891,241,873</u>		

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The District's investment in LAIF and mutual funds are not required to be rated, nor have they been rated as of June 30, 2024.

Custodial Credit Risk**Deposits**

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. District policy requires that funds that are not required for the immediate use need of the District may be invested in the County Educational Investment Pool, State's Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), or in other investments as permitted by *Government Code* Sections 53601, 53635, 53534, and 53648. The California *Government Code* requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agency. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105% of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2024, the District's bank balance of \$26,380,892 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the name of the District.

Investments

This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2024, the District's investment balance of \$64,755,781 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured, unregistered and held by the brokerage firm which is also the counterparty for these securities. The District manages these investments according to the Board authorized irrevocable trust for OPEB.

Note 4 - Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 – Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the District has the ability to access at the measurement date. Level 1 assets may include debt and equity securities that are traded in an active exchange market and that are highly liquid and are actively traded in over-the-counter markets.
- Level 2 – Observable inputs, other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, such as interest rates and curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, implied volatilities, and credit spreads. For financial reporting purposes, if an asset has a specified term, a Level 2 input is required to be observable for substantially the full term of the asset.

Rancho Santiago Community College District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

- Level 3 – Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonably available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

The District's fair value measurements are as follows at June 30, 2024:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Level 1 Inputs
Mutual funds	\$ 65,255,781	\$ 65,255,781

All assets have been valued using a market approach, which uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or group of assets.

Note 5 - Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable as of June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

	Primary Government	Fiduciary Funds
Federal Government		
Categorical aid	\$ 3,926,537	\$ -
State Government		
Apportionment	4,353,937	-
Categorical aid	1,194,474	-
Lottery	1,928,323	-
Other state sources	1,340,755	-
Local Sources		
Property taxes	2,947,391	-
Interest	2,440,251	1,702,741
Other local sources	3,453,339	-
Total	\$ 21,585,007	\$ 1,702,741
Student receivables	\$ 6,677,553	

Note 6 - Lease Receivables

The lease receivable is summarized below:

Lease Receivable	Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2024
District Office Lease	\$ 92,401	\$ -	\$ (60,296)	\$ 32,105

Rancho Santiago Community College District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

District Office Lease – 118th Congress

The District leases a portion of its District Office Building located in Santa Ana, California to the 118th Congress of the United States of America. This lease term extends until January 2, 2025. Monthly lease payments are due at the end of each month. As of June 30, 2024, the District recorded \$32,105 in lease receivables and \$30,170 of deferred inflows of resources related to the lease. During the fiscal year, the District recognized \$4,115 in lease revenue and \$4,161 in interest revenue related to this agreement. An interest rate of 6.37% was applied to the lease.

Note 7 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Balance, July 1, 2023	Additions	Deductions	Balance, June 30, 2024
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated or Amortized				
Land	\$ 89,964,360	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 89,964,360
Construction in progress	58,751,284	5,923,780	(46,241,761)	18,433,303
Total capital assets not being depreciated or amortized	148,715,644	5,923,780	(46,241,761)	108,397,663
Capital Assets Being Depreciated and Amortized				
Site improvements	88,704,965	4,908,212	-	93,613,177
Buildings and improvements	489,771,254	46,429,475	-	536,200,729
Furniture and equipment	74,272,151	3,104,410	(408,907)	76,967,654
Right-to-use leased buildings and improvements	3,339,916	-	(78,717)	3,261,199
Right-to-use leased furniture and equipment	215,822	555,901	-	771,723
Right-to-use subscription IT assets	4,771,938	1,515,524	(280,718)	6,006,744
Total capital assets being depreciated or amortized	661,076,046	56,513,522	(768,342)	716,821,226
Less Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization				
Site improvements	(78,840,406)	(5,152,922)	-	(83,993,328)
Buildings and improvements	(121,333,653)	(10,324,948)	-	(131,658,601)
Furniture and equipment	(66,412,778)	(2,127,065)	179,980	(68,359,863)
Right-to-use leased buildings and improvements	(573,106)	(638,181)	78,717	(1,132,570)
Right-to-use leased furniture and equipment	(27,388)	(133,407)	-	(160,795)
Right-to-use subscription IT assets	(1,161,069)	(1,500,206)	178,831	(2,482,444)
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization	(268,348,400)	(19,876,729)	437,528	(287,787,601)
Total capital assets, net	\$ 541,443,290	\$ 42,560,573	\$ (46,572,575)	\$ 537,431,288

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities other than OPEB and Pensions

Summary

The changes in the District's long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions during the year ended June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

	Balance, July 1, 2023	Additions	Deductions	Balance, June 30, 2024	Due in One Year
General obligation bonds	\$ 390,337,938	\$ 4,385,530	\$ (28,510,000)	\$ 366,213,468	\$ 31,125,000
Bond premium	15,189,666	-	(1,707,987)	13,481,679	-
Compensated absences	7,573,284	423,434	-	7,996,718	847,225
Load banking	5,626,782	387,902	-	6,014,684	-
Early retirement incentive	4,135,233	-	(1,765,281)	2,369,952	1,765,281
Financed purchases	80,852	-	(42,465)	38,387	33,819
Lease liability	2,543,798	555,901	(600,134)	2,499,565	616,169
Subscription-based IT arrangements	3,561,920	1,488,364	(1,472,090)	3,578,194	1,673,466
Claims liability	400,000	-	-	400,000	-
Total	<u>\$ 429,449,473</u>	<u>\$ 7,241,131</u>	<u>\$ (34,097,957)</u>	<u>\$ 402,592,647</u>	<u>\$ 36,060,960</u>

Description of Long-Term Liabilities

Payments on the general obligation bonds are to be made by the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund with local property tax collections. The compensated absences and load banking liabilities will be paid by the fund for which the employee worked. The early retirement incentive will be paid out of the General Fund. Payments for the financed purchases, lease liability and subscription-based IT arrangements will be made by the fund for which the sites and equipment were intended for. The Internal Service fund makes payments for the claims liability.

General Obligation Bonds

2002 General Obligation Bonds

On November 5, 2002, the District voters authorized the issuance and sale of general obligation bonds totaling \$337,000,000. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to finance the construction, acquisition, and modernization of certain property and District facilities.

2012 General Obligation Bonds

On November 6, 2012, the District voters authorized the issuance and sale of general obligation bonds totaling \$198,000,000. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to finance the construction, acquisition, and modernization of certain property and District facilities.

Rancho Santiago Community College District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2020 Series A-1 and A-2

On September 2, 2020, the District issued \$94,490,000 and \$48,325,000 in 2020 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series A-1 and A-2, respectively. Interest rates range from 0.235% to 2.040% payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 for the A-1 Bonds and February 1 and August 1 for the A-2 Bonds. The Bonds mature through August 1, 2035. The net proceeds from the issuance provided for the partial refunding of the District's outstanding 2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2013 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, and 2012 Election General Obligation Bonds, Series 2014A.

Debt Maturity**General Obligation Bonds**

Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Bonds Outstanding Beginning of Year	Issued	Accreted Interest	Redeemed	Bonds Outstanding End of Year
2/23/2005	9/1/2029	3.00-5.13%	\$ 119,999,867	\$ 41,568,291	\$ -	\$ 236,407	\$ (1,820,000)	\$ 39,984,698
9/21/2006	9/1/2031	3.38-5.00%	120,874,329	87,604,647	-	4,149,123	-	91,753,770
8/4/2005	9/1/2023	3.57-5.25%	53,559,299	2,685,000	-	-	(2,685,000)	-
1/17/2013	9/1/2023	4.00%	79,130,000	11,540,000	-	-	(11,540,000)	-
10/16/2014	8/1/2034	3.00-5.00%	70,585,000	8,570,000	-	-	(530,000)	8,040,000
12/28/2017	8/1/2041	2.00-5.00%	70,600,000	51,720,000	-	-	(1,010,000)	50,710,000
8/21/2019	8/1/2039	1.25-4.00%	56,815,000	50,670,000	-	-	(1,450,000)	49,220,000
9/2/2020	9/1/2027	0.235-1.106%	94,490,000	89,715,000	-	-	(7,410,000)	82,305,000
9/2/2020	8/1/2035	0.255-2.040%	48,325,000	46,265,000	-	-	(2,065,000)	44,200,000
				<u>\$ 390,337,938</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 4,385,530</u>	<u>\$ (28,510,000)</u>	<u>\$ 366,213,468</u>

The Bonds mature through 2042 as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal (Including accreted interest to date)	Accreted Interest	Current Interest to Maturity	Total
2025	\$ 31,017,617	\$ 107,383	\$ 6,827,913	\$ 37,952,913
2026	32,523,424	156,576	6,522,548	39,202,548
2027	34,395,000	-	6,143,446	40,538,446
2028	34,350,199	2,834,801	5,756,573	42,941,573
2029	37,300,924	2,739,076	5,042,028	45,082,028
2030-2034	129,626,304	22,243,696	14,856,896	166,726,896
2035-2039	48,345,000	-	6,868,675	55,213,675
2040-2042	18,655,000	-	927,050	19,582,050
Total	<u>\$ 366,213,468</u>	<u>\$ 28,081,532</u>	<u>\$ 52,945,129</u>	<u>\$ 447,240,129</u>

Rancho Santiago Community College District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

Early Retirement Incentive

The District has entered into various agreements with the Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) to provide certain benefits to employees participating in early retirement incentive programs. The District will pay \$2,369,952 on behalf of the retirees through 2026 in accordance with the following schedule:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	
2025	\$ 1,765,281
2026	<u>604,671</u>
Total	<u>\$ 2,369,952</u>

Financed Purchases

The District has entered into various agreements for the financed purchase of copiers and other equipment. The District will pay \$38,387 through 2026, with interest rates ranging from 2.59% - 7.04%, in accordance with the following schedule:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest to Maturity</u>	<u>Total</u>
2025	\$ 33,819	\$ 587	\$ 34,406
2026	<u>4,568</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>4,603</u>
Total	<u>\$ 38,387</u>	<u>\$ 622</u>	<u>\$ 39,009</u>

Lease Liability

The District has entered into agreements to lease various facilities and equipment. The District's liability for lease agreements is summarized below:

<u>Leases</u>	<u>Balance, July 1, 2023</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	<u>Balance, June 30, 2024</u>
Building and Sites	\$ 2,482,869	\$ -	\$ (480,745)	\$ 2,002,124
Equipment	<u>60,929</u>	<u>555,901</u>	<u>(119,389)</u>	<u>497,441</u>
Total	<u>\$ 2,543,798</u>	<u>\$ 555,901</u>	<u>\$ (600,134)</u>	<u>\$ 2,499,565</u>

The District has entered into agreements to lease office space, beginning February 2013 and terminating in January 2028. Under the terms of the leases, the District makes monthly payments, which increase based on a set schedule in the lease agreement, which amounted to total principal and interest costs of \$606,761, for the year ending June 30, 2024. At June 30, 2024, the District has recognized a right-to-use leased assets of \$3,261,199 and lease liabilities of \$2,002,124 related to these agreements. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$638,181 in amortization expense and \$126,016 in interest expense for the leased office space. The District used a discount rate of 5.58% based on the estimated incremental borrowing rate for financing over a similar time period.

Rancho Santiago Community College District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

The District has entered into various agreements to lease copiers and equipment for periods of five years. Under the terms of the leases, the District pays monthly payments ranging from \$119 to \$6,729, which amounted to total principal and interest costs of \$153,570 for the year ending June 30, 2024. At June 30, 2024, the District has recognized right-to-use leased assets of \$771,723 and lease liabilities of \$497,441 related to these agreements. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$133,407 in amortization expense and \$34,181 in interest expense for the leased copiers and equipment. The District used discount rates of 2.88%-6.16% based on the estimated incremental borrowing rate for financing over a similar time period.

The District will pay \$2,499,565 through 2028 in accordance with the following schedule:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 616,169	\$ 124,734	\$ 740,903
2026	669,898	88,885	758,783
2027	721,736	50,004	771,740
2028	491,762	10,523	502,285
Total	<u>\$ 2,499,565</u>	<u>\$ 274,146</u>	<u>\$ 2,773,711</u>

Subscriptions-Based IT Arrangements (SBITAs)

The District entered into various SBITAs for the use of various instructional and noninstructional needs. At June 30, 2024, the District has recognized right-to-use subscriptions IT assets of \$6,006,744 and SBITA liabilities of \$3,578,194 related to these agreements. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$1,500,206 in amortization expense. The District is required to make annual principal and interest payments totaling \$3,845,631 through March 2029. The subscriptions have an interest rates of 4.67%-6.46%.

The remaining principal and interest payment requirements for the SBITA obligation debt as of June 30, 2024, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 1,673,466	\$ 156,536	\$ 1,830,002
2026	1,173,075	75,889	1,248,964
2027	513,998	25,186	539,184
2028	162,120	8,384	170,504
2029	55,535	1,442	56,977
Total	<u>\$ 3,578,194</u>	<u>\$ 267,437</u>	<u>\$ 3,845,631</u>

Rancho Santiago Community College District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

Note 9 - Aggregate Net Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Liability

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the District reported an aggregate net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense for the following plans:

OPEB Plan	Aggregate Net OPEB Liability	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	OPEB Expense
District Plan	\$ 32,420,991	\$ 13,825,159	\$ 46,542,041	\$ (25,063,591)
Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program	570,522	-	-	(40,633)
Total	<u>\$ 32,991,513</u>	<u>\$ 13,825,159</u>	<u>\$ 46,542,041</u>	<u>\$ (25,104,224)</u>

The details of each plan are as follows:

District Plan**Plan Administration**

The District's governing board administers the Postemployment Benefits Plan (the Plan). The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for eligible retirees and their spouses. The Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) administers Rancho Santiago Community College's Postemployment Benefits Plan (the Plan).

Plan Membership

At June 30, 2023, the valuation date, the Plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits payments	452
Active employees	906
Total	<u>1,358</u>

Retiree Health Benefit OPEB Trust

The Retiree Health Benefit OPEB Trust (the Trust) is an irrevocable governmental trust pursuant to Section 115 of the IRC for the purpose of funding certain postemployment benefits other than pensions. The Trust is administered by the Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) as directed by the investment alternative choice selected by the District. The District retains the responsibility to oversee the management of the Trust, including the requirement that investments and assets held within the Trust continually adhere to the requirements of the California *Government Code* Section 53600.5 which specifies that the trustee's primary role is to preserve capital, to maintain investment liquidity, and to protect investment yield. As such, the District acts as the fiduciary of the Trust. The financial activity of the Trust has been discretely presented. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the Trust.

Financial information for PARS can be found on the PARS website at: <http://www.pars.org>.

Rancho Santiago Community College District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of benefits is covered by the Plan. The District's governing board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms as contained within the negotiated labor agreements.

Contributions

The contribution requirements of Plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District, the Faculty Association (FARSCCD), the local California School Employees Association (CSEA), and unrepresented groups. Voluntary contributions based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, and any additional amounts to prefund benefits with the District, FARSCCD, CSEA and unrepresented groups are based on the availability of funds. For the measurement period of June 30, 2023, the District contributed \$11,943,411 to the Plan, of which \$9,006,353 was used for current premiums and \$2,937,058 was used to fund the OPEB Trust.

Investment**Investment Policy**

The Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the governing board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the District to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risks through the prudent diversification for the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The Plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocation over short time spans. The following was the governing board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2023:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>
All Equities	60%
Long-Term Corporate Bonds	5%
Intermediate-Term Government Bonds	30%
Short-Term Government Fixed	5%

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense was 8.03%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Rancho Santiago Community College District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

Net OPEB Liability of the District

The District's net OPEB liability of \$32,420,991 was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The components of the net OPEB liability of the District at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$ 90,727,697
Plan fiduciary net position	<u>(58,306,706)</u>
Net OPEB liability	<u>\$ 32,420,991</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	<u>64.27%</u>

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50% per annum
Salary increases	2.75%, average, including inflation
Discount rate	6.25% per annum
Investment rate of return	6.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense
Healthcare cost trend rate	4.00% per annum

The discount rate was based on historic 17-year real rates of return for each asset class along with assumed long-term inflation assumption to set the discount rate. The expected investment return by investment expenses of 50 basis points.

Mortality rates were based on the 2020 CalSTRS Mortality Table for certificated employees and the 2021 CalPERS Active Mortality for Miscellaneous and Employees Table for classified employees. Mortality rates vary by age and sex. (Unisex mortality rates are not often used as individual OPEB benefits do not depend on the mortality table used.) If employees die prior to retirement, past contributions are available to fund benefits for employees who live to retirement. After retirement, death results in benefit termination or reduction. Although higher mortality rates reduce service costs, the mortality assumption is not likely to vary from employer to employer.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actual experience study for the period July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023.

Rancho Santiago Community College District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2023, (see the discussion of the Plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
All Equities	7.545%
Long-Term Corporate Bonds	5.045%
Intermediate-Term Government Bonds	4.250%
Short-Term Government Fixed	3.000%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the District contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	<u>Increase (Decrease)</u>		
	<u>Total OPEB Liability (a)</u>	<u>Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)</u>	<u>Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)</u>
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 119,891,055	\$ 51,055,562	\$ 68,835,493
Service cost	2,526,010	-	2,526,010
Interest	7,290,680	-	7,290,680
Changes of benefit terms	(14,697,373)	-	(14,697,373)
Difference between expected and actual experience	(17,763,730)	-	(17,763,730)
Contributions - employer	-	11,943,411	(11,943,411)
Net investment income	-	4,439,659	(4,439,659)
Changes of assumptions	2,487,408	-	2,487,408
Benefit payments	(9,006,353)	(9,006,353)	-
Administrative expense	-	(125,573)	125,573
Net change in total OPEB liability	(29,163,358)	7,251,144	(36,414,502)
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$ 90,727,697	\$ 58,306,706	\$ 32,420,991

Rancho Santiago Community College District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

The District changed their mortality assumptions for classified employees by utilizing the 2021 CalPERS Mortality for Miscellaneous and School Employees tables from the 2017 CalPERS Mortality for Miscellaneous and School Employees tables, since the previous valuation. The change in benefit terms reflects retirees over age 65 being moved to the Anthem Medicare Advantage plan from non-Medicare plans, since the previous valuation.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net OPEB Liability
1% decrease (5.25%)	\$ 39,568,963
Current discount rate (6.25%)	32,420,991
1% increase (7.25%)	25,999,085

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	Net OPEB Liability
1% decrease (3.00%)	\$ 24,404,347
Current healthcare cost trend rate (4.00%)	32,420,991
1% increase (5.00%)	41,648,455

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB for the following:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 4,997,701	\$ -
Differences between expected and actual experience	283,541	25,938,945
Changes of assumptions	5,983,147	20,603,096
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	2,560,770	-
Total	<u>\$ 13,825,159</u>	<u>\$ 46,542,041</u>

The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the District's contributions and benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

Rancho Santiago Community College District

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The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2025	\$ 331,792
2026	431,733
2027	2,029,408
2028	(232,163)
Total	<u>\$ 2,560,770</u>

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total OPEB liability and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is 8.3 years. The deferred outflows/(inflows) will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2025	\$ (8,546,688)
2026	(8,546,694)
2027	(8,786,906)
2028	(4,626,626)
2029	(4,626,626)
Thereafter	(5,141,813)
Total	<u>\$ (40,275,353)</u>

Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program**Plan Description**

The Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program is administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). The MPP Program is a cost-sharing multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) established pursuant to Chapter 1032, Statutes 2000 (SB 1435). CalSTRS administers the MPP Program through the Teachers' Health Benefits Fund (THBF).

A full description of the MPP Program regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2022 annual actuarial valuation report, Medicare Premium Payment Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: <http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications>.

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Benefits Provided

The MPP Program pays Medicare Part A premiums and Medicare Parts A and B late enrollment surcharges for eligible members of the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) Defined Benefit (DB) Program who were retired or began receiving a disability allowance prior to July 1, 2012 and were not eligible for premium free Medicare Part A. The payments are made directly to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) on a monthly basis.

The MPP Program is closed to new entrants as members who retire after July 1, 2012, are not eligible for coverage under the MPP Program.

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you go basis from a portion of monthly District benefit payments. In accordance with California *Education Code* Section 25930, contributions that would otherwise be credited to the DB Program each month are instead credited to the MPP Program to fund monthly program and administrative costs. Total redirections to the MPP Program are monitored to ensure that total incurred costs do not exceed the amount initially identified as the cost of the program.

Net OPEB Liability and OPEB Expense

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$570,522 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for the MPP Program. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB Plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively, was 0.1880%, and 0.1855%, resulting in a net increase in the proportionate share of 0.0025%.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(40,633).

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The June 30, 2023 total OPEB liability was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, and rolling forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2023, using the assumptions listed in the following table:

Measurement Date	June 30, 2023
Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Experience Study	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal
Investment Rate of Return	3.65%
Medicare Part A Premium Cost Trend Rate	4.50%
Medicare Part B Premium Cost Trend Rate	5.40%

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For the valuation as of June 30, 2022, CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

Assumptions were made about future participation (enrollment) into the MPP Program because CalSTRS is unable to determine which members not currently participating meet all eligibility criteria for enrollment in the future. Assumed enrollment rates were derived based on past experience and are stratified by age with the probability of enrollment diminishing as the members' age increases. This estimated enrollment rate was then applied to the population of members who may meet criteria necessary for eligibility and are not currently enrolled in the MPP Program. Based on this, the estimated number of future enrollments used in the financial reporting valuation was 179 or an average of 0.13% of the potentially eligible population (138,780).

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis with contributions generally being made at the same time and in the same amount as benefit payments and expenses coming due. Any funds within the MPP Program as of June 30, 2023, were to manage differences between estimated and actual amounts to be paid and were invested in the Surplus Money Investment Fund, which is a pooled investment program administered by the State Treasurer.

Discount Rate

As the MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make projected future benefit payments. Therefore, the MPP Program used the Bond Buyer's 20-Bond GO Index from Bondbuyer.com as of June 30, 2023, as the discount rate, which was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability. The discount rate as of June 30, 2023, was 3.65%, which is an increase of 0.11% from 3.54% as of June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net OPEB Liability
1% decrease (2.65%)	\$ 620,040
Current discount rate (3.65%)	570,522
1% increase (4.65%)	527,466

Rancho Santiago Community College District

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Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Medicare Costs Trend Rates

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the Medicare costs trend rates, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using Medicare costs trend rates that are one percent lower or higher than the current rates:

Medicare Costs Trend Rates	Net OPEB Liability
1% decrease (3.50% Part A and 4.40% Part B)	\$ 524,937
Current Medicare costs trend rates (4.50% Part A and 5.40% Part B)	570,522
1% increase (5.50% Part A and 6.40% Part B)	621,986

Note 10 - Risk Management**Property and Liability Insurance Coverages**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; medical claims; and natural disasters. During the fiscal year, the District maintained an Internal Service Fund to account for and finance its uninsured risk of loss. The Self-Insurance Fund provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$25,000 for each general liability claim and \$10,000 for each property damage claim. The self-insurance fund would also pay for costs that are excluded from our excess insurance coverage such as lost wages or punitive damages. Prior to August 1, 2017, workers' compensation was 100% insured coverage. Effective August 1, 2017 through June 30, 2021, the District became self-insured for its workers' compensation liability for the first \$150,000 of each claim and the remainder continues to be insured through a Joint Powers Authority Risk Pool (JPA). On July 1, 2021, the District returned to a 100% insured workers' compensation plan through the Protected Insurance Program for Schools and Community Colleges (PIPS) JPA. The District participates in a JPA to provide excess insurance coverage above the self-insured retention level for workers' compensation, property, and liability claims. Settled claims have not exceeded the coverage provided by the JPA in any of the past three fiscal years.

Funding of the Internal Service Fund is based on estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims. Workers' compensation claims are charged to the respective funds which generated the liability and the property and liability claims are paid by the General Fund.

Claims Liabilities

The District establishes a \$400,000 liability for both reported and unreported events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses.

Joint Powers Authority Risk Pools

Prior to July 1, 2021 the District participated in two Joint Powers Agreement (JPA) entities: the Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs (ASCIP) and the Schools Excess Liability Fund (SELF). On July 1, 2021, the District switched to the Statewide Association of Community Colleges (SWACC) JPA and the Schools Association for Excess Risk (SAFER) JPA for excess liability coverage.

ASCIP and SWACC arrange for and provide property, liability, and workers' compensation insurance for its member districts. The District pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested.

SELF and SAFER arrange for and provide a self-funded or additional insurance for excess liability for numerous public educational agencies. Each is governed by a board of 16 elected voting members, elected alternates, and two ex-officio members. Each board controls their operations, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by the members beyond their representation on the board. Each member pays an annual contribution based upon that calculated by the JPA's board of directors and shares surpluses and deficits proportionately to its participation in the JPA.

ASCIP and SWACC are both governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member district. The governing board controls the operations of its JPA, independent of any influence by Rancho Santiago Community College District beyond the District's representation on the governing boards.

Each JPA is independently accountable for its fiscal matters. Budgets are not subject to any approval other than that of the respective governing boards. Member districts share surpluses and deficits proportionately to their participation in the JPA.

The relationships between Rancho Santiago Community College District and the JPAs are such that none of the JPAs is a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

Separate financial statements for each JPA may be obtained from the respective entity.

Note 11 - Employee Retirement Systems

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Academic employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

Rancho Santiago Community College District

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June 30, 2024

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the District reported its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each of the above plans as follows:

Pension Plan	Aggregate Net Pension Liability	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Pension Expense
CalSTRS	\$ 96,812,320	\$ 32,980,272	\$ 9,301,475	\$ 13,639,103
CalPERS - SEP	116,179,850	38,875,224	6,650,173	15,809,981
CalPERS - Misc. Plan	488,494	309,284	3,871	35,440
Total	<u>\$ 213,480,664</u>	<u>\$ 72,164,780</u>	<u>\$ 15,955,519</u>	<u>\$ 29,484,524</u>

The details of each plan are as follows:

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by CalSTRS. STRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2022, annual actuarial valuation report, Defined Benefit Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: <http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications>.

Benefits Provided

The STRP provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' final compensation, age, and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation for each year of credited service.

The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program, Defined Benefit Supplement Program, Cash Balance Benefit Program, and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the State is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the State is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP.

The District contributes exclusively to the STRP Defined Benefit Program; thus, disclosures are not included for the other plans.

Rancho Santiago Community College District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

The STRP Defined Benefit Program provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2024, are summarized as follows:

	On or before <u>December 31, 2012</u>	On or after <u>January 1, 2013</u>
Hire date		
Benefit formula	2% at 60	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	60	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	2.0% - 2.4%	2.0% - 2.4%
Required employee contribution rate	10.25%	10.205%
Required employer contribution rate	19.10%	19.10%
Required State contribution rate	10.828%	10.828%

Contributions

Required member, District, and State of California contribution rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and are detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. The contribution rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial method. In accordance with California Assembly Bill 1469, employer contributions into the CalSTRS will be increasing to a total of 19.1% of applicable member earnings phased over a seven-year period. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2024, are presented above and the District's total contributions were \$18,736,617.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total net pension liability, including State share:

District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 96,812,320
State's proportionate share of net pension liability associated with the District	<u>46,385,505</u>
Total	<u>\$ 143,197,825</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating college districts and the State, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement periods of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, was 0.1271% and 0.1236%, respectively, resulting in a net increase in the proportionate share of 0.0035%.

Rancho Santiago Community College District

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June 30, 2024

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$13,639,103. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$6,309,710 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 18,736,617	\$ -
Change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions	5,660,826	4,121,525
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	414,396	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	7,607,854	5,179,950
Changes of assumptions	560,579	-
Total	<u>\$ 32,980,272</u>	<u>\$ 9,301,475</u>

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earning on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2025	\$ (3,045,790)
2026	(4,773,287)
2027	7,844,183
2028	389,290
Total	<u>\$ 414,396</u>

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The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and the District's proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARS�) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARS� for the measurement period is seven years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2025	\$ 369,058
2026	722,547
2027	306,851
2028	136,358
2029	1,110,633
Thereafter	1,882,337
Total	<u>\$ 4,527,784</u>

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for STRP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2023. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2022
Measurement date	June 30, 2023
Experience study	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.10%
Investment rate of return	7.10%
Consumer price inflation	2.75%
Wage growth	3.50%

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

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The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of expected 20-year geometrically-linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2023, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public equity	38%	5.25%
Real estate	15%	4.05%
Private equity	14%	6.75%
Fixed income	14%	2.45%
Risk mitigating strategies	10%	2.25%
Inflation sensitive	7%	3.65%
Cash/liquidity	2%	0.05%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return of 7.10% and assuming that contributions, benefit payments and administrative expense occurred midyear. Based on these assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (6.10%)	\$ 162,394,941
Current discount rate (7.10%)	96,812,320
1% increase (8.10%)	42,338,309

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California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) – SEP**Plan Description**

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the School Employer Pool (SEP) under CalPERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2022, annual actuarial valuation report, Schools Pool Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalPERS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications at: <https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications>.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor, and the member's final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee's eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or age 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013), and has at least five years of credited service. The cost-of-living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The CalPERS School Employer Pool provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2024, are summarized as follows:

Hire date	On or before December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	55	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%
Required employee contribution rate	7.00%	8.00%
Required employer contribution rate	26.68%	26.68%

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Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2024, are presented above and the total District contributions were \$16,873,464.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2024, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability totaling \$116,179,850. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating college districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement periods of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, was 0.3209% and 0.3283%, respectively, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0074%.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$15,809,981. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 16,873,464	\$ -
Change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions	-	4,865,821
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	12,409,669	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	4,239,732	1,784,352
Changes of assumptions	5,352,359	-
Total	<u>\$ 38,875,224</u>	<u>\$ 6,650,173</u>

The deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

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The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2025	\$ 2,314,887
2026	1,371,397
2027	8,337,186
2028	386,199
Total	<u>\$ 12,409,669</u>

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is 3.8 years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2025	\$ 964,767
2026	1,203,419
2027	773,732
2028	-
Total	<u>\$ 2,941,918</u>

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for the SEP was determined by applying updated procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2023. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2022
Measurement date	June 30, 2023
Experience study	July 1, 1997 through June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	6.90%
Investment rate of return	6.90%
Consumer price inflation	2.30%
Wage growth	Varies by entry age and service

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The rates incorporate Generational Mortality to capture ongoing mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries.

Rancho Santiago Community College District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both long-term market return expectations, as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated and, combined with risk estimates, are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity - cap-weighted	30%	4.54%
Global Equity non-cap-weighted	12%	3.84%
Private Equity	13%	7.28%
Treasury	5%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10%	1.56%
High Yield	5%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5%	2.48%
Private Debt	5%	3.57%
Real Assets	15%	3.21%
Leverage	-5%	-0.59%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the School Employer Pool fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the School Employer Pool investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (5.90%)	\$ 167,966,033
Current discount rate (6.90%)	116,179,850
1% increase (7.90%)	73,379,749

Rancho Santiago Community College District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) – Misc. Plan**Plan Description**

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the Miscellaneous Risk Pool Plan under CalPERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2022, annual actuarial valuation report, the Miscellaneous Risk Pool Actuarial Valuation. The report and CalPERS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications at: <https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications>.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor, and the member's final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee's eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or age 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013), and has at least five years of credited service. The cost-of-living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law. The CalPERS Miscellaneous Risk Pool is closed to new entrants and no current employees are covered by the plan.

The CalPERS Miscellaneous Risk Pool provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2024, are summarized as follows:

	On or before December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013
Hire date		
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	60	60
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%
Required unfunded liability payment to CalPERS	\$ 83,121	\$ -

Rancho Santiago Community College District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2024, are presented above, and the total District contributions for CalPERS was \$83,121.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2024, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS Miscellaneous Risk Pool net pension liability totaling \$488,494. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating college districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement periods of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, was 0.0098% and 0.0112%, respectively, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0014%.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$35,440 for CalPERS Miscellaneous Risk Pool. At June 30, 2024 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 83,121	\$ -
Change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions	92,624	-
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	79,091	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	24,955	3,871
Changes of assumptions	29,493	-
	<u>\$ 309,284</u>	<u>\$ 3,871</u>
Total		

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

Rancho Santiago Community College District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2025	\$ 14,605
2026	8,735
2027	53,483
2028	2,268
Total	<u>\$ 79,091</u>

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the net change in proportionate share of net pension liability, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARS�) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARS� for the measurement period is 3.8 years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2025	\$ 75,997
2026	51,095
2027	16,109
Total	<u>\$ 143,201</u>

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for the Miscellaneous Risk Pool was determined by applying updated procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2023. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2022
Measurement date	June 30, 2023
Experience study	July 1, 2000 through June 30, 2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	6.90%
Investment rate of return	6.90%
Consumer price inflation	2.30%
Wage growth	Varies by entry age and service

Rancho Santiago Community College District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The rates incorporate Generational Mortality to capture ongoing mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations, as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated and, combined with risk estimates, are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity - cap-weighted	30%	4.54%
Global Equity non-cap-weighted	12%	3.84%
Private Equity	13%	7.28%
Treasury	5%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10%	1.56%
High Yield	5%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5%	2.48%
Private Debt	5%	3.57%
Real Assets	15%	3.21%
Leverage	-5%	-0.59%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the School Employer Pool fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the School Employer Pool investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (5.90%)	\$ 788,324
Current discount rate (6.90%)	488,494
1% increase (7.90%)	241,708

Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about CalPERS School Employer plan and Miscellaneous Risk Pool plan fiduciary net positions are available in a separate comprehensive annual financial report. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95814.

Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS)**Plan Description**

The Public Agency Retirement Services is a defined contribution plan qualifying under Section 401(a) and Section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code. The plan covers part-time, seasonal and temporary employees, and employees not covered by Section 3121(b)(7)(F) of the Internal Revenue Code. The benefit provisions and contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the PARS Board of Trustees.

On Behalf Payments

The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State General Fund contributions to CalSTRS in the amount of \$7,419,433 (10.828% of annual payroll). Contributions are no longer appropriated in the annual *Budget Act* for the legislatively mandated benefits to CalPERS. Therefore, there is no on behalf contribution rate for CalPERS. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements.

Note 12 - Commitments and Contingencies**Grants**

The District receives financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2024.

Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2024.

Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2024, the District had approximately \$3.6 million in commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects. The projects are funded through capital project apportionments from the California State Chancellor's Office.

Note 13 - Related Party Transactions

Office space and other expenses were provided by the District on behalf of the Santa Ana College Foundation, Santiago Canyon Foundation, and the Rancho Santiago Community College District Foundation (the Foundations). This donated facilities usage and expense were valued at \$69,853 for the year ending June 30, 2024.

The District also provides donated services as part of its master agreements with the Foundations, including employee salaries and benefits, supplies, and other services. The services were valued at \$1,039,004 for the year ending June 30, 2024.

Note 14 - Restatement

Correction of Error in Previously Issued Financial Statements

During the year ended June 30, 2024, the District determined that there was a certain error in the amounts previously reported in the June 30, 2023 financial statements resulting in a restatement of the beginning net position. The District identified funds held in a JPA account that was not reflected in the financial statements. Accordingly, cash and cash equivalents was understated by \$5,298,928. The effect of this correction is shown in the table below:

Primary Government	
Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported	\$ 154,264,863
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>5,298,928</u>
Net Position - Beginning, as restated	<u><u>\$ 159,563,791</u></u>

If these amounts had been properly recorded in the prior year, there would have been an increase on the change in net position of \$100,010.

Required Supplementary Information
June 30, 2024

**Rancho Santiago Community College
District**

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	2024	2023	2022	2021
Total OPEB Liability				
Service cost	\$ 2,526,010	\$ 2,458,404	\$ 3,074,590	\$ 2,985,039
Interest	7,290,680	7,239,863	9,778,080	9,610,437
Changes of benefit terms	(14,697,373)	-	(15,448,386)	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(17,763,730)	(604,250)	(10,244,662)	661,597
Changes of assumptions	2,487,408	-	(12,275,743)	-
Benefit payments	(9,006,353)	(8,227,373)	(9,508,350)	(8,813,301)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(29,163,358)	866,644	(34,624,471)	4,443,772
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	119,891,055	119,024,411	153,648,882	149,205,110
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	<u>\$ 90,727,697</u>	<u>\$ 119,891,055</u>	<u>\$ 119,024,411</u>	<u>\$ 153,648,882</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - employer	\$ 11,943,411	\$ 10,220,219	\$ 13,498,871	\$ 8,813,301
Net investment income	4,439,659	(7,694,362)	10,854,240	2,105,695
Benefit payments	(9,006,353)	(8,227,373)	(9,508,350)	(8,813,301)
Administrative expense	(125,573)	(125,641)	(113,180)	(73,632)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	7,251,144	(5,827,157)	14,731,581	2,032,063
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	51,055,562	56,882,719	42,151,138	40,119,075
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	<u>\$ 58,306,706</u>	<u>\$ 51,055,562</u>	<u>\$ 56,882,719</u>	<u>\$ 42,151,138</u>
Net OPEB Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	<u>\$ 32,420,991</u>	<u>\$ 68,835,493</u>	<u>\$ 62,141,692</u>	<u>\$ 111,497,744</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	64.27%	42.58%	47.79%	27.43%
Covered Payroll	<u>\$ 141,059,473</u>	<u>\$ 132,487,448</u>	<u>\$ 125,706,430</u>	<u>\$ 105,994,431</u>
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	22.98%	51.96%	49.43%	105.19%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020

¹ The District's OPEB Plan was not administered through a trust until 2020, and contributions were not made based on a measure of pay. Therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability			
Service cost	\$ 7,981,036	\$ 7,767,432	\$ 7,559,545
Interest	8,993,120	10,522,057	5,660,197
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(11,602,517)	-	-
Changes of assumptions	13,284,002	(38,293,105)	-
Benefit payments	(8,434,870)	(8,290,199)	(7,971,345)
Net change in total OPEB liability	10,220,771	(28,293,815)	5,248,397
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	138,984,339	167,278,154	162,029,757
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	<u>\$ 149,205,110</u>	<u>\$ 138,984,339</u>	<u>\$ 167,278,154</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position			
Contributions - employer	\$ 48,434,870	\$ 8,290,199	\$ 7,971,345
Net investment income	119,075	-	-
Benefit payments	(8,434,870)	(8,290,199)	(7,971,345)
Administrative expense	-	-	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	40,119,075	-	-
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	-	-	-
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	<u>\$ 40,119,075</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Net OPEB Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	<u>\$ 109,086,035</u>	<u>\$ 138,984,339</u>	<u>\$ 167,278,154</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	26.89%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered Payroll	<u>\$ 102,907,215</u>	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>106.00%</u>	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017

¹ The District's OPEB Plan was not administered through a trust until 2020, and contributions were not made based on a measure of pay. Therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Schedule of OPEB Investment Returns
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	8.03%	(13.32%)	23.46%	5.07%	0.30%

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – MPP Program
Year Ended June 30, 2024

Year ended June 30,	2024	2023	2022	2021
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.1880%	0.1855%	0.1925%	0.2264%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 570,522	\$ 611,155	\$ 767,989	\$ 959,334
Covered payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	(0.96%)	(0.94%)	(0.80%)	(0.71%)
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Year ended June 30,		2020	2019	2018
Proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.2285%	0.2227%	0.2292%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability		\$ 851,015	\$ 852,269	\$ 964,112
Covered payroll		N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		(0.81%)	(0.40%)	0.01%
Measurement Date		June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017

¹ As of June 30, 2012, active members are no longer eligible for future enrollment in the MPP Program; therefore, the covered payroll disclosure is not applicable.

Note : In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
CalSTRS					
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.1271%	0.1236%	0.1281%	0.1299%	0.1292%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 96,812,320	\$ 85,899,118	\$ 58,292,407	\$ 125,901,477	\$ 116,671,499
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	46,385,505	43,017,943	29,330,478	64,902,227	63,652,092
Total	<u>\$ 143,197,825</u>	<u>\$ 128,917,061</u>	<u>\$ 87,622,885</u>	<u>\$ 190,803,704</u>	<u>\$ 180,323,591</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 85,295,681</u>	<u>\$ 82,661,359</u>	<u>\$ 75,575,647</u>	<u>\$ 77,188,719</u>	<u>\$ 75,802,082</u>
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	113.50%	103.92%	77.13%	163.11%	153.92%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	81%	81%	87%	72%	73%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
CalPERS - SEP					
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.3209%	0.3283%	0.3502%	0.3537%	0.3475%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 116,179,850	\$ 112,949,325	\$ 71,218,714	\$ 108,537,434	\$ 101,278,658
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 55,763,792</u>	<u>\$ 49,826,089</u>	<u>\$ 50,130,783</u>	<u>\$ 51,078,125</u>	<u>\$ 48,579,637</u>
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	208.34%	226.69%	142.07%	212.49%	208.48%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70%	70%	81%	70%	70%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
CalPERS - Misc.					
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.0098%	0.0112%	0.0180%	0.0133%	0.0140%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 488,494	\$ 525,440	\$ 342,712	\$ 560,624	\$ 602,717
Covered payroll*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	78%	78%	91%	78%	75%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019

* This plan has no active members and, therefore, no covered payroll.

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
CalSTRS					
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.1241%	0.1266%	0.1280%	0.1367%	0.1355%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 114,011,608	\$ 117,449,600	\$ 103,527,680	\$ 92,009,654	\$ 79,176,119
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	65,276,978	69,482,757	58,945,139	48,662,964	47,809,959
Total	<u>\$ 179,288,586</u>	<u>\$ 186,932,357</u>	<u>\$ 162,472,819</u>	<u>\$ 140,672,618</u>	<u>\$ 126,986,078</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 71,577,651</u>	<u>\$ 68,831,638</u>	<u>\$ 66,264,977</u>	<u>\$ 63,390,631</u>	<u>\$ 60,347,491</u>
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	159.28%	170.63%	156.23%	145.15%	131.20%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	71%	69%	70%	74%	77%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
CalPERS - SEP					
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.3309%	0.3292%	0.3293%	0.3469%	0.3555%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	<u>\$ 88,231,274</u>	<u>\$ 78,588,729</u>	<u>\$ 65,036,954</u>	<u>\$ 51,129,735</u>	<u>\$ 40,363,347</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 43,613,412</u>	<u>\$ 41,959,850</u>	<u>\$ 39,539,715</u>	<u>\$ 38,369,484</u>	<u>\$ 37,323,667</u>
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	202.30%	187.30%	164.49%	133.26%	108.14%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	71%	72%	74%	79%	83%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
CalPERS - Misc.					
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.0155%	0.0150%	0.0131%	0.0110%	0.0064%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	<u>\$ 582,930</u>	<u>\$ 589,281</u>	<u>\$ 521,364</u>	<u>\$ 405,612</u>	<u>\$ 397,446</u>
Covered payroll*	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	78%	75%	78%	78%	80%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014

* This plan has no active members and, therefore, no covered payroll.

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Schedule of the District Contributions for Pensions
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
CalSTRS					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 18,736,617	\$ 16,291,475	\$ 13,986,302	\$ 12,205,467	\$ 13,199,271
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(18,736,617)	(16,291,475)	(13,986,302)	(12,205,467)	(13,199,271)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 98,097,471	\$ 85,295,681	\$ 82,661,359	\$ 75,575,647	\$ 77,188,719
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.10%	19.10%	16.92%	16.15%	17.10%
CalPERS - SEP					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 16,873,464	\$ 14,147,274	\$ 11,415,157	\$ 10,377,072	\$ 10,073,117
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(16,873,464)	(14,147,274)	(11,415,157)	(10,377,072)	(10,073,117)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 63,243,868	\$ 55,763,792	\$ 49,826,089	\$ 50,130,783	\$ 51,078,125
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	26.680%	25.370%	22.910%	20.700%	19.721%
CalPERS - Misc.					
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	-	-	-	-	-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

* This plan has no active members and, therefore, no covered payroll.

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Schedule of the District Contributions for Pensions
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
CalSTRS					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 12,340,579	\$ 10,328,655	\$ 8,659,020	\$ 7,110,232	\$ 5,629,088
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(12,340,579)	(10,328,655)	(8,659,020)	(7,110,232)	(5,629,088)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 75,802,082	\$ 71,577,651	\$ 68,831,638	\$ 66,264,977	\$ 63,390,631
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	16.28%	14.43%	12.58%	10.73%	8.88%
CalPERS - SEP					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 8,774,454	\$ 6,773,599	\$ 5,827,384	\$ 4,684,270	\$ 4,516,472
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(8,774,454)	(6,773,599)	(5,827,384)	(4,684,270)	(4,516,472)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 48,579,637	\$ 43,613,412	\$ 41,959,850	\$ 39,539,715	\$ 38,369,484
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	18.062%	15.531%	13.888%	11.847%	11.771%
CalPERS - Misc.					
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	-	-	-	-	-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

* This plan has no active members and, therefore, no covered payroll.

Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This schedule presents information on the District's changes in the net OPEB liability, including beginning and ending balances, the Plan's fiduciary net position, and the net OPEB liability. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- *Changes in Benefit Terms* – The change in benefit terms reflects retirees over age 65 being moved to the Anthem Medicare Advantage plan from non-Medicare plans, since the previous valuation.
- *Changes of Assumptions* – The District changed their mortality assumptions for classified employees by utilizing the 2021 CalPERS Mortality for Miscellaneous and School Employees tables from the 2017 CalPERS Mortality for Miscellaneous and School Employees tables, since the previous valuation.

Schedule of OPEB Investment Returns

This schedule presents information on the annual money-weighted rate of return on OPEB plan investments. In future years, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – MPP Program

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB Liability – MPP Program and the plans' fiduciary net position. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- *Changes in Benefit Terms* – There were no changes in the benefit terms since the previous valuation.
- *Changes of Assumptions* – The plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 3.54% to 3.65% since the previous valuation.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL), the Plans' fiduciary net positions and, when applicable, the State's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the District. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- *Changes in Benefit Terms* – There were no changes in benefit terms for the CalSTRS or CalPERS plans since the previous valuations.
- *Changes of Assumptions* – There were no changes in economic assumptions for the CalSTRS or CalPERS plans since the previous valuation.

Schedule of District Contributions for Pensions

This schedule presents information on the District's required contribution, the amounts actually contributed, and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Supplementary Information

June 30, 2024

Rancho Santiago Community College District

Rancho Santiago Community College District

District Organization

June 30, 2024

Rancho Santiago Community College District was established in 1971 and is comprised of an area of approximately 193 square miles located in Orange County. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year. The District currently operates two colleges: Santa Ana College and Santiago Canyon College, as well as the Orange County Regional Sheriff's Training Academy, the Digital Media Center, and two continuing education centers: Orange Education Center and Centennial Education Center. The District's colleges are accredited by the Accrediting Commission for Community and Junior Colleges, Western Association of Schools and Colleges, which is one of six regional associations that accredit public and private schools, colleges, and universities in the United States.

Board of Trustees as of June 30, 2024

Member	Office	Term Expires
Sal Tinajero	President	2024
Daisy Tong	Vice President	2026
Phillip E. Yarbrough	Clerk	2026
David Crockett	Member	2024
John R. Hanna	Member	2026
Zeke Hernandez	Member	2024
Tina Arias Miller, Ed.D.	Member	2024
Ricardo Alcaraz	Student Trustee	

Administration as of June 30, 2024

Marvin Martinez	Chancellor
Annebelle Nery, Ph.D.	President of Santa Ana College
Jeannie Kim, Ph.D.	President of Santiago Canyon College
Vacant*	Vice Chancellor, Human Resources
Iris Ingram	Vice Chancellor, Business Services
Enrique Perez, J.D.	Vice Chancellor, Educational Services

* - Position was filled by Kristin Olson, Esq. as of July 29, 2024

Auxiliary Organizations in Good Standing

Rancho Santiago Community College District Foundation, established 1998

Master Agreement signed 2016, updated 2021

Enrique Perez, Executive Director

Santa Ana College Foundation, established 1968

Master Agreement signed 2019, updated 2024

Christina Romero, Executive Director

Santiago Canyon Foundation, established 1998

Master Agreement signed 1998, updated 2021

Kathleen Jennison, Executive Director

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Amounts Passed through to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Education				
Student Financial Assistance Cluster				
Federal Pell Grant Program	84.063		\$ 26,510,537	\$ -
Federal Pell Grant Program Administrative Allowance	84.063		10	-
Federal Direct Student Loans	84.268		2,088,003	-
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (FSEOG)	84.007		657,876	-
FSEOG Administrative Allowance	84.007		4,202	-
Federal Work-Study Program	84.033		461,089	-
Subtotal Student Financial Assistance Cluster			29,721,717	-
TRIO Cluster				
TRIO Student Support Services	84.042A		1,604,738	-
TRIO Talent Search	84.044A		408,667	-
TRIO Upward Bound	84.047A		344,815	-
TRIO Upward Bound - Math & Science	84.047M		294,554	-
TRIO Upward Bound - Veterans	84.047V		318,784	-
Subtotal TRIO Cluster			2,971,558	-
Systemetic Design for STEM Grant	84.031C		577,956	-
Launching an Asian American Pacific Islander Center	84.031L		44,402	-
Title V - Developing Hispanic-Serving Institutions (DHSI) Program - Establishing Nuestro Lugar	84.031S		120,000	120,000
Subtotal			742,358	120,000
Migrant Education - College Assistance Program	84.149A		395,481	-
CTE Pathways to Certificate and Degree Programs: "Access to Good Jobs: Building Career Pathways in Adult Education"	84.215K		97,253	-
Passed through California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office Career and Technical Education Act (CTEA), Title I, Part C Regional Collaboration and Coordination	84.048A 84.048A	23-C01-870 G0195	1,017,454 245,353	- -
Subtotal			1,262,807	-
Passed through California Department of Education				
Adult Education: Adult Secondary Education	84.002	13978	547,138	-
Adult Education: Adult Basic Education & ELA	84.002A	14508	1,521,038	-
Adult Education: English Literacy & Civics Education	84.002A	14109	556,017	-
Adult Education: Institutionalized Adults	84.002	13971	165,978	-
Subtotal			2,790,171	-
Total U.S. Department of Education			37,981,345	120,000
Research and Development Cluster				
National Science Foundation				
Cybersecurity First Responder Grant	47.076		59,740	-
Paleo Perspective on Present and Projected Climate	47.050		7,889	-
Passed through California State University Fullerton Auxiliary Services Corporation Transitioning Math Majors into Teaching	47.076	S-6668-SAC	21,792	-
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed through California State University Fullerton Auxiliary Services Corporation RAISER: Regional Alliance in STEM Education Refined	84.031C	S-7709-SCC, S-7709-SAC	25,518	-
Subtotal Research and Development Cluster			114,939	-

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Amounts Passed through to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Head Start Cluster				
Early Head Start	93.600		\$ 2,441,976	\$ -
Subtotal Head Start Cluster			2,441,976	-
Passed through California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office				
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558	[1]	152,402	-
Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) Cluster				
Passed through California Department of Social Services				
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child				
Care and Development Fund	93.596	13609	165,596	-
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	15136	76,124	-
COVID-19: Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	[1]	150,734	-
COVID-19: Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	15555	11,532	-
COVID-19: Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	[1]	75,850	-
Passed through Yosemite Community College District				
Child Development Training Consortium	93.575	22-23-2855SSC	3,864	-
Subtotal CCDF Cluster			483,700	-
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			3,078,078	-
U.S. Small Business Administration				
Passed through California State University Fullerton				
Auxiliary Services Corporation				
Small Business Development Centers	59.037	[1]	209,030	-
Total U.S. Small Business Administration			209,030	-
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Economic Development Initiative, Community Project				
Funding, and Miscellaneous Grants	14.251		13,974	-
Total U.S. Department of Housing and				
Urban Development			13,974	-
U.S. Department of the Treasury				
Passed through California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office				
COVID-19: Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	[1]	214,278	-
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury			214,278	-
U.S. Department of Homeland Security, U.S. Citizenship and Immigration				
Passed through World Relief Corporation of National				
Association of Evangelicals				
The Citizenship and Integration Grant Program:				
Citizenship Instruction and Naturalization				
Application Services (CINAS)	97.010	WRRP22002	93,203	-
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security,				
U.S. Citizenship and Immigration			93,203	-
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
SNAP Cluster				
Passed through Chico State Enterprise				
CalFresh Outreach Program	10.561	A22-0055-S037	54,123	-
Subtotal SNAP Cluster			54,123	-

[1] Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number not available.

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Amounts Passed through to Subrecipients
Passed through California Department of Social Services				
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	04369-CACFP-30-CC-CS	\$ 261,325	\$ -
COVID-19: Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	15559.000	455	-
Subtotal			261,780	-
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			315,903	-
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 42,020,750	\$ 120,000

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2024

Program	Program Revenues			Total Revenue	Program Expenditures
	Cash Received	Accounts Receivable	Unearned Revenue/ Accounts Payable		
AB 1725 - Faculty & Staff Diversity	\$ 279,942	\$ -	\$ 195,023	\$ 84,919	\$ 84,919
AB110 CSPP Rate Supplement - Prop 98 Fund	1,450,852	-	1,450,852	-	-
AB77 Handicapped (DSPS)	3,206,128	-	1,349,954	1,856,174	1,856,174
Adult Education Block Grant	4,896,027	-	633,279	4,262,748	4,262,748
Adult Learner-Focused Strategic Enrollment Management (SEM) Grant Initiative	59,598	-	59,598	-	-
Amazon Web Services Cloud Skills Pilot Program	150,000	-	120,630	29,370	29,370
Apprenticeship Pathways Demonstration Project - Technical Assistance Provider	-	94,807	-	94,807	94,807
Apprenticeship Pathways Demonstration Project Grants	-	20,500	-	20,500	20,500
Basic Needs Center Ongoing	2,199,789	-	1,615,528	584,261	584,261
Board Financial Assistance Program - SFA Admin (BFAP-SFAA)	1,717,304	-	343,561	1,373,743	1,373,743
CA Education Learning Lab - Closing Equity Gaps in Calculus	51,708	-	9,342	42,366	42,366
CAL Grants	4,226,685	60,042	-	4,286,727	4,286,727
California Apprenticeship Initiative Implementation Grant - Preschool Teacher Apprenticeship Program	-	382,581	-	382,581	382,581
California Apprenticeship Initiative Planning Grant - Human Resources Assistant Apprenticeship Program	96,000	-	69,045	26,955	26,955
California College Promise	2,682,670	-	703,880	1,978,790	1,978,790
California Education Learning Lab (CELL)	34,012	-	24,465	9,547	9,547
CalOptima Health Workforce Development Fund	775,219	-	775,219	-	-
CalWORKs	1,297,460	-	356,989	940,471	940,471
Campus Safety and Sexual Assault	5,133	-	1,325	3,808	3,808
CCAP Instructional Materials for Dual Enrollment	50,793	-	50,793	-	-
CDE Center-Based Reserve - CSPP	447,970	-	447,970	-	-
CDSS Center-Based Reserve - CCTR	175,458	-	412,417	-	-
Child Development: California State Preschool Program	4,585,530	279,154	263,508	4,601,176	4,473,365
Child Development: General Child Care & Development	2,677,410	130,657	-	2,808,067	2,812,546
Community College Pathway to Law School	80,000	-	57,204	22,796	22,796
Cooperative Agencies Resources for Education (CARE)	486,942	-	59,555	427,387	427,387
COVID Recovery Block Grant	13,647,505	-	5,805,315	7,842,190	7,842,190
CSAC: Golden State Education and Training Grant Program (GSETGP)	875	-	875	-	-
CSUF/SBDC GO-Biz TAP	189,447	79,956	-	269,403	269,403

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2024

Program	Program Revenues				Program Expenditures
	Cash Received	Accounts Receivable	Unearned Revenue/ Accounts Payable	Total Revenue	
CTE Data Unlocked	\$ 65,580	\$ -	\$ 65,580	\$ -	\$ -
CTE SWP - Local Share	10,154,715	-	5,195,441	4,959,274	4,959,274
CTE SWP - Regional Share	24,807,570	-	13,338,068	11,469,502	11,469,502
Culturally Competent Faculty PD	100,870	-	57,380	43,490	43,490
Dreamer Resource Liaison Support	494,436	-	214,031	280,405	280,405
Econ Dev DSN - Retail Hospitality Boot Camp	48,075	-	48,075	-	-
Emergency Financial Aid (Supplemental)	265,218	-	19,281	245,937	245,937
English Language Learner Healthcare Pathways Grant	1,146,634	-	682,440	464,194	464,194
Equal Employment Opportunities Innovative Best Practices	144,207	-	60,058	84,149	84,149
Equal Employment Opportunity Best Practices	208,333	-	145,290	63,043	63,043
Equitable Placement, Support and Completion	1,128,262	-	966,826	161,436	161,436
EWD/Employer Engagement - Regional Collaboration and Coordination	1,875,913	-	882,506	993,407	993,407
Extended Opportunities Program and Services (EOPS)	3,765,068	-	521,933	3,243,135	3,243,135
Family PACT	5,995	-	-	5,995	4,375
Financial Aid Technology	484,812	-	393,085	91,727	91,727
Guided Pathway	972,952	-	660,273	312,679	312,679
Improving Online CTE Pathways	4,158	-	669	3,489	3,489
Innovation and Effectiveness Grant	547,354	-	299,403	247,951	247,951
K-12 Strong Workforce	25,975,558	-	9,057,968	16,917,590	16,917,590
Learning-Aligned Employment Program (LAEP)	4,197,468	-	4,112,330	85,138	85,138
LGBTQ+ Program	559,429	-	537,789	21,640	21,640
Library Services Platform	26,445	-	16,106	10,339	10,339
Local and Systemwide Technology Data Security Funding	425,000	-	170,160	254,840	254,840
Mental Health Services Support	2,266,779	-	1,656,995	609,784	609,784
MESA CCCP	1,217,627	-	1,018,322	199,305	199,305
Middle Class Scholarship (MCS) for BA Program	16,280	-	3,447	12,833	12,833
NextUp Foster Youth Support Program	692,509	-	286,670	405,839	405,839
Nursing Program Enrollment Growth & Retention Grant	176,253	-	30,583	145,670	145,670
OC Pathways: K-16 Collaborative Grant	479,444	-	332,023	147,421	147,421
Puente Community College Programs	120,273	-	78,291	41,982	41,982
QRIS Block Grant	601,666	-	601,666	-	-
Regional Center of Excellence (COE) Grant	-	45,840	-	45,840	45,840

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2024

Program	Program Revenues				Program Expenditures
	Cash Received	Accounts Receivable	Unearned Revenue/ Accounts Payable	Total Revenue	
Regional Equity and Recovery Partnership (RERP) Grant	\$ 84,164	\$ -	\$ 42,574	\$ 41,590	\$ 41,590
Retention & Enrollment Outreach	2,848,691	-	1,044,911	1,803,780	1,803,780
Return to Title IV	2,522	-	-	2,522	-
Rising Scholars Network – Juvenile Justice Impacted Students Grant	607,954	-	607,954	-	-
Rising Scholars Network Grant	614,145	-	343,536	270,609	270,609
SB140 CCTR - Cost of Care Plus Rate Payment	205,512	-	205,512	-	-
SB140 CSPP - Cost of Care Plus Rate	393,720	-	393,720	-	-
Seamless Transfer of Ethnic Studies	97,390	-	54,040	43,350	43,350
Song Brown Act - Registered Nurse Education	223,508	67,573	-	291,081	291,081
Staff Development - One time	121,290	-	121,290	-	-
Student Equity and Achievement (SEAP)	18,914,023	-	4,264,857	14,649,166	14,649,166
Student Food and Housing Support	2,029,121	-	1,735,675	293,446	293,446
Student Housing Planning Grant	60,256	-	-	60,256	72,770
Student Success Completion Grant (SSCG)	6,040,892	-	339,596	5,701,296	5,701,296
Student Transfer Achievement Reform	1,130,434	-	1,125,695	4,739	4,739
Systemwide Tech & Data Security	379,944	-	350,000	29,944	29,944
Telecommunication Technology Infrastructure (TTIP)	2,342	-	2,342	-	-
The IMPACT Legacy Program	7,630	24,562	-	32,192	32,192
UMOJA Campus Programs	338,907	-	289,789	49,118	49,118
Veteran Resource Center - One-time Fund	31,250	-	8,917	22,333	22,333
Veteran Resource Center Ongoing Funding	526,409	-	261,271	265,138	265,138
Wellness Vending Machine Pilot Program	15,000	-	15,000	-	-
Youth Empowerment Strategies for Success (YESS)	12,558	8,802	-	21,360	21,360
Zero Textbook Cost (ZTC) Program - Acceleration Grant	409,731	-	409,731	-	-
Zero Textbook Cost (ZTC) Program - Implementation Grants	360,000	-	351,493	8,507	8,507
Zero Textbook Cost (ZTC) Program - Planning Grants	32,423	-	19,293	13,130	13,130
Total state programs	\$ 163,935,156	\$ 1,194,474	\$ 68,246,212	\$ 97,120,377	\$ 97,005,417

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Schedule of Workload Measures for State General Apportionment Annual (Actual) Attendance
Year Ended June 30, 2024

CATEGORIES	**Revised Reported Data	Audit Adjustments	Audited Data
A. Summer Intersession (Summer 2023 only)			
1. Noncredit*	1,824.51	-	1,824.51
2. Credit	624.39	-	624.39
B. Summer Intersession (Summer 2024 - Prior to July 1, 2024)			
1. Noncredit*	287.67	-	287.67
2. Credit	631.84	-	631.84
C. Primary Terms (Exclusive of Summer Intersession)			
1. Census Procedure Courses			
(a) Weekly Census Contact Hours	6,020.10	-	6,020.10
(b) Daily Census Contact Hours	561.13	-	561.13
2. Actual Hours of Attendance Procedure Courses			
(a) Noncredit*	3,035.18	-	3,035.18
(b) Credit	3,071.67	-	3,071.67
3. Alternative Accounting Procedures Census			
(a) Weekly Census Procedure Courses	3,999.55	-	3,999.55
(b) Daily Census Procedure Courses	4,853.23	-	4,853.23
(c) Noncredit Independent Study/Distance Education Courses	4,093.57	-	4,093.57
D. Total FTES	<u>29,002.84</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>29,002.84</u>
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION (Subset of Above Information)			
E. In-Service Training Courses (FTES)	1,948.88	-	1,948.88
F. Basic Skills Courses and Immigrant Education			
1. Noncredit*	2,483.45	-	2,483.45
2. Credit	1.01	-	1.01
<u>CCFS-320 Addendum</u>			
CDCP Noncredit FTES	6,970.39	-	6,970.39
Centers FTES			
1. Noncredit*	8,648.92	-	8,648.92

*Including Career Development and College Preparation (CDCP) FTES.

**Annual report revised as of November 1, 2024.

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Reconciliation of *Education Code* Section 84362 (50 % Law) Calculation
Year Ended June 30, 2024

		ECS 84362 A Instructional Salary Cost AC 0100 - 5900 and AC 6110			ECS 84362 B Total CEE AC 0100 - 6799			
		Object/TOP Codes	Reported Data	Audit Adjustments	Revised Data	Reported Data	Audit Adjustments	Revised Data
<u>Academic Salaries</u>								
Instructional Salaries								
Contract or Regular		1100	\$ 34,566,258	\$ -	\$ 34,566,258	\$ 34,566,258	\$ -	\$ 34,566,258
Other		1300	43,324,363	-	43,324,363	43,324,363	-	43,324,363
Total Instructional Salaries			77,890,621	-	77,890,621	77,890,621	-	77,890,621
Noninstructional Salaries								
Contract or Regular		1200	-	-	-	16,934,961	-	16,934,961
Other		1400	-	-	-	3,075,000	-	3,075,000
Total Noninstructional Salaries			-	-	-	20,009,961	-	20,009,961
Total Academic Salaries			77,890,621	-	77,890,621	97,900,582	-	97,900,582
<u>Classified Salaries</u>								
Noninstructional Salaries								
Regular Status		2100	-	-	-	35,248,212	-	35,248,212
Other		2300	-	-	-	2,065,148	-	2,065,148
Total Noninstructional Salaries			-	-	-	37,313,360	-	37,313,360
Instructional Aides								
Regular Status		2200	694,399	-	694,399	694,399	-	694,399
Other		2400	1,356,464	-	1,356,464	1,356,464	-	1,356,464
Total Instructional Aides			2,050,863	-	2,050,863	2,050,863	-	2,050,863
Total Classified Salaries			2,050,863	-	2,050,863	39,364,223	-	39,364,223
Employee Benefits		3000	32,456,381	-	32,456,381	67,446,303	-	67,446,303
Supplies and Material		4000	-	-	-	1,313,824	-	1,313,824
Other Operating Expenses		5000	6,159,215	-	6,159,215	20,424,671	-	20,424,671
Equipment Replacement		6420	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures								
Prior to Exclusions			118,557,080	-	118,557,080	226,449,603	-	226,449,603

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Reconciliation of *Education Code* Section 84362 (50 % Law) Calculation
Year Ended June 30, 2024

		ECS 84362 A Instructional Salary Cost AC 0100 - 5900 and AC 6110			ECS 84362 B Total CEE AC 0100 - 6799			
		Object/TOP Codes	Reported Data	Audit Adjustments	Revised Data	Reported Data	Audit Adjustments	Revised Data
<u>Exclusions</u>								
Activities to Exclude								
Instructional Staff - Retirees' Benefits and Retirement Incentives		5900	\$ 2,729,622	\$ -	\$ 2,729,622	\$ 2,729,622	\$ -	\$ 2,729,622
Student Health Services Above Amount Collected		6441	-	-	-	-	-	-
Student Transportation		6491	-	-	-	6,822	-	6,822
Noninstructional Staff - Retirees' Benefits and Retirement Incentives		6740	-	-	-	4,144,498	-	4,144,498
Objects to Exclude								
Rents and Leases		5060	-	-	-	789,913	-	789,913
Lottery Expenditures								
Academic Salaries		1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Classified Salaries		2000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Employee Benefits		3000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Supplies and Materials		4000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Software		4100	-	-	-	-	-	-
Books, Magazines, and Periodicals		4200	-	-	-	-	-	-
Instructional Supplies and Materials		4300	-	-	-	-	-	-
Noninstructional Supplies and Materials		4400	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Supplies and Materials			-	-	-	-	-	-

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Reconciliation of *Education Code* Section 84362 (50 % Law) Calculation
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Object/TOP Codes	ECS 84362 A Instructional Salary Cost AC 0100 - 5900 and AC 6110			ECS 84362 B Total CEE AC 0100 - 6799		
		Reported Data	Audit Adjustments	Revised Data	Reported Data	Audit Adjustments	Revised Data
Other Operating Expenses and Services	5000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,398,413	\$ -	\$ 6,398,413
Capital Outlay	6000						
Library Books	6300	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment	6400	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment - Additional	6410	-	-	-	359,957	-	359,957
Equipment - Replacement	6420	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Equipment		-	-	-	359,957	-	359,957
Total Capital Outlay							
Other Outgo	7000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Exclusions		2,729,622	-	2,729,622	14,429,225	-	14,429,225
Total for ECS 84362, 50% Law		\$ 115,827,458	\$ -	\$ 115,827,458	\$ 212,020,378	\$ -	\$ 212,020,378
Percent of CEE (Instructional Salary Cost/Total CEE)		54.63%		54.63%	100.00%		100.00%
50% of Current Expense of Education					\$ 106,010,189		\$ 106,010,189

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position
Year Ended June 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because

Total fund balance		
General Funds	\$ 115,983,527	
Special Revenue Funds	16,213,003	
Capital Project Funds	104,005,302	
Debt Service Funds	38,043,617	
Internal Service Funds	(22,192,494)	
Fiduciary Funds	<u>498,701,641</u>	
Total fund balance - all District funds		\$ 750,754,596
Amounts held in trust on behalf of others (OPEB Trust and Custodial Funds)		(498,701,641)
The District's investment in the Orange County Educational Investment Pool is reported at fair market value in the Statement of Net Position.		(1,979,050)
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
The cost of capital assets is	825,218,889	
Accumulated depreciation and amortization is	<u>(287,787,601)</u>	
Total capital assets, net		537,431,288
Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position in a future period and is not reported in the District's funds.		
Deferred outflows of resources at year-end consist of:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to debt refunding	9,947,336	
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	13,825,159	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	<u>72,164,780</u>	
Total deferred outflows of resources		95,937,275
Lease receivables are reported in the Statement of Net Position, but were not reported in the District's CCFS-311 report.		32,105
In governmental funds, payments made for future subscription IT asset usage are recorded as prepaid expenditures. On the government-wide statements, both an asset and liability are recognized at the inception of the arrangement.		(413,990)
In governmental funds, unmatured interest on long-term liabilities is recognized in the period when it is due. On the government-wide statements, unmatured interest on long-term liabilities is recognized when it is incurred.		(2,696,705)

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position
Year Ended June 30, 2024

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.

Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:

General obligation bonds	\$ (319,928,120)	
Leases	(2,499,565)	
Subscription-based IT arrangements	(3,578,194)	
Compensated absences	(7,996,718)	
Less amount reported as a liability in the funds	847,225	
Financed purchases	(38,387)	
Early retirement incentive	(2,369,952)	
Aggregate net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability	(32,991,513)	
Less amount reported as a liability in the funds	81,367,855	
Aggregate net pension liability	(213,480,664)	
In addition, the District has issued 'capital appreciation' general obligation bonds. The accretion of interest unmatured on the general obligation bonds to date is	<u>(59,767,027)</u>	
Total long-term liabilities		\$ (560,435,060)

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position in a future period and is not reported in the District's funds.

Deferred inflows of resources amount to and related to:

Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(46,542,041)	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(15,955,519)	
Deferred inflows of resources related to leases	<u>(30,170)</u>	
Total deferred inflows of resources		<u>(62,527,730)</u>
Total net position		<u><u>\$ 257,401,088</u></u>

Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

District Organization

This schedule provides information about the District's governing board members, administration members, and auxiliary organizations in good standing as of June 30, 2024.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting, except for subrecipient expenditures, which are recorded on the cash basis. When applicable, such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Indirect Cost Rate

The District has not elected to use the 10% de minimis cost rate.

Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards includes the State grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented to comply with reporting requirements of the California State Chancellor's Office.

Schedule of Workload Measures for State General Apportionment Annual (Actual) Attendance

FTES is a measurement of the number of students attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of State funds to community college districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students based on various methods of accumulating attendance data.

Reconciliation of Education Code Section 84362 (50% Law) Calculation

ECS 84362 requires the District to expend a minimum of 50% of the unrestricted General Fund monies on salaries of classroom instructors. This is reported annually to the State Chancellor's Office. This schedule provides a reconciliation of the amount reported to the State Chancellor's Office and the impact of any audit adjustments and/or corrections noted during the audit.

Rancho Santiago Community College District

Note to Supplementary Information

June 30, 2024

Proposition 30 Education Protection Account (EPA) Expenditure Report

This schedule provides information about the District's EPA proceeds and summarizes the expenditures of EPA proceeds.

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

This schedule provides a reconciliation of the adjustments necessary to bring the District's internal fund financial statements, prepared on a modified accrual basis, to the government-wide full accrual basis financial statements required under GASB Statements No. 34 and No. 35 business-type activities reporting model.

Independent Auditor's Reports
June 30, 2024

**Rancho Santiago Community College
District**

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Trustees
Rancho Santiago Community College District
Santa Ana, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the business-type activities and fiduciary activities of Rancho Santiago Community College District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon [REPORT DATE].

Correction of Error

As discussed in Note 14 to the financial statements, an error resulting in an understatement of amounts previously reported for cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2023, were discovered during the current year. Accordingly, a restatement has been made to the business-type activities net position as of July 1, 2023, to correct the error. Our opinions are not modified with respect to that matter.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2024-001 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The District's Response to the Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

[REPORT DATE]

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Board of Trustees
Rancho Santiago Community College District
Santa Ana, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Rancho Santiago Community College District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Rancho Santiago Community College District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

[REPORT DATE]

Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance

To the Board of Trustees
Rancho Santiago Community College District
Santa Ana, California

Report on State Compliance

Opinion on State Compliance

We have audited Rancho Santiago Community College District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2023-2024 California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Contracted District Audit Manual* applicable to the state laws and regulations identified below for the year ended June 30, 2024.

In our opinion, Rancho Santiago Community College District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the state laws and regulations identified below that were audited for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the 2023-2024 California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Contracted District Audit Manual*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's compliance with the requirements identified below.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements listed in the table below has occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the 2023-2024 California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Contracted District Audit Manual* will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements listed in the table below.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the 2023-2024 California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Contracted District Audit Manual*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any material noncompliance that we identify during the audit.

Compliance Requirements Tested

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with state laws and regulations applicable to the following:

Section 411	SCFF Data Management Control Environment
Section 412	SCFF Supplemental Allocation Metrics
Section 413	SCFF Success Allocation Metrics
Section 421	Salaries of Classroom Instructors (50 Percent Law)
Section 423	Apportionment for Activities Funded From Other Sources
Section 424	Student Centered Funding Formula Base Allocation: FTES
Section 425	Residency Determination for Credit Courses
Section 426	Students Actively Enrolled
Section 427	Dual Enrollment (CCAP)
Section 430	Scheduled Maintenance Program
Section 431	Gann Limit Calculation
Section 444	Apprenticeship Related and Supplemental Instruction (RSI) Funds
Section 475	Disabled Student Programs and Services (DSPS)
Section 490	Propositions 1D and 51 State Bond Funded Projects
Section 491	Education Protection Account Funds
Section 492	Student Representation Fee
Section 494	State Fiscal Recovery Fund
Section 499	COVID-19 Response Block Grant Expenditures

The District submitted their final COVID-19 Response Block Grant Expenditure report in the 2022-2023 fiscal year; therefore, the compliance tests within this section were not applicable.

The purpose of this report on state compliance is solely to describe the results of our testing based on the requirements of the 2023-2024 California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Contracted District Audit Manual*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

[REPORT DATE]

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
June 30, 2024

**Rancho Santiago Community College
District**

Rancho Santiago Community College District

Summary of Auditor's Results

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weaknesses identified	Yes
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:	
Material weaknesses identified	No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a):	No

Identification of major programs

<u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u>	<u>Federal Financial Assistance Listing Number</u>
Student Financial Assistance Cluster	84.007, 84.033, 84.063, 84.268
Head Start Cluster	93.600
Adult Education: Adult Secondary Education; Adult Education: Adult Basic Education & ELA; Adult Education: English Literacy & Civics Education; Adult Education: Institutionalized Adults	84.002, 84.002A
Career and Technical Education Act (CTEA), Title I, Part C; Regional Collaboration and Coordination	84.048A
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$1,260,623
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes

State Compliance

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for State programs:	Unmodified
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Rancho Santiago Community College District
Financial Statement Findings and Recommendations
Year Ended June 30, 2024

The following finding represents a material weakness in internal control reporting that is required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

2024-001 Financial Reporting and Closing Process

Criteria or Specific Requirements

California Community Colleges are required to present their financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Condition

Material Weakness -District management determined a correction to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 financial statements to disclose the Risk Management Deposit Fund held by the District's risk management JPA. As a result a restatement has been made to the business-type activities net position as of July 1, 2023, to correct the error. See Note 14 for additional information on the restatement.

Context

The prior year balance associated with the above mentioned account required a restatement in order for the District's financial statements to be in accordance with GAAP.

Cause

The oversight and monitoring controls over the closing process were not effective in preventing or detecting errors.

Effect

A restatement to beginning net position as noted in Note 14 to the financial statements was recorded as of July 1, 2023 to ensure the financial statements were presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Repeat Finding: (Yes or No)

No.

Recommendation

We recommend that the District implement more comprehensive review process and controls to ensure that all account balances are properly included on the District's general ledger and accounting records.

Corrective Action Plan and Views of Responsible Officials

As of June 2024, the District has moved funds on deposit with ASCIP in its Risk Management Deposit Fund to the District's institutional reserves. Any future rebates will also be deposited directly to the District's institutional reserves. Therefore, the District will remain in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs
Year Ended June 30, 2024

None reported.

Rancho Santiago Community College District
State Compliance Findings and Questioned Costs
Year Ended June 30, 2024

None reported.

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings
Year Ended June 30, 2024

Except as specified in previous sections of this report, summarized below is the current status of all audit findings report in the prior year's Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Federal Award Findings

None reported.

State Compliance Findings

2023-001 Section 413 – SCFF Success Allocation Metrics

Criteria or Specific Requirements

The SCFF calculates general apportionments using three calculations: (1) a base allocation, which largely reflects full-time equivalent enrollment at the district, (2) a supplemental allocation, which allocates funds based on the numbers of students who received a California College Promise Grant, students who received a Pell grant, and AB 540 students; and (3) a student success allocation, which allocates funds on the basis of outcomes related to student success.

California *Education Code* Section 84750.4(f)(1)E: Each community college district shall be granted one point for each student who successfully completes nine or more career technical education units, based on the three-year rolling average for this metric calculated pursuant to clause (ii) of subparagraph (A).

Condition

Significant Deficiency in Internal Control Over Compliance and Material Noncompliance-

We tested the 2021-2022 headcount of students completing "Nine or More Units" and noted that 4 of 25 students tested did not complete at least nine CTE units during the year. This yielded a sample error rate of 16.0% for All Students completing Nine or More CTE units.

We also noted that of the 4 students that did not complete at least nine CTE units, 2 were also reported as Promise Grant Recipients. Since the sample of 25 students included 13 Promise Grant Recipients, this yielded a sample error rate of 15.4% for Promise Grant Recipients completing Nine or More CTE units.

Questioned Costs

The California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office will make the final determination regarding questioned costs.

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings
Year Ended June 30, 2024

Context

The District earns student success allocation revenues based on a number of metrics including All Students completing Nine or More CTE Units. Additional student success allocation revenues are earned if students completing Nine or More CTE Units are also Pell Grant Recipients and or Promise Grant Recipients. The 2022-2023 P1 Exhibit C from the California Community College Chancellor's Office shows the District earned the following student success allocation revenues for students completing Nine or More CTE Units:

- \$3,009,329 based on the three-year average headcount of All Students completing Nine or More CTE Units;
- \$357,342 based on the three-year average headcount of Pell Grant Recipients completing Nine or More CTE Units; and
- \$446,266 based on the three-year average headcount of Promise Grant Recipients completing Nine or More CTE Units.

The table below shows the headcounts for each fiscal year, the three-year average headcount, the rate assigned to each metric, and the revenues earned according to the 2022-2023 P1 Exhibit C.

Metric	Points	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	Three-Year Average (a)	Rate (b)	Revenue (a x b)
Nine or More CTE Units, All Students	1	4,104	4,762	4,510	4,458.67	\$674.94	\$3,009,329
Nine or More CTE Units, Pell Grant Recipients	1.5	1,310	1,395	1,493	1,399.33	\$255.37	\$357,342
Nine or More CTE Units, Promise Grant Recipients	1	2,554	2,647	2,663	2,621.33	\$170.24	\$446,266
						TOTAL:	\$3,812,937

Effect

Based on extrapolating the sample error rate of 16.0% to the 2021-2022 headcount for All Students completing Nine or More CTE units, revenues earned for this metric in Fiscal Year 2022-2023 are estimated at \$2,846,896. The difference between revenues reflected for this metric in the 2022-2023 P1 Exhibit C (\$3,009,329) and revenues for this metric estimated by the auditor (\$2,846,896) yielded questioned costs of \$162,433.

Rancho Santiago Community College District
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings
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Based on extrapolating the sample error rate of 15.4% to the 2021-2022 headcount for Promise Grant Recipients completing Nine or More CTE units, revenues earned for this metric in Fiscal Year 2022-2023 are estimated at \$422,990. The difference between revenues reflected for this metric in the 2022-2023 P1 Exhibit C (\$446,266) and revenues for this metric estimated by the auditor (\$422,990) yielded questioned costs of \$23,276.

The table below shows revenues generated based on extrapolation of the sample error rates.

Metric	Points	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	Three-Year Average (a)	Rate (b)	Revenue (a x b)
Nine or More CTE Units, All Students	1	4,104	4,762	3,788* Revised	4,218 Revised	\$674.94	\$2,846,896 Revised
Nine or More CTE Units, Pell Grant Recipients	1.5	1,310	1,395	1,493	1,399.33	\$255.37	\$357,342
Nine or More CTE Units, Promise Grant Recipients	1	2,554	2,647	2,253** Revised	2,484.67 Revised	\$170.24	\$422,990 Revised
						TOTAL:	\$3,627,228

*Adjusted based on auditor's sample error rate of 16.0%.

**Adjusted based on auditor's sample error rate of 15.4%.

See tables below for headcounts by Student Success Allocation metric.

SCFF Success Allocation Metric for All Students	2021-2022 Reported Headcount	Audit Adjustment (Extrapolated from sample error rate)	Audited Headcount
Associate Degree for Transfer	1,146	-	1,146
Associate Degree	1,329	-	1,329
Baccalaureate Degrees	7	-	7
Credit Certificates	450	-	450
Transfer Level Math and English	887	-	887
Nine or More CTE Units	4,510	(722)	3,788

Rancho Santiago Community College District

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

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SCFF Success Allocation Metric for Pell Grant Recipients	2021-2022 Reported Headcount	Audit Adjustment (Extrapolated from sample error rate)	Audited Headcount
Associate Degree for Transfer	542	-	542
Associate Degree	574	-	574
Baccalaureate Degrees	5	-	5
Credit Certificates	165	-	165
Transfer Level Math and English	329	-	329
Nine or More CTE Units	1,493		1,493

SCFF Success Allocation Metric for Promise Grant Recipients	2021-2022 Reported Headcount	Audit Adjustment (Extrapolated from sample error rate)	Audited Headcount
Associate Degree for Transfer	852	-	852
Associate Degree	969	-	969
Baccalaureate Degrees	7	-	7
Credit Certificates	288	-	288
Transfer Level Math and English	501	-	501
Nine or More CTE Units	2,663	(410)	2,253

Cause

The District's internal controls and system processes were not effective to identify data issues that could lead to the incorrect reporting of students who have completed nine or more CTE units during the reporting year.

Repeat Finding (Yes or No)

No.

Recommendation

The District should establish procedures and system processes to ensure that headcounts related to the "Nine or More CTE Units" are being reported in accordance with requirements set forth by the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office.

Current Status

Implemented.